

mortician or funeral director removing a body from place of death.

- 6 **Removal procedure.** Amends § 149A.90, subd. 6. Modifies removal procedures by specifying methods by which a person with the right to control a dead human body, or that person's designee, may remove a body from place of death.
- 7 **Conveyances permitted for removal.** Amends § 149A.90, subd. 7. Modifies the standards required for transporting a dead body. Removes the requirement that the conveyance be designed such that the driver and the dead human body are in the same cab.
- 8 **Preparation procedures; access to preparation room.** Amends § 149A.91, subd. 2. Permits family and friends of the deceased to be present in the preparation room while the body is being prepared for final disposition, if the funeral establishment allows it.
- 9 **Embalming or refrigeration required.** Amends § 149A.91, subd. 3. Adds that a body may be refrigerated or packed with dry ice, instead of being embalmed, in certain circumstances. Current law requires a body be embalmed under circumstances specified in this section. Modifies the definition of "publicly viewed."
- 10 **Conveyances permitted for transportation.** Amends § 149A.93, subd. 6. Removes language related to embalming bodies transported via public transportation and permits transportation in a private vehicle or aircraft without embalming. Modifies the standards for transporting a dead human body.
- 11 **Transportation procedures.** Amends § 149A.93, subd. 7. Modifies the standards for transporting a dead human body. Current law requires embalming for transportation via public transportation.
- 12 **Generally.** Amends § 149A.94, subd. 1. Modifies requirements for treatment of dead human bodies. Permits use of dry ice (in addition to refrigeration and embalming per current statute) for bodies where final disposition will not be accomplished within 72 hours of death. Provides that dry ice (in addition to refrigeration) may not be used for a period exceeding 6 calendar days.