A bill for an act
relating to human services; modifying child care provisions related to homeless families; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 119B.011, by adding a subdivision; 119B.03, subdivision 9; Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, sections 119B.011, subdivision 20; 119B.025, subdivision 1; 119B.095, by adding a subdivision; 119B.13, subdivision 1.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 119B.011, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:


EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 12, 2019.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 119B.011, subdivision 20, is amended to read:

Subd. 20. Transition year families. "Transition year families" means families who have received MFIP assistance, or who were eligible to receive MFIP assistance after choosing to discontinue receipt of the cash portion of MFIP assistance under section 256J.31, subdivision 12, or families who have received DWP assistance under section 256J.95 for at least three one of the last six months before losing eligibility for MFIP or DWP. Notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, parts 3400.0040, subpart 10, and 3400.0090, subpart 2, transition year child care may be used to support employment, approved education or training programs, or job search that meets the requirements of section 119B.10. Transition year
child care is not available to families who have been disqualified from MFIP or DWP due to fraud.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective October 8, 2018.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 119B.025, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Applications.** (a) The county shall verify the following at all initial child care applications using the universal application:

(1) identity of adults;
(2) presence of the minor child in the home, if questionable;
(3) relationship of minor child to the parent, stepparent, legal guardian, eligible relative caretaker, or the spouses of any of the foregoing;
(4) age;
(5) immigration status, if related to eligibility;
(6) Social Security number, if given;
(7) counted income;
(8) spousal support and child support payments made to persons outside the household;
(9) residence; and
(10) inconsistent information, if related to eligibility.

(b) The county must mail a notice of approval or denial of assistance to the applicant within 30 calendar days after receiving the application. The county may extend the response time by 15 calendar days if the applicant is informed of the extension.

(c) The county must process applications of families who meet the definition of homeless under section 119B.011, subdivision 13b, according to clauses (1) to (6):

(1) if additional information is needed to determine eligibility under sections 119B.011 and 119B.09, a request for information must be sent to the applicant within five working days after receiving the application;
(2) if the applicant is eligible, a notice of approval of assistance must be sent within five working days after receiving the application;
(3) if the applicant is ineligible, a notice of denial of assistance must be sent within 30 days after receiving the application. The county may extend the response time by 15 calendar days if the applicant is informed of the extension;

(4) verifications required under paragraph (a) are not due prior to issuing the notice of approval or denial;

(5) proof of eligibility under this chapter must be submitted within three months of the date the application was received. If proof of eligibility is not submitted within three months, eligibility is terminated. A 15-day adverse action notice is required to terminate eligibility;

and

(6) the county must follow limits set by the commissioner for how frequently expedited application processing can be used for an applicant who declares they are homeless.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 12, 2019.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 119B.03, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. Portability pool. (a) The commissioner shall establish a pool of up to five percent of the annual appropriation for the basic sliding fee program to provide continuous child care assistance for eligible families who move between Minnesota counties. At the end of each allocation period, any unspent funds in the portability pool must be used for assistance under the basic sliding fee program. If expenditures from the portability pool exceed the amount of money available, the reallocation pool must be reduced to cover these shortages.

(b) To be eligible for portable basic sliding fee assistance, a family that has moved from a county in which it was receiving basic sliding fee assistance to a county with a waiting list for the basic sliding fee program must:

(1) meet the income and eligibility guidelines for the basic sliding fee program; and

(2) notify the new county of residence within 60 days of moving and submit information to the new county of residence to verify eligibility for the basic sliding fee program the family's previous county of residence of the family's move to a new county of residence.

(c) The receiving county must:

(1) accept administrative responsibility for applicants for portable basic sliding fee assistance at the end of the two months of assistance under the Unitary Residency Act;
(2) continue portability pool basic sliding fee assistance for the lesser of six months or until the family is able to receive assistance under the county's regular basic sliding program; and

(3) notify the commissioner through the quarterly reporting process of any family that meets the criteria of the portable basic sliding fee assistance pool.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective October 8, 2018.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 119B.095, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. **Assistance for persons who are experiencing homelessness.** An applicant who is homeless and eligible for child care assistance under this chapter is eligible for 60 hours of child care assistance per service period for three months from the date the county receives the application. Additional hours may be authorized as needed based on the applicant's participation in employment, education, or MFIP or DWP employment plan. To continue receiving child care assistance after the initial three months, the parent must verify that the parent meets eligibility and activity requirements for child care assistance under this chapter.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 12, 2019.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 119B.13, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Subsidy restrictions.** (a) Beginning February 3, 2014, The maximum rate paid for child care assistance in any county or county price cluster under the child care fund shall be the greater of the 25th percentile of the most recent child care provider rate survey under section 119B.02, subdivision 7, or the maximum rate effective November 28, 2014, rates in effect at the time of the update. The first maximum rate update must be based on the 2018 rate survey and take effect February 22, 2019. The second maximum rate update must be based on the 2020 rate survey and take effect February 23, 2021. Thereafter, maximum rate updates take effect February 22 in the year following the most recent rate survey. For a child care provider located within the boundaries of a city located in two or more of the counties of Benton, Sherburne, and Stearns, the maximum rate paid for child care assistance shall be equal to the maximum rate paid in the county with the highest maximum reimbursement rates or the provider's charge, whichever is less. The commissioner may: (1) assign a county with no reported provider prices to a similar price cluster; and (2) consider county level access when determining final price clusters.
(b) A rate which includes a special needs rate paid under subdivision 3 may be in excess of the maximum rate allowed under this subdivision.

(c) The department shall monitor the effect of this paragraph on provider rates. The county shall pay the provider's full charges for every child in care up to the maximum established. The commissioner shall determine the maximum rate for each type of care on an hourly, full-day, and weekly basis, including special needs and disability care.

(d) If a child uses one provider, the maximum payment for one day of care must not exceed the daily rate. The maximum payment for one week of care must not exceed the weekly rate.

(e) If a child uses two providers under section 119B.097, the maximum payment must not exceed:

1. the daily rate for one day of care;
2. the weekly rate for one week of care by the child's primary provider; and
3. two daily rates during two weeks of care by a child's secondary provider.

(f) Child care providers receiving reimbursement under this chapter must not be paid activity fees or an additional amount above the maximum rates for care provided during nonstandard hours for families receiving assistance.

(g) If the provider charge is greater than the maximum provider rate allowed, the parent is responsible for payment of the difference in the rates in addition to any family co-payment fee.

(h) All maximum provider rates changes shall be implemented on the Monday following the effective date of the maximum provider rate.

(i) Notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, part 3400.0130, subpart 7, maximum registration fees in effect on January 1, 2013, shall remain in effect.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective February 22, 2019.