1.1 offered the following resolution and moved its adoption:

BE IT RESOLVED by the House of Representatives of the State of Minnesota that the Temporary Rules of the House for this session, the 92nd Regular Session, are the same as the Temporary Rules of the House for the last session, the 91st Regular Session, as they existed on May 17, 2020, with the following exceptions:

Rule 4.03 shall read:

"4.03 WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE; BUDGET RESOLUTION; EFFECT ON EXPENDITURE AND REVENUE BILLS. (a) The Committee on Ways and Means must hold hearings as necessary to determine state expenditures and revenues for the fiscal biennium. (b) Within 25 days after the last state general fund revenue and expenditure forecast for the next fiscal biennium becomes available during the regular session in the odd-numbered year, the Committee on Ways and Means must adopt a budget resolution. The budget resolution: (1) must set the maximum limit on net expenditures for the next fiscal biennium for the general fund, (2) must set an amount or amounts to be set aside as a budget reserve and a cash flow account, (3) must set net spending limits for each budget category represented by the major finance and revenue bills identified in paragraph (e), and (4) may set limits for expenditures from funds other than the general fund. The budget resolution must not specify, limit, or prescribe revenues or expenditures by any category other than those specified in clauses (1), (2), (3), and (4). After the Committee adopts the budget resolution, the limits in the resolution are effective during the regular session in the year in which the resolution is adopted, unless a different or amended resolution is adopted. (c) During the regular session in the even-numbered year, before the Committee on Ways and Means reports a bill containing net increases or decreases in expenditures as compared to general fund expenditures in the current fiscal biennium estimated by the most recent state budget forecast, the Committee may adopt a budget resolution. If adopted, the resolution must account for the net changes in expenditures. The resolution may also (1) set limits for changes in net expenditures
for each budget category represented by the major finance and revenue bills identified in paragraph (e), and (2) set limits for expenditures from funds other than the general fund.

If the Committee adopts a budget resolution, it is effective during the regular session that year, unless a different or amended resolution is adopted.

(d) The major finance or revenue bills may be combined or separated by a majority vote of either the Committee on Ways and Means or the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration. Combined or separated bills must conform to the limits in the resolution as those limits apply to the accounts in those bills.

(e) Major finance and revenue bills are:

- the agriculture and food finance bill;
- the capital investment finance bill;
- the education finance bill;
- the energy and climate finance bill;
- the environment and natural resources bill;
- the greater Minnesota jobs and economic development finance bill;
- the health and human services finance bill;
- the higher education finance bill;
- the housing finance bill;
- the jobs and economic development finance bill;
- the judiciary finance bill;
- the legacy finance bill;
- the public safety and criminal justice reform finance bill;
- the state government finance bill;
- the tax bill;
- the transportation finance bill; and
- the veterans and military affairs finance bill.

(c) Major finance and revenue bills are:

- the agriculture finance bill;
- the capital investment finance bill;
- the commerce finance bill;
the education finance bill;
the early education finance bill;
the environment and natural resources bill;
the climate and energy finance bill;
the labor, industry, veterans and military affairs finance bill;
the health finance bill;
the human services finance bill;
the higher education finance bill;
the housing finance bill;
the jobs and economic development finance bill;
the judiciary finance bill;
the legacy finance bill;
the public safety and criminal justice reform finance bill;
the state government finance bill;
the tax bill;
the transportation finance bill;
the workforce and business development finance bill; and
the industrial education and economic development finance bill.

(f) After the adoption of a resolution by the Committee on Ways and Means, each finance committee, and the Committee on Taxes must reconcile each bill described in Rule 4.10 with the resolution. When reporting a finance or revenue bill, each committee or division must provide to the Committee on Ways and Means a fiscal statement reconciling the bill with the resolution.

(g) After the adoption of a resolution by the Committee on Ways and Means, the Committee on Ways and Means must reconcile finance and revenue bills with the resolution. When reporting a bill, the chair of the Committee must certify to the House that the Committee has reconciled the bill with the resolution.

(h) After the adoption of a resolution by the Committee on Ways and Means, an amendment to a bill is out of order if it would cause any of the limits specified in the resolution to be exceeded. Whether an amendment is out of order under this Rule is a question to be decided on the Floor by the Speaker or other presiding officer and in Committee or Division by the person chairing the Committee or Division meeting. In making the determination, the Speaker or other presiding officer or the Committee or Division chair may consider: (1) the limits in a resolution; (2) the effect of
existing laws on revenues and expenditures; (3) the effect of amendments previously adopted to
the bill under consideration; (4) the effect of bills previously recommended by a Committee or
Division or bills previously passed in the legislative session by the House or by the legislature; (5)
whether expenditure increases or revenue decreases that would result from the amendment are
offset by decreases in other expenditures or increases in other revenue specified by the amendment;
and (6) other information reasonably related to expenditure and revenue amounts.

(i) After a resolution is adopted by the Committee on Ways and Means, the Committee must
make available a summary of the estimated fiscal effect on the general fund of each bill that has
been referred to the Committee on Ways and Means by a finance committee or a division of a
finance committee, or the Committee on Taxes and of each bill that has been reported by the
Committee on Ways and Means."

Rule 4.13 shall read:

"4.13. BILLS AFFECTING STATE GOVERNMENT POWERS AND STRUCTURE. The
Committee on Government Operations and Elections Policy has jurisdiction over a House or Senate
bill that:

(a) establishes or reestablishes a department, agency, commission, board, task force, advisory
committee or council, or bureau, or other like entity;

(b) delegates rulemaking authority to, or exempts from rulemaking, a department or agency
of state government; or

(c) substantially changes the organization of a department or agency of state government or
substantially changes, vests or divests the official rights, powers, or duties of an official, department
or agency of state government or an institution under its control.

Except as otherwise provided in this Rule and Rule 1.15, a bill that is within the jurisdiction
of the Committee on Government Operations and Elections Policy must be referred to that Committee
before it receives its second reading. A committee or division (other than the Committee on
Government Operations and Elections Policy) reporting such a bill must recommend its re-referral
to the Committee on Government Operations and Elections Policy if reporting before the deadline
for action on the bill by that Committee; if reporting after the deadline, the committee or division
must recommend re-referral to the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration.

The re-referral requirements of this Rule do not apply to a bill if the Committee on Government
Operations and Elections Policy already has approved the bill or the substance of the matter that
otherwise would require re-referral under this Rule. The Chair of the Committee on Government
Operations and Elections Policy shall advise the Speaker on the application of this Rule and may
determine whether or not a bill must be referred to the Committee under this Rule."

Rule 4.16 shall read:
"4.16 BILLS AFFECTING GOVERNMENT DATA PRACTICES. The Committee on Civil Law and Data Practices has jurisdiction over a House or Senate bill that substantially affects either Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 13, or other government data practices statutes. Except as otherwise provided in this Rule and Rule 1.15, a bill that is within the jurisdiction of the Committee on Civil Law and Data Practices must be referred to that committee before it receives its second reading. A committee or division reporting such a bill must recommend its re-referral to the Committee on Civil Law and Data Practices if reporting before the deadline for action on the bill by that committee; if reporting after the deadline, the committee or division must recommend re-referral to the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration. The re-referral requirement of this Rule does not apply to a bill if the Committee on Civil Law and Data Practices already has approved the bill or the substance of the matter that otherwise would require re-referral under this Rule. The Chair of the Committee on Civil Law and Data Practices shall advise the Speaker on the application of this Rule and may determine whether or not a bill must be referred to the Committee under this Rule."

Rule 4.18 shall read:

"4.18 REFERRALS. Referral of a bill or a resolution to a subcommittee or division of a Committee is optional, and is determined by the Chair of the Committee."

Rule 6.01 shall read:

"6.01 COMMITTEES AND DIVISIONS. Standing committees and divisions of the House must be appointed by the Speaker as follows:

- Commerce
- Education Policy
- Environment and Natural Resources Policy
- Ethics
- Government Operations
  - Subcommittee on Elections
  - Subcommittee on Local Government
- Health and Human Services Policy
- Labor
- Rules and Legislative Administration
  - Subcommittee on Legislative Process Reform
- Taxes
- Property and Local Tax Division
6.1 Ways and Means

6.2 Agriculture and Food Finance and Policy Division

6.3 Capital Investment Division

6.4 Education Finance Division

6.5 Early Childhood Finance and Policy Division

6.6 Environment and Natural Resources Finance Division

6.7 Water Division

6.8 Energy and Climate Finance and Policy Division

6.9 Greater Minnesota Jobs and Economic Development Finance Division

6.10 Health and Human Services Finance Division

6.11 Long-Term Care Division

6.12 Early Childhood Finance and Policy Division

6.13 Higher Education Finance and Policy Division

6.14 Housing Finance and Policy Division

6.15 Jobs and Economic Development Finance Division

6.16 Judiciary Finance and Civil Law Division

6.17 Legacy Finance Division

6.18 Public Safety and Criminal Justice Reform Finance and Policy Division

6.19 Corrections Division

6.20 State Government Finance Division

6.21 Transportation Finance and Policy Division

6.22 Veterans and Military Affairs Finance and Policy Division

6.23 Agriculture Finance and Policy

6.24 Capital Investment

6.25 Commerce Finance and Policy

6.26 Education Finance

6.27 Early Childhood Finance and Policy

6.28 Education Policy

6.29 Environment and Natural Resources Finance and Policy
7.1 Ethics

7.2 Climate and Energy Finance and Policy

7.3 State Government Finance and Policy

7.4 Local Government Division

7.5 Health Finance and Policy

7.6 Preventative Health Policy Division

7.7 Human Services Finance and Policy

7.8 Behavioral Health Policy Division

7.9 Higher Education Finance and Policy

7.10 Housing Finance and Policy

7.11 Preventing Homelessness Division

7.12 Labor, Industry, Veterans and Military Affairs Finance and Policy

7.13 Workforce and Business Development Finance and Policy

7.14 Industrial Education and Economic Development Finance and Policy

7.15 Judiciary Finance and Civil Law

7.16 Legacy Finance

7.17 Public Safety and Criminal Justice Reform Finance & Policy

7.18 Rules and Legislative Administration

7.19 Subcommittee on Legislative Process Reform

7.20 Taxes

7.21 Property Tax Division

7.22 Transportation Finance and Policy

7.23 Ways and Means

7.24 Redistricting"

7.25 Rule 10.01 shall read:

"10.01 EMERGENCY HOUSE OPERATIONS. (a) During the peacetime emergency declared by the Governor on March 13, 2020, in Executive Order 20-01, or during any other peacetime emergency related to infectious disease COVID-19 declared by the Governor pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 12.31 prior to January 31, 2021, The Minnesota House of Representatives may allow floor and committee procedures related to member debate and voting to occur by means of
distance voting, remote electronic voting, or voting by other means designed to allow legislative
operations while preserving the safety of the public, staff, and members.

(b) Use of distance voting, remote electronic voting, or voting by other means under paragraph
(a) may only occur at the direction of the Speaker of the House after consultation with the minority
leader and majority leader, must be used only to protect the health and safety of the public, staff,
and members, and must cease once doing so is no longer necessary to protect the health and safety
of the public, staff, and members.

(c) Committee meetings held by alternate means must provide the public with an opportunity
to provide testimony.

(d) Rule 10.01 sunsets the day following the last day of the 92nd Regular Session."

CHIEF CLERK INSTRUCTION. The Chief Clerk is instructed to make technical or
conforming changes to the House Rules, as necessary.