

1.13

ARTICLE 1

1.14

OPIOID PRODUCT STEWARDSHIP

1.15 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16A.151, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

1.16 Subd. 2. **Exceptions.** (a) If a state official litigates or settles a matter on behalf of specific
1.17 injured persons or entities, this section does not prohibit distribution of money to the specific
1.18 injured persons or entities on whose behalf the litigation or settlement efforts were initiated.
1.19 If money recovered on behalf of injured persons or entities cannot reasonably be distributed
1.20 to those persons or entities because they cannot readily be located or identified or because
1.21 the cost of distributing the money would outweigh the benefit to the persons or entities, the
1.22 money must be paid into the general fund.

1.23 (b) Money recovered on behalf of a fund in the state treasury other than the general fund
1.24 may be deposited in that fund.

2.1 (c) This section does not prohibit a state official from distributing money to a person or
2.2 entity other than the state in litigation or potential litigation in which the state is a defendant
2.3 or potential defendant.

2.4 (d) State agencies may accept funds as directed by a federal court for any restitution or
2.5 monetary penalty under United States Code, title 18, section 3663(a)(3) or United States
2.6 Code, title 18, section 3663A(a)(3). Funds received must be deposited in a special revenue
2.7 account and are appropriated to the commissioner of the agency for the purpose as directed
2.8 by the federal court.

2.9 (e) Tobacco settlement revenues as defined in section 16A.98, subdivision 1, paragraph
2.10 (t), may be deposited as provided in section 16A.98, subdivision 12.

2.11 (f) Any money received by the state from a settlement agreement or court order from
2.12 litigation brought by the attorney general of the state on behalf of the state or a state agency,
2.13 against one or more opioid manufacturers related to violations of consumer fraud laws in
2.14 the marketing and sale of opioids in this state or other illegal actions that contributed to the
2.15 excessive use of opioids, must be deposited in the opioid stewardship fund established under
2.16 section 16A.7245. This paragraph does not apply to attorney fees and costs awarded to the
2.17 Attorney General's office, to contract attorneys hired by the Attorney General's office, or
2.18 to other state agency attorneys.

1.12

ARTICLE 1

1.13

OPIATE EPIDEMIC RESPONSE

1.14 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.065, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

1.15 Subdivision 1. **Application fees.** Application fees for licensure and registration are as
1.16 follows:

1.17 (1) pharmacist licensed by examination, \$145;

1.18 (2) pharmacist licensed by reciprocity, \$240;

- 1.19 (3) pharmacy intern, \$37.50;
- 1.20 (4) pharmacy technician, \$37.50;
- 1.21 (5) pharmacy, \$225;
- 1.22 (6) drug wholesaler, legend drugs only, ~~\$235~~ \$5,000;
- 1.23 (7) drug wholesaler, legend and nonlegend drugs, ~~\$235~~ \$5,000;
- 2.1 (8) drug wholesaler, nonlegend drugs, veterinary legend drugs, or both, ~~\$210~~ \$5,000;
- 2.2 (9) drug wholesaler, medical gases, ~~\$175~~ \$5,000;
- 2.3 (10) drug wholesaler, also licensed as a pharmacy in Minnesota, ~~\$150~~ \$5,000;
- 2.4 (11) drug manufacturer, nonopiate legend drugs only, ~~\$235~~ \$5,000;
- 2.5 (12) drug manufacturer, nonopiate legend and nonlegend drugs, ~~\$235~~ \$5,000;
- 2.6 (13) drug manufacturer, nonlegend or veterinary legend drugs, ~~\$210~~ \$5,000;
- 2.7 (14) drug manufacturer, medical gases, ~~\$185~~ \$5,000;
- 2.8 (15) drug manufacturer, also licensed as a pharmacy in Minnesota, ~~\$150~~ \$5,000;
- 2.9 (16) drug manufacturer of opiate-containing controlled substances listed in section
- 2.10 152.02, subdivisions 3 to 5, \$55,000;
- 2.11 ~~(16)~~ (17) medical gas distributor, ~~\$110~~ \$5,000;
- 2.12 ~~(17)~~ (18) controlled substance researcher, \$75; and
- 2.13 ~~(18)~~ (19) pharmacy professional corporation, \$125.
- 2.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2019, and applies to any license
- 2.15 issued on or after that date.
- 2.16 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.065, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 2.17 Subd. 3. **Annual renewal fees.** Annual licensure and registration renewal fees are as
- 2.18 follows:
- 2.19 (1) pharmacist, \$145;
- 2.20 (2) pharmacy technician, \$37.50;
- 2.21 (3) pharmacy, \$225;
- 2.22 (4) drug wholesaler, legend drugs only, ~~\$235~~ \$5,000;
- 2.23 (5) drug wholesaler, legend and nonlegend drugs, ~~\$235~~ \$5,000;
- 2.24 (6) drug wholesaler, nonlegend drugs, veterinary legend drugs, or both, ~~\$210~~ \$5,000;

- 2.19 Sec. 2. [16A.7245] OPIOID STEWARDSHIP FUND.
- 2.20 An opioid stewardship fund is created in the state treasury. The commissioner shall
- 2.21 deposit to the credit of the fund the registration fees collected by the Board of Pharmacy
- 2.22 under section 151.77 and any other money made available to the fund. Notwithstanding
- 2.23 section 11A.20, all investment income and all investment losses attributable to the investment
- 2.24 of the opioid stewardship fund not currently needed must be credited to the opioid
- 2.25 stewardship fund.
- 2.26 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.252, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

- 2.25 (7) drug wholesaler, medical gases, ~~\$185~~ \$5,000;
- 2.26 (8) drug wholesaler, also licensed as a pharmacy in Minnesota, ~~\$150~~ \$5,000;
- 2.27 (9) drug manufacturer, nonopiate legend drugs only, ~~\$235~~ \$5,000;
- 2.28 (10) drug manufacturer, nonopiate legend and nonlegend drugs, ~~\$235~~ \$5,000;
- 3.1 (11) drug manufacturer, nonlegend, veterinary legend drugs, or both, ~~\$210~~ \$5,000;
- 3.2 (12) drug manufacturer, medical gases, ~~\$185~~ \$5,000;
- 3.3 (13) drug manufacturer, also licensed as a pharmacy in Minnesota, ~~\$150~~ \$5,000;
- 3.4 (14) drug manufacturer of opiate-containing controlled substances listed in section
- 3.5 152.02, subdivisions 3 to 5, \$55,000;
- 3.6 ~~(14)~~ (15) medical gas distributor, ~~\$110~~ \$5,000;
- 3.7 ~~(15)~~ (16) controlled substance researcher, \$75; and
- 3.8 ~~(16)~~ (17) pharmacy professional corporation, \$75.
- 3.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2019, and applies to any license
- 3.10 renewed on or after that date.
- 3.11 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.065, is amended by adding a subdivision to
- 3.12 read:
- 3.13 Subd. 7. **Deposit of fees.** (a) The license fees collected under this section, with the
- 3.14 exception of the fees identified in paragraph (b), shall be deposited in the state government
- 3.15 special revenue fund.
- 3.16 (b) \$5,000 of each fee collected under subdivision 1, clauses (6) to (15) and (17), and
- 3.17 subdivision 3, clauses (4) to (13) and (15), and the fees collected under subdivision 1, clause
- 3.18 (16), and subdivision 3, clause (14), shall be deposited in the opiate epidemic response
- 3.19 account.
- 11.8 Sec. 7. [256.043] OPIATE EPIDEMIC RESPONSE ACCOUNT.
- 11.9 Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** The opiate epidemic response account is established in
- 11.10 the special revenue fund in the state treasury. The registration fees assessed by the Board
- 11.11 of Pharmacy under section 151.066 and the license fees identified in section 151.065,
- 11.12 subdivision 7, paragraph (b), shall be deposited into the account.
- 5.25 FOR SECTION 7, SUBDIVISION 2, SEE PAGE R10
- 5.25 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.252, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

2.27 Subdivision 1. **Requirements.** (a) No person shall act as a drug manufacturer without
 2.28 first obtaining a license from the board and paying any applicable fee specified in section
 2.29 151.065.

2.30 (b) In addition to the license required under paragraph (a), a manufacturer of a Schedule
 2.31 II through IV opiate controlled substance must pay the applicable registration fee specified
 2.32 in section 151.77, subdivision 3, by June 1 of each year, beginning June 1, 2020. In the
 3.1 event of a change of ownership of the manufacturer, the new owner must pay the registration
 3.2 fee specified under section 151.77, subdivision 3, that the original owner would have been
 3.3 assessed had it retained ownership. The board may assess a late fee of ten percent per month
 3.4 for every portion of a month that the registration fee is paid after the due date.

3.5 ~~(b)~~ (c) Application for a drug manufacturer license under this section shall be made in
 3.6 a manner specified by the board.

3.7 ~~(c)~~ (d) No license shall be issued or renewed for a drug manufacturer unless the applicant
 3.8 agrees to operate in a manner prescribed by federal and state law and according to Minnesota
 3.9 Rules.

3.10 ~~(d)~~ (e) No license shall be issued or renewed for a drug manufacturer that is required to
 3.11 be registered pursuant to United States Code, title 21, section 360, unless the applicant
 3.12 supplies the board with proof of registration. The board may establish by rule the standards
 3.13 for licensure of drug manufacturers that are not required to be registered under United States
 3.14 Code, title 21, section 360.

3.15 ~~(e)~~ (f) No license shall be issued or renewed for a drug manufacturer that is required to
 3.16 be licensed or registered by the state in which it is physically located unless the applicant
 3.17 supplies the board with proof of licensure or registration. The board may establish, by rule,
 3.18 standards for the licensure of a drug manufacturer that is not required to be licensed or
 3.19 registered by the state in which it is physically located.

3.20 ~~(f)~~ (g) The board shall require a separate license for each facility located within the state
 3.21 at which drug manufacturing occurs and for each facility located outside of the state at
 3.22 which drugs that are shipped into the state are manufactured.

3.23 ~~(g)~~ (h) The board shall not issue an initial or renewed license for a drug manufacturing
 3.24 facility unless the facility passes an inspection conducted by an authorized representative
 3.25 of the board. In the case of a drug manufacturing facility located outside of the state, the
 3.26 board may require the applicant to pay the cost of the inspection, in addition to the license
 3.27 fee in section 151.065, unless the applicant furnishes the board with a report, issued by the
 3.28 appropriate regulatory agency of the state in which the facility is located or by the United
 3.29 States Food and Drug Administration, of an inspection that has occurred within the 24
 3.30 months immediately preceding receipt of the license application by the board. The board

5.26 Subdivision 1. **Requirements.** (a) No person shall act as a drug manufacturer without
 5.27 first obtaining a license from the board and paying any applicable fee specified in section
 5.28 151.065.

5.29 (b) In addition to the license required under paragraph (a), each manufacturer required
 5.30 to pay the registration fee under section 151.066 must pay the fee by June 1 of each year,
 5.31 beginning June 1, 2020. In the event of a change of ownership of the manufacturer, the new
 5.32 owner must pay the registration fee specified under section 151.066, subdivision 3, that the
 5.33 original owner would have been assessed had the original owner retained ownership. The
 6.1 registration fee collected under this paragraph shall be deposited in the opiate epidemic
 6.2 response account established under section 256.043.

6.3 ~~(b)~~ (c) Application for a drug manufacturer license under this section shall be made in
 6.4 a manner specified by the board.

6.5 ~~(c)~~ (d) No license shall be issued or renewed for a drug manufacturer unless the applicant
 6.6 agrees to operate in a manner prescribed by federal and state law and according to Minnesota
 6.7 Rules.

6.8 ~~(d)~~ (e) No license shall be issued or renewed for a drug manufacturer that is required to
 6.9 be registered pursuant to United States Code, title 21, section 360, unless the applicant
 6.10 supplies the board with proof of registration. The board may establish by rule the standards
 6.11 for licensure of drug manufacturers that are not required to be registered under United States
 6.12 Code, title 21, section 360.

6.13 ~~(e)~~ (f) No license shall be issued or renewed for a drug manufacturer that is required to
 6.14 be licensed or registered by the state in which it is physically located unless the applicant
 6.15 supplies the board with proof of licensure or registration. The board may establish, by rule,
 6.16 standards for the licensure of a drug manufacturer that is not required to be licensed or
 6.17 registered by the state in which it is physically located.

6.18 ~~(f)~~ (g) The board shall require a separate license for each facility located within the state
 6.19 at which drug manufacturing occurs and for each facility located outside of the state at
 6.20 which drugs that are shipped into the state are manufactured, except a manufacturer of
 6.21 opiate-containing controlled substances shall not be required to pay the fee under section
 6.22 151.065, subdivision 1, clause (16), or 151.065, subdivision 2, clause (14), for more than
 6.23 one facility.

6.24 ~~(g)~~ (h) The board shall not issue an initial or renewed license for a drug manufacturing
 6.25 facility unless the facility passes an inspection conducted by an authorized representative
 6.26 of the board. In the case of a drug manufacturing facility located outside of the state, the
 6.27 board may require the applicant to pay the cost of the inspection, in addition to the license
 6.28 fee in section 151.065, unless the applicant furnishes the board with a report, issued by the
 6.29 appropriate regulatory agency of the state in which the facility is located or by the United
 6.30 States Food and Drug Administration, of an inspection that has occurred within the 24
 6.31 months immediately preceding receipt of the license application by the board. The board

- 3.31 may deny licensure unless the applicant submits documentation satisfactory to the board
3.32 that any deficiencies noted in an inspection report have been corrected.
- 4.1 Sec. 4. [151.255] OPIOID ADDICTION ADVISORY COUNCIL.
- 4.2 Subdivision 1. Establishment of advisory council. (a) The Opioid Addiction Advisory
4.3 Council is established to confront the opioid addiction and overdose epidemic in this state
4.4 and focus on:
- 4.5 (1) prevention and education, including public education and awareness for adults and
4.6 youth, prescriber education, and the development and sustainability of substance use disorder
4.7 programs;
- 4.8 (2) the expansion and enhancement of a continuum of care for opioid-related substance
4.9 use disorders, including primary prevention, early intervention, treatment, and recovery
4.10 services;
- 4.11 (3) training on the treatment of opioid addiction, including the use of all FDA-approved
4.12 opioid addiction medications, detoxification, relapse prevention, patient assessment,
4.13 individual treatment planning, counseling, recovery supports, diversion control, and other
4.14 best practices;
- 4.15 (4) services to ensure overdose prevention as well as public safety and community
4.16 well-being, including expanding access to FDA-approved opioid addiction medications and
4.17 providing adult protective services and other social services to individuals and families
4.18 affected by the opioid overdose epidemic; and
- 4.19 (5) the development of measures to assess and protect the ability of cancer patients and
4.20 survivors, persons battling life threatening illnesses, persons suffering from severe chronic
4.21 pain, and persons at the end stages of life, who legitimately need prescription pain
4.22 medications, to maintain their quality of life by accessing these pain medications without
4.23 facing unnecessary barriers. The measures must also address the needs of individuals
4.24 described in this clause who are elderly or who reside in underserved or rural areas of the
4.25 state.

- 6.32 may deny licensure unless the applicant submits documentation satisfactory to the board
6.33 that any deficiencies noted in an inspection report have been corrected.
- 7.1 Sec. 6. [256.042] OPIATE EPIDEMIC RESPONSE ADVISORY COUNCIL.
- 7.2 Subdivision 1. Establishment of the advisory council. (a) The Opiate Epidemic
7.3 Response Advisory Council is established to develop and implement a comprehensive and
7.4 effective statewide effort to address the opioid addiction and overdose epidemic in Minnesota.
7.5 The council shall focus on:
- 7.6 (1) prevention and education, including public education and awareness for adults and
7.7 youth, prescriber education, the development and sustainability of opioid overdose prevention
7.8 and education programs, and providing financial support to local law enforcement agencies
7.9 for opiate antagonist programs;
- 7.10 (2) treatment, including statewide access to effective treatment and recovery services
7.11 that is aligned with Minnesota's model of care approach to promoting access to treatment
7.12 and recovery services. This includes ensuring that individuals throughout the state have
7.13 access to treatment and recovery services, including care coordination services; peer recovery
7.14 services; medication-assisted treatment and office-based opioid treatment; integrative and
7.15 multidisciplinary therapies; and culturally specific services; and
- 7.16 (3) innovation and capacity building, including development of evidence-based practices,
7.17 using research and evaluation to understand which policies and programs promote efficient

- 4.26 (b) The council shall:
- 4.27 (1) review local, state, and federal initiatives and activities related to education,
- 4.28 prevention, and services for individuals and families experiencing and affected by opioid
- 4.29 addiction;
- 4.30 (2) establish priorities and actions to address the state's opioid epidemic for the purpose
- 4.31 of allocating funds;
- 4.32 (3) ensure available funding is aligned with existing state and federal funding to achieve
- 4.33 the greatest impact and ensure a coordinated state effort;
- 5.1 (4) develop criteria and procedures to be used in awarding grants and allocating available
- 5.2 funds from the opioid stewardship fund; and
- 5.3 (5) develop measurable outcomes to determine the effectiveness of the funds allocated.
- 5.4 (c) The council shall make recommendations on grant and funding options for the funds
- 5.5 annually appropriated to the commissioner of human services from the opioid stewardship
- 5.6 fund. The options for funding may include but are not limited to: prescriber education; the
- 5.7 development and sustainability of prevention programs; the creation of a continuum of care
- 5.8 for opioid-related substance abuse disorders, including primary prevention, early intervention,
- 5.9 treatment, and recovery services; and additional funding for child protection case management
- 5.10 services for children and families affected by opioid addiction. The council shall submit
- 5.11 recommendations for funding options to the commissioner of human services and to the
- 5.12 chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over
- 5.13 health and human services policy and finance by March 1 of each year, beginning March
- 5.14 1, 2020.
- 5.15 Subd. 2. **Membership.** (a) The council shall consist of 22 members, appointed by the
- 5.16 commissioner of human services except as otherwise specified;

- 7.18 and effective prevention, treatment, and recovery results. This also includes ensuring that
- 7.19 there are qualified providers and a comprehensive set of treatment and recovery services
- 7.20 throughout the state.
- 7.21 (b) The council shall:
- 7.22 (1) review local, state, and federal initiatives and funding related to prevention and
- 7.23 education, treatment, and services for individuals and families experiencing and affected
- 7.24 by opioid abuse, and promoting innovation and capacity building to address the opioid
- 7.25 addiction and overdose epidemic, including alternatives to the use of opiates or narcotic
- 7.26 pain relievers for the treatment of chronic pain;
- 7.27 (2) establish priorities to address the state's opioid addiction and overdose epidemic for
- 7.28 the purpose of allocating funds and consult with the commissioner of management and
- 7.29 budget to determine whether proposals are for evidence-based practices, promising practices,
- 7.30 or theory-based practices;
- 7.31 (3) ensure that available funding under this section is allocated to align with existing
- 7.32 state and federal funding to achieve the greatest impact and ensure a coordinated state effort
- 7.33 to address the opioid addiction and overdose epidemic;
- 8.1 (4) develop criteria and procedures to be used in awarding grants and allocating available
- 8.2 funds from the opiate epidemic response account and select proposals to receive grant
- 8.3 funding. The council is encouraged to select proposals that are promising practices or
- 8.4 theory-based practices, in addition to evidence-based practices, to help identify new
- 8.5 approaches to effective prevention, treatment, and recovery; and
- 8.6 (5) in consultation with the commissioner of management and budget, and within
- 8.7 available appropriations, select from the awarded grants projects that include promising
- 8.8 practices or theory-based activities for which the commissioner of management and budget
- 8.9 shall conduct evaluations using experimental or quasi-experimental design. Grants awarded
- 8.10 to proposals that include promising practices or theory-based activities and that are selected
- 8.11 for an evaluation shall be administered to support the experimental or quasi-experimental
- 8.12 evaluation and require grantees to collect and report information that is needed to complete
- 8.13 the evaluation. The commissioner of management and budget, under section 15.08, may
- 8.14 obtain additional relevant data to support the experimental or quasi-experimental evaluation
- 8.15 studies.
- 8.16 Subd. 2. **Membership.** (a) The council shall consist of 18 voting members appointed
- 8.17 by the commissioner of human services, except as otherwise specified;

- 5.17 (1) two members of the house of representatives, one from the majority party appointed
 5.18 by the speaker of the house and one from the minority party appointed by the minority
 5.19 leader of the house of representatives;
- 5.20 (2) two members of the senate, one from the majority party appointed by the senate
 5.21 majority leader and one from the minority party appointed by the senate minority leader;
- 5.22 (3) one member appointed by the Board of Pharmacy;
- 5.23 (4) one member who is a medical doctor appointed by the Minnesota Medical Association;
- 5.24 (5) one member representing programs licensed under chapter 245G that specialize in
 5.25 serving people with opioid use disorders;
- 5.26 (6) one member representing the National Alliance on Mental Illness (NAMI);
- 5.27 (7) one member who is a medical doctor appointed by the Minnesota Society of Addiction
 5.28 Medicine;
- 5.29 (8) one member representing professionals providing alternative pain management
 5.30 therapies;
- 5.31 (9) the commissioner of education or a designee;
- 6.1 (10) one member representing the Minnesota courts who is a judge or law enforcement
 6.2 officer;
- 6.3 (11) one member representing the Minnesota Hospital Association;
- 6.4 (12) two members representing Indian tribes;
- 6.5 (13) the commissioner of human services or a designee;

- 8.18 (1) two members of the house of representatives, one from the majority party appointed
 8.19 by the speaker of the house and one from the minority party appointed by the minority
 8.20 leader. Of these two members, one member must represent a district outside of the
 8.21 seven-county metropolitan area, and one member must represent a district that includes the
 8.22 seven-county metropolitan area;
- 8.23 (2) two members of the senate, one from the majority party appointed by the senate
 8.24 majority leader and one from the minority party appointed by the senate minority leader.
 8.25 Of these two members, one member must represent a district outside of the seven-county
 8.26 metropolitan area and one member must represent a district that includes the seven-county
 8.27 metropolitan area;
- 8.28 (3) one member appointed by the Board of Pharmacy;
- 8.29 (4) one member who is a physician appointed by the Minnesota chapter of the American
 8.30 College of Emergency Physicians;
- 8.31 (5) one member representing opioid treatment programs or sober living programs;
- 8.32 (6) one member who is a physician appointed by the Minnesota Hospital Association;
- 9.1 (7) one member who is a physician appointed by the Minnesota Society of Addiction
 9.2 Medicine;
- 9.3 (8) one member who is a pain psychologist;
- 9.4 (9) one member appointed by the Steve Rumlmer Hope Network;
- 9.5 (10) one member appointed by the Minnesota Ambulance Association;
- 9.6 (11) one member representing the Minnesota courts who is a judge or law enforcement
 9.7 officer;
- 9.8 (12) one public member who is a Minnesota resident and who has been impacted by the
 9.9 opioid epidemic;
- 9.13 (15) one member representing an Indian tribe; and
- 9.16 (b) The commissioners of human services and health or their designees shall be ex officio
 9.17 nonvoting members of the council.

- 6.6 (14) the commissioner of corrections or a designee;
- 6.7 (15) one advanced practice registered nurse appointed by the Board of Nursing;
- 6.8 (16) the commissioner of health or a designee;
- 6.9 (17) one member representing a local health department;
- 6.10 (18) one member with personal experience of opioid addiction, representing a nonprofit
- 6.11 entity specializing in providing support to persons recovering from substance use disorder;
- 6.12 and
- 6.13 (19) one member with personal experience of severe chronic pain.
- 6.14 (b) The commissioner shall coordinate appointments to provide geographic diversity
- 6.15 and shall ensure that at least one-half of council members reside outside of the seven-county
- 6.16 metropolitan area.
- 6.17 (c) The council is governed by section 15.059, except that members of the council shall
- 6.18 receive no compensation other than reimbursement for expenses. Notwithstanding section
- 6.19 15.059, subdivision 6, the council shall not expire.
- 6.20 (d) The chair shall convene the council on a quarterly basis and may convene other
- 6.21 meetings as necessary. The chair shall convene meetings at different locations in the state
- 6.22 to provide geographic access and shall ensure that at least one-half of the meetings are held
- 6.23 at locations outside of the seven-county metropolitan area.
- 6.24 (e) The commissioner of human services shall provide staff and administrative services
- 6.25 for the advisory council.
- 6.26 (f) The council is subject to chapter 13D.

- 9.10 (13) one public member who is a Minnesota resident and who is in opioid addiction
- 9.11 recovery;
- 9.12 (14) one member representing a manufacturer of opiates;
- 9.14 (16) one public member who is a Minnesota resident and who is suffering from chronic
- 9.15 pain, intractable pain, or a rare disease or condition.
- 9.18 (c) The commissioner of human services shall coordinate the commissioner's
- 9.19 appointments to provide geographic diversity and shall ensure that at least one-half of
- 9.20 council members appointed by the commissioner reside outside of the seven-county
- 9.21 metropolitan area.
- 9.22 (d) The council is governed by section 15.059, except that members of the council shall
- 9.23 receive no compensation other than reimbursement for expenses. Notwithstanding section
- 9.24 15.059, subdivision 6, the council shall not expire.
- 9.25 (e) The chair shall convene the council at least quarterly, and may convene other meetings
- 9.26 as necessary. The chair shall convene meetings at different locations in the state to provide
- 9.27 geographic access, and shall ensure that at least one-half of the meetings are held at locations
- 9.28 outside of the seven-county metropolitan area.
- 9.29 (f) The commissioner of human services shall provide staff and administrative services
- 9.30 for the advisory council.
- 9.31 (g) The council is subject to chapter 13D.
- 10.1 Subd. 3. **Conflict of interest.** Advisory council members must disclose to the council,
- 10.2 refrain from participating in discussions, and recuse themselves from voting on any matter
- 10.3 before the council if the member has a conflict of interest. A conflict of interest means a
- 10.4 financial association that has the potential to bias or have the appearance of biasing a council
- 10.5 member's decision related to the opiate epidemic response grant decision process or other
- 10.6 council activities under this section.
- 10.7 Subd. 4. **Grants.** (a) The commissioner of human services shall submit a report of the
- 10.8 grants proposed by the advisory council to be awarded for the upcoming fiscal year to the

10.9 chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over
10.10 health and human services policy and finance, by March 1 of each year, beginning March
10.11 1, 2020.

10.12 (b) The commissioner of human services shall award grants from the opiate epidemic
10.13 response account under section 256.043. The grants shall be awarded to proposals selected
10.14 by the advisory council that address the priorities in subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clauses
10.15 (1) to (3), unless otherwise appropriated by the legislature. No more than three percent of
10.16 the grant amount may be used by a grantee for administration.

10.17 Subd. 5. **Reports.** (a) The advisory council shall report annually to the chairs and ranking
10.18 minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and human
10.19 services policy and finance by January 31 of each year. The report shall include information
10.20 about the individual projects that receive grants and the overall role of the project in
10.21 addressing the opioid addiction and overdose epidemic in Minnesota. The report must
10.22 describe the grantees and the activities implemented, along with measurable outcomes as
10.23 determined by the council in consultation with the commissioner of human services and the
10.24 commissioner of management and budget. At a minimum, the report must include information
10.25 about the number of individuals who received information or treatment, the outcomes the
10.26 individuals achieved, and demographic information about the individuals participating in
10.27 the project; an assessment of the progress toward achieving statewide access to qualified
10.28 providers and comprehensive treatment and recovery services; and an update on the
10.29 evaluation implemented by the commissioner of management and budget for the promising
10.30 practices and theory-based projects that receive funding.

10.31 (b) The commissioner of management and budget, in consultation with the Opiate
10.32 Epidemic Response Advisory Council, shall report to the chairs and ranking minority
10.33 members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and human services
10.34 policy and finance when an evaluation study described in subdivision 1, paragraph (b),
10.35 clause (5), is complete on the promising practices or theory-based projects that are selected
11.1 for evaluation activities. The report shall include demographic information; outcome
11.2 information for the individuals in the program; the results for the program in promoting
11.3 recovery, employment, family reunification, and reducing involvement with the criminal
11.4 justice system; and other relevant outcomes determined by the commissioner of management
11.5 and budget that are specific to the projects that are evaluated. The report shall include
11.6 information about the ability of grant programs to be scaled to achieve the statewide results
11.7 that the grant project demonstrated.

6.27 Sec. 5. [151.256] USE OF OPIOID STEWARDSHIP FUND.

SECTION 7, SUBDIVISION 2:

6.28 Subdivision 1. Use of funds. (a) For fiscal year 2020, money in the opioid stewardship
 6.29 fund established under section 16A.7245 is appropriated as specified in article 5.

7.1 (b) For fiscal year 2021 and subsequent fiscal years, money in the opioid stewardship
 7.2 fund is appropriated to the commissioner of human services, to be distributed, in consultation
 7.3 with the Opioid Addiction Advisory Council, as grants or other funding, or as transfers to
 7.4 the Department of Health and other state agencies, as determined appropriate to address the
 7.5 opioid epidemic in the state. The commissioner may retain up to five percent of the
 7.6 appropriation for administrative costs of implementing this paragraph and for administrative
 7.7 costs related to the Opioid Addiction Advisory Council. The commissioner, in consultation
 7.8 with the advisory council, may provide additional appropriations for the initiatives funded
 7.9 in article 5. Each recipient of grants or funding shall report to the commissioner and the
 7.10 advisory council on how the funds were spent and the outcomes achieved, in the form and
 7.11 manner specified by the commissioner.

11.13 Subd. 2. Use of account funds. (a) Beginning in fiscal year 2021, money in the account
 11.14 shall be appropriated each fiscal year as specified in this subdivision.

11.15 (b) \$300,000 is appropriated to the commissioner of management and budget for
 11.16 evaluation activities under section 256.042.

11.17 (c) \$249,000 is appropriated to the commissioner of human services for the provision
 11.18 of administrative services to the Opiate Epidemic Response Advisory Council and for the
 11.19 administration of the grants awarded under paragraph (h).

11.20 (d) \$126,000 is appropriated to the Board of Pharmacy for the collection of the registration
 11.21 fees under section 151.066.

11.22 (e) \$384,000 is appropriated to the commissioner of public safety for Bureau of Criminal
 11.23 Apprehension drug scientists and lab supplies.

11.24 (f) \$800,000 is appropriated to the commissioner of human services for grants of \$400,000
 11.25 to CHI St. Gabriel's Health Family Medical Center for the opioid-focused Project ECHO
 11.26 program and \$400,000 to Hennepin Health Care for the opioid-focused Project ECHO
 11.27 program.

11.28 (g) \$200,000 is appropriated to the commissioner of human services to be awarded as
 11.29 a grant to a nonprofit organization that has provided overdose prevention programs to the
 11.30 public in at least 60 counties within the state, for at least three years, has received federal
 11.31 funding before January 1, 2019, and is dedicated to addressing the opioid epidemic. The
 11.32 grant must be used for opioid overdose prevention, community asset mapping, education,
 11.33 and overdose antagonist distribution.

12.1 (h) Money remaining in the opiate epidemic response account after making the
 12.2 appropriations required in paragraphs (b) to (g) is appropriated to the commissioner of
 12.3 human services. The commissioner shall distribute the appropriations as follows:

12.4 (1) at least 50 percent shall be distributed to county social service agencies to provide
 12.5 child protection services to children and families who are affected by addiction. The

7.12 Subd. 2. **Annual report.** Beginning January 15, 2020, and each January 15 thereafter,
 7.13 the commissioner, in consultation with the Opioid Addiction Advisory Council, shall report
 7.14 to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction
 7.15 over health and human services policy and finance on the grants and funds awarded under
 7.16 this section and article 5 and the outcomes achieved. Each report must also identify those
 7.17 instances for which the commissioner did not follow the recommendations of the advisory
 7.18 council and the commissioner's rationale for taking this action.

7.19 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.47, is amended by adding a subdivision to
 7.20 read:

7.21 Subd. 1a. **Controlled substance wholesale drug distributor requirements.** In addition
 7.22 to the license required under subdivision 1, a wholesale drug distributor distributing a
 7.23 Schedule II through IV opiate controlled substance must pay the applicable registration fee
 7.24 specified in section 151.77, subdivision 4, by June 1 of each year beginning June 1, 2020.
 7.25 In the event of a change in ownership of the wholesale drug distributor, the new owner must
 7.26 pay the registration fee specified in section 151.77, subdivision 4, that the original owner
 7.27 would have been assessed had it retained ownership. The board may assess a late fee of ten
 7.28 percent per month for every portion of a month that the registration fee is paid after the due
 7.29 date.

7.30 Sec. 7. [151.77] OPIATE PRODUCT REGISTRATION FEE.

7.31 Subdivision 1. **Definition.** For purposes of this section, the following terms have the
 7.32 meanings given them in this subdivision.

8.1 (1) "manufacturer" means a manufacturer licensed under section 151.252 that is engaged
 8.2 in the manufacturing of an opiate;

8.3 (2) "opiate" means any opiate-containing controlled substance listed in section 152.02,
 8.4 subdivisions 3 to 5, that is distributed, delivered, sold, or dispensed into or within this state;
 8.5 and

8.6 (3) "wholesaler" means a wholesale drug distributor who is licensed under section 151.47,
 8.7 and is engaged in the wholesale drug distribution of an opiate.

12.6 commissioner shall distribute this money proportionally to counties based on the number
 12.7 of open child protection case management cases in the county using data from the previous
 12.8 calendar year. County social service agencies receiving funds from the opiate epidemic
 12.9 response account must annually report to the commissioner on how the funds were used to
 12.10 provide child protection services, including measurable outcomes, as determined by the
 12.11 commissioner; and

12.12 (2) the remaining money shall be awarded as specified by the Opiate Epidemic Response
 12.13 Advisory Council as grants in accordance with section 256.042, unless otherwise appropriated
 12.14 by the legislature.

3.20 Sec. 4. [151.066] OPIATE PRODUCT REGISTRATION FEE.

3.21 Subdivision 1. **Definition.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the
 3.22 meanings given to them in this subdivision.

3.23 (b) "Manufacturer" means a manufacturer licensed under section 151.252 that is engaged
 3.24 in the manufacturing of an opiate.

3.25 (c) "Opiate" means any opiate-containing controlled substance listed in section 152.02,
 3.26 subdivisions 3 to 5, that is distributed, delivered, sold, or dispensed into or within this state;

3.27 (d) "Wholesaler" means a wholesale drug distributor licensed under section 151.47 that
 3.28 is engaged in the wholesale drug distribution of an opiate.

8.8 Subd. 2. **Reporting requirements.** (a) By March 1 of each year, beginning March 1,
 8.9 2020, each manufacturer and each wholesale drug distributor must report to the board every
 8.10 sale, delivery, or other distribution within or into this state of any opiate that is made to any
 8.11 practitioner, pharmacy, hospital, veterinary hospital, or other person who is permitted by
 8.12 section 151.37 to possess controlled substances for administration or dispensing to patients
 8.13 that occurred during the previous calendar year. Reporting must be in the automation of
 8.14 reports and consolidated orders system format unless otherwise specified by the board. If
 8.15 a manufacturer or wholesaler fails to provide information required under this paragraph on
 8.16 a timely basis, the board may assess an administrative penalty of \$500 per day. This penalty
 8.17 shall not be considered a form of disciplinary action.

8.18 (b) By March 1 of each year, beginning March 1, 2020, each owner of a pharmacy with
 8.19 at least one location within this state must report to the board ~~the~~ intracompany delivery or
 8.20 distribution into this state of any opiate, to the extent that those deliveries and distributions
 8.21 are not reported to the board by a licensed wholesale drug distributor owned by, under
 8.22 contract to, or otherwise operating on behalf of the owner of the pharmacy. Reporting must
 8.23 be in the manner and format specified by the board for deliveries and distributions that
 8.24 occurred during the previous calendar year. The report must include the name of the
 8.25 manufacturer or wholesaler from which the owner of the pharmacy ultimately purchased
 8.26 the opiate, and the amount and date that the purchases occurred.

8.27 Subd. 3. **Determination of each manufacturer's registration fee.** (a) The board shall
 8.28 annually assess manufacturer registration fees that in an aggregate amount total \$12,000,000.
 8.29 The board shall determine each manufacturer's annual registration fee that is prorated and
 8.30 based on the manufacturer's percentage of the total number of units reported to the board
 8.31 under subdivision 2.

8.32 (b) By April 1 of each year, beginning April 1, 2020, the board shall notify each
 8.33 manufacturer of the annual amount of the manufacturer's registration fee to be paid by June
 8.34 1, in accordance with section 151.252, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).

9.1 (c) In conjunction with the data reported under this section, and notwithstanding section
 9.2 152.126, subdivision 6, the board may use the data reported under section 152.126,
 9.3 subdivision 4, to determine the manufacturer registration fees required under this subdivision.

9.4 (d) A manufacturer may dispute the registration fee as determined by the board no later
 9.5 than 30 days after the date of notification; however, the manufacturer must still remit the
 9.6 fee as required by section 151.252, subdivision 1, paragraph (b). The dispute must be filed
 9.7 with the board in the manner and using the forms specified by the board. A manufacturer
 9.8 must submit, with the required forms, data satisfactory to the board that demonstrates that
 9.9 the registration fee was incorrect. The board must make a decision concerning a dispute no

3.29 Subd. 2. **Reporting requirements.** (a) By March 1 of each year, beginning March 1,
 3.30 2020, each manufacturer and each wholesaler must report to the board every sale, delivery,
 4.1 or other distribution within or into this state of any opiate that is made to any practitioner,
 4.2 pharmacy, hospital, veterinary hospital, or other person who is permitted by section 151.37
 4.3 to possess controlled substances for administration or dispensing to patients that occurred
 4.4 during the previous calendar year. Reporting must be in the automation of reports and
 4.5 consolidated orders system format unless otherwise specified by the board. If a manufacturer
 4.6 or wholesaler fails to provide information required under this paragraph on a timely basis,
 4.7 the board may assess an administrative penalty of \$100 per day. This penalty shall not be
 4.8 considered a form of disciplinary action.

4.9 (b) By March 1 of each year, beginning March 1, 2020, each owner of a pharmacy with
 4.10 at least one location within this state must report to the board any intracompany delivery
 4.11 or distribution into this state of any opiate, to the extent that those deliveries and distributions
 4.12 are not reported to the board by a licensed wholesaler owned by, under contract to, or
 4.13 otherwise operating on behalf of the owner of the pharmacy. Reporting must be in the
 4.14 manner and format specified by the board for deliveries and distributions that occurred
 4.15 during the previous calendar year.

4.16 Subd. 3. **Determination of an opiate product registration fee.** (a) The board shall
 4.17 annually assess an opiate product registration fee on any manufacturer of an opiate that
 4.18 annually sells, delivers, or distributes an opiate within or into the state 2,000,000 or more
 4.19 units as reported to the board under subdivision 2.

4.20 (b) The annual registration fee for each manufacturer meeting the requirement under
 4.21 paragraph (a) is \$250,000.

4.22 (c) In conjunction with the data reported under this section, and notwithstanding section
 4.23 152.126, subdivision 6, the board may use the data reported under section 152.126,
 4.24 subdivision 4, to determine which manufacturers meet the requirement under paragraph (a)
 4.25 and are required to pay the registration fees under this subdivision.

4.26 (d) By April 1 of each year, beginning April 1, 2020, the board shall notify a manufacturer
 4.27 that the manufacturer meets the requirement in paragraph (a) and is required to pay the
 4.28 annual registration fee in accordance with section 151.252, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).

4.29 (e) A manufacturer may dispute the board's determination that the manufacturer must
 4.30 pay the registration fee no later than 30 days after the date of notification. However, the
 4.31 manufacturer must still remit the fee as required by section 151.252, subdivision 1, paragraph
 4.32 (b). The dispute must be filed with the board in the manner and using the forms specified
 4.33 by the board. A manufacturer must submit, with the required forms, data satisfactory to the
 4.34 board that demonstrates that the assessment of the registration fee was incorrect. The board

9.10 later than 60 days after receiving the required dispute forms. If the board determines that
 9.11 the manufacturer has satisfactorily demonstrated that the original fee was incorrect, the
 9.12 board must adjust the manufacturer's registration fee due the next year by the amount that
 9.13 is in excess of the correct fee that should have been paid.

9.14 Subd. 4. **Determination of each wholesaler's registration fee.** (a) The board shall
 9.15 annually assess wholesaler registration fees that in an aggregate amount total \$8,000,000.
 9.16 The board shall determine each wholesaler's annual registration fee that is prorated and
 9.17 based on the wholesaler's percentage of the total number of units reported to the board under
 9.18 subdivision 2. This paragraph does not apply to a wholesaler if the wholesaler is also licensed
 9.19 as a drug manufacturer under section 151.252.

9.20 (b) By April 1 of each year, beginning April 1, 2020, the board shall notify each
 9.21 wholesaler of the annual amount of the wholesaler's registration fee to be paid by June 1
 9.22 in accordance with section 151.47, subdivision 1a.

9.23 (c) A wholesaler may dispute the registration fee as determined by the board no later
 9.24 than 30 days after the date of notification. However, the wholesaler must still remit the fee
 9.25 as required by section 151.47, subdivision 1a. The dispute must be filed with the board in
 9.26 the manner and using the forms specified by the board. A wholesaler must submit, with the
 9.27 required forms, data satisfactory to the board that demonstrates that the registration fee was
 9.28 incorrect. The board must make a decision concerning a dispute no later than 60 days after
 9.29 receiving the required dispute forms. If the board determines that the wholesaler has
 9.30 satisfactorily demonstrated that the original fee was incorrect, the board must adjust the
 9.31 wholesaler's registration fee due the next year by the amount that is in excess of the correct
 9.32 fee that should have been paid.

9.33 Subd. 5. **Report.** (a) The Board of Pharmacy shall evaluate the registration fee on drug
 9.34 manufacturers and wholesalers established under this section, and whether the fee has
 10.1 impacted the prescribing practices for opiates by reducing the number of opiate prescriptions
 10.2 issued during calendar years 2020, 2021, and 2022, to the extent the board has the ability
 10.3 to effectively identify a correlation. Notwithstanding section 152.126, subdivision 6, the
 10.4 board may access the data reported under section 152.126, subdivision 4, to conduct this
 10.5 evaluation.

10.6 (b) The board shall submit the results of its evaluation to the chairs and ranking minority
 10.7 members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and human services
 10.8 policy and finance by March 1, 2023.

10.9 Subd. 6. **Legislative review.** The legislature shall review the reports from the Opioid
 10.10 Addiction Advisory Council under section 151.255, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), the report

5.1 must make a decision concerning a dispute no later than 60 days after receiving the required
 5.2 dispute forms. If the board determines that the manufacturer has satisfactorily demonstrated
 5.3 that the fee was incorrectly assessed, the board must refund the amount paid in error.

5.4 (f) For purposes of this subdivision, a unit means the individual dosage form of the
 5.5 particular drug product that is prescribed to the patient. One unit equals one tablet, capsule,
 5.6 patch, syringe, milliliter, or gram.

5.7 Subd. 4. **Report.** (a) The Board of Pharmacy shall evaluate the registration fee on drug
 5.8 manufacturers established under this section, and whether the registration fee and the
 5.9 increased licensure fees have impacted the prescribing practices of opiates by reducing the
 5.10 number of opiate prescriptions issued during calendar years 2020, 2021, and 2022, or creating
 5.11 any unintended consequences in the availability of opiates for the treatment of chronic or
 5.12 intractable pain to the extent the board has the ability to effectively identify a correlation.
 5.13 Notwithstanding section 152.126, subdivision 6, the board may access the data reported
 5.14 under section 152.126, subdivision 4, to conduct this evaluation.

5.15 (b) The board shall submit the results of its evaluation to the chairs and ranking minority
 5.16 members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and human services
 5.17 policy and finance by March 1, 2023.

5.18 Subd. 5. **Legislative review.** The legislature shall review the reports from the Opiate
 5.19 Epidemic Response Advisory Council under section 256.042, subdivision 5, paragraph (a),

10.11 from the Board of Pharmacy under subdivision 5, and any other relevant report or information
10.12 related to the opioid crisis in Minnesota, to make a determination about whether the opiate
10.13 product registration fee assessed under this section should continue beyond July 1, 2023.

10.14 Sec. 8. **ADVISORY COUNCIL FIRST MEETING.**

10.15 The commissioner of human services shall convene the first meeting of the Opioid
10.16 Addiction Advisory Council established under Minnesota Statutes, section 151.255, no later
10.17 than October 1, 2019. The members shall elect a chair at the first meeting.

10.18 **ARTICLE 2**

10.19 **HEALTH PLAN COMPANY REQUIREMENTS**

5.20 the reports from the commissioner of management and budget on the Results First evaluation
5.21 activities under section 256.042, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), the report from the Board of
5.22 Pharmacy under subdivision 4, and any other relevant report or information related to the
5.23 opioid crisis in Minnesota, to make a determination about whether the opiate product
5.24 registration fee assessed under this section should continue beyond July 1, 2023.

12.15 Sec. 8. **OPIATE EPIDEMIC RESPONSE ADVISORY COUNCIL FIRST MEETING**
12.16 **AND REPORT.**

12.17 The commissioner of human services shall convene the first meeting of the Opiate
12.18 Epidemic Response Advisory Council established under Minnesota Statutes, section 256.042,
12.19 no later than October 1, 2019. The members shall elect a chair at the first meeting. The first
12.20 report required under Minnesota Statutes, section 256.042, subdivision 5, paragraph (a), is
12.21 due by January 31, 2022.

12.22 Sec. 9. **SETTLEMENT; SUNSET.**

12.23 (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 151.065 and 151.066, if the state
12.24 receives a settlement, payout, or judgment from any lawsuit brought by the state or group
12.25 of states, in which Minnesota is a named party against an opiate drug manufacturer or
12.26 manufacturers, in an amount of \$20,000,000 or greater, the application fee and the annual
12.27 license fee for opiate manufacturers under Minnesota Statutes, section 151.065, subdivisions
12.28 1 and 3, shall be reduced to \$5,000 and any registration fee assessed under Minnesota
12.29 Statutes, section 152.066, subdivision 3, shall be reduced to \$5,000.

12.30 (b) If the fees identified in paragraph (a) are reduced, the reduced fee shall remain in
12.31 effect until the fee is reviewed and adjusted, restored, or repealed by the legislature.

13.1 (c) If the state receives any money from a settlement, payout, or judgment as described
13.2 in paragraph (a), regardless of the amount, the funds received by the state shall be deposited
13.3 in the state treasury according to paragraph (d).

13.4 (d) If payment subject to paragraph (a) is received, the commissioner of management
13.5 and budget shall deposit the first \$20,000,000 of any funds received in the opiate epidemic
13.6 response account established under section 256.043, and any remaining funds shall be
13.7 deposited in a separate account in the state treasury and notify the chairs and ranking minority
13.8 members of the finance committee in the senate and the ways and means committee in the
13.9 house of representatives that an account has been created and the amount of funds deposited.

10.20 Section 1. [62Q.528] COVERAGE FOR PAIN MANAGEMENT SERVICES.

10.21 (a) All health plans must cover acupuncture services for the treatment of pain and ongoing

10.22 pain management when those services are performed by an individual who is licensed as:

10.23 (1) an acupuncture practitioner under chapter 147B; or

10.24 (2) a chiropractor under chapter 148.

10.25 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), coverage for acupuncture services under medical

10.26 assistance and MinnesotaCare is in accordance with section 256B.0625, subdivision 8f.

10.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2020, and applies to health

10.28 plans offered, issued, or renewed to a Minnesota resident on or after that date.

13.10

ARTICLE 2

13.11

OTHER OPIATE PROVISIONS

13.12 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.01, subdivision 27, is amended to read:

13.13 Subd. 27. **Practice of pharmacy.** "Practice of pharmacy" means:

13.14 (1) interpretation and evaluation of prescription drug orders;

13.15 (2) compounding, labeling, and dispensing drugs and devices (except labeling by a

13.16 manufacturer or packager of nonprescription drugs or commercially packaged legend drugs

13.17 and devices);

13.18 (3) participation in clinical interpretations and monitoring of drug therapy for assurance

13.19 of safe and effective use of drugs, including the performance of laboratory tests that are

13.20 waived under the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement Act of 1988, United States Code,

13.21 title 42, section 263a et seq., provided that a pharmacist may interpret the results of laboratory

13.22 tests but may modify drug therapy only pursuant to a protocol or collaborative practice

13.23 agreement;

13.24 (4) participation in drug and therapeutic device selection; drug administration for first

13.25 dosage and medical emergencies; intramuscular and subcutaneous administration used for

13.26 the treatment of alcohol or opioid dependence; drug regimen reviews; and drug or

13.27 drug-related research;

13.28 (5) drug administration, through intramuscular and subcutaneous administration used

13.29 to treat mental illnesses as permitted under the following conditions:

13.30 (i) upon the order of a prescriber and the prescriber is notified after administration is

13.31 complete; or

- 14.1 (ii) pursuant to a protocol or collaborative practice agreement as defined by section
 14.2 151.01, subdivisions 27b and 27c, and participation in the initiation, management,
 14.3 modification, administration, and discontinuation of drug therapy is according to the protocol
 14.4 or collaborative practice agreement between the pharmacist and a dentist, optometrist,
 14.5 physician, podiatrist, or veterinarian, or an advanced practice registered nurse authorized
 14.6 to prescribe, dispense, and administer under section 148.235. Any changes in drug therapy
 14.7 or medication administration made pursuant to a protocol or collaborative practice agreement
 14.8 must be documented by the pharmacist in the patient's medical record or reported by the
 14.9 pharmacist to a practitioner responsible for the patient's care;
- 14.10 ~~(5)~~ (6) participation in administration of influenza vaccines to all eligible individuals
 14.11 six years of age and older and all other vaccines to patients 13 years of age and older by
 14.12 written protocol with a physician licensed under chapter 147, a physician assistant authorized
 14.13 to prescribe drugs under chapter 147A, or an advanced practice registered nurse authorized
 14.14 to prescribe drugs under section 148.235, provided that:
- 14.15 (i) the protocol includes, at a minimum:
- 14.16 (A) the name, dose, and route of each vaccine that may be given;
- 14.17 (B) the patient population for whom the vaccine may be given;
- 14.18 (C) contraindications and precautions to the vaccine;
- 14.19 (D) the procedure for handling an adverse reaction;
- 14.20 (E) the name, signature, and address of the physician, physician assistant, or advanced
 14.21 practice registered nurse;
- 14.22 (F) a telephone number at which the physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice
 14.23 registered nurse can be contacted; and
- 14.24 (G) the date and time period for which the protocol is valid;
- 14.25 (ii) the pharmacist has successfully completed a program approved by the Accreditation
 14.26 Council for Pharmacy Education specifically for the administration of immunizations or a
 14.27 program approved by the board;
- 14.28 (iii) the pharmacist utilizes the Minnesota Immunization Information Connection to
 14.29 assess the immunization status of individuals prior to the administration of vaccines, except
 14.30 when administering influenza vaccines to individuals age nine and older;
- 14.31 (iv) the pharmacist reports the administration of the immunization to the Minnesota
 14.32 Immunization Information Connection; and
- 15.1 (v) the pharmacist complies with guidelines for vaccines and immunizations established
 15.2 by the federal Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices, except that a pharmacist
 15.3 does not need to comply with those portions of the guidelines that establish immunization
 15.4 schedules when administering a vaccine pursuant to a valid, patient-specific order issued

15.5 by a physician licensed under chapter 147, a physician assistant authorized to prescribe
15.6 drugs under chapter 147A, or an advanced practice nurse authorized to prescribe drugs
15.7 under section 148.235, provided that the order is consistent with the United States Food
15.8 and Drug Administration approved labeling of the vaccine;

15.9 ~~(6)~~ (7) participation in the initiation, management, modification, and discontinuation of
15.10 drug therapy according to a written protocol or collaborative practice agreement between:
15.11 (i) one or more pharmacists and one or more dentists, optometrists, physicians, podiatrists,
15.12 or veterinarians; or (ii) one or more pharmacists and one or more physician assistants
15.13 authorized to prescribe, dispense, and administer under chapter 147A, or advanced practice
15.14 nurses authorized to prescribe, dispense, and administer under section 148.235. Any changes
15.15 in drug therapy made pursuant to a protocol or collaborative practice agreement must be
15.16 documented by the pharmacist in the patient's medical record or reported by the pharmacist
15.17 to a practitioner responsible for the patient's care;

15.18 ~~(7)~~ (8) participation in the storage of drugs and the maintenance of records;

15.19 ~~(8)~~ (9) patient counseling on therapeutic values, content, hazards, and uses of drugs and
15.20 devices;

15.21 ~~(9)~~ (10) offering or performing those acts, services, operations, or transactions necessary
15.22 in the conduct, operation, management, and control of a pharmacy; and

15.23 ~~(10)~~ (11) participation in the initiation, management, modification, and discontinuation
15.24 of therapy with opiate antagonists, as defined in section 604A.04, subdivision 1, pursuant
15.25 to:

15.26 (i) a written protocol as allowed under clause (6); or

15.27 (ii) a written protocol with a community health board medical consultant or a practitioner
15.28 designated by the commissioner of health, as allowed under section 151.37, subdivision 13.

FOR SECTION 2, SEE PAGE R30

11.1 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.71, is amended by adding a subdivision to
11.2 read:

11.3 Subd. 3. **Lowest cost to consumers.** (a) A health plan company or pharmacy benefits
11.4 manager shall not require an individual to make a payment at the point of sale for a covered
11.5 prescription medication in an amount greater than the allowable cost to consumers, as
11.6 defined in paragraph (b).

11.7 (b) For purposes of paragraph (a), "allowable cost to consumers" means the lowest of:
11.8 (1) the applicable co-payment for the prescription medication; or (2) the amount an individual
11.9 would pay for the prescription medication if the individual purchased the prescription
11.10 medication without using a health plan benefit.

16.18 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.105, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

16.19 Subd. 2. **Sheriff to maintain collection receptacle or medicine disposal program.** (a)
 16.20 The sheriff of each county shall maintain or contract for the maintenance of at least one
 16.21 collection receptacle or implement a medicine disposal program for the disposal of
 16.22 noncontrolled substances, pharmaceutical controlled substances, and other legend drugs,
 16.23 as permitted by federal law. For purposes of this section, "legend drug" has the meaning
 16.24 given in section 151.01, subdivision 17. The collection receptacle and medicine disposal
 16.25 program must comply with federal law. In maintaining and operating the collection receptacle
 16.26 or medicine disposal program, the sheriff shall follow all applicable provisions of Code of
 16.27 Federal Regulations, title 21, parts 1300, 1301, 1304, 1305, 1307, and 1317, as amended
 16.28 through May 1, 2017.

16.29 (b) For purposes of this subdivision:

16.30 (1) a medicine disposal program means providing to the public educational information,
 16.31 and making materials available for safely destroying unwanted legend drugs that meet the
 17.1 requirements of the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency, the United States Drug
 17.2 Enforcement Administration, and the Board of Pharmacy; and

17.3 (2) a collection receptacle means the operation and maintenance of at least one drop-off
 17.4 receptacle.

FOR SECTIONS 4 TO 6, SEE PAGES R26-R27

19.12 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.126, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

19.13 Subd. 6. **Access to reporting system data.** (a) Except as indicated in this subdivision,
 19.14 the data submitted to the board under subdivision 4 is private data on individuals as defined
 19.15 in section 13.02, subdivision 12, and not subject to public disclosure.

19.16 (b) Except as specified in subdivision 5, the following persons shall be considered
 19.17 permissible users and may access the data submitted under subdivision 4 in the same or
 19.18 similar manner, and for the same or similar purposes, as those persons who are authorized
 19.19 to access similar private data on individuals under federal and state law:

19.20 (1) a prescriber or an agent or employee of the prescriber to whom the prescriber has
 19.21 delegated the task of accessing the data, to the extent the information relates specifically to
 19.22 a current patient, to whom the prescriber is:

19.23 (i) prescribing or considering prescribing any controlled substance;

19.24 (ii) providing emergency medical treatment for which access to the data may be necessary;

19.25 (iii) providing care, and the prescriber has reason to believe, based on clinically valid
 19.26 indications, that the patient is potentially abusing a controlled substance; or

19.27 (iv) providing other medical treatment for which access to the data may be necessary
 19.28 for a clinically valid purpose and the patient has consented to access to the submitted data.

19.29 and with the provision that the prescriber remains responsible for the use or misuse of data
19.30 accessed by a delegated agent or employee;

19.31 (2) a dispenser or an agent or employee of the dispenser to whom the dispenser has
19.32 delegated the task of accessing the data, to the extent the information relates specifically to
20.1 a current patient to whom that dispenser is dispensing or considering dispensing any
20.2 controlled substance and with the provision that the dispenser remains responsible for the
20.3 use or misuse of data accessed by a delegated agent or employee;

20.4 (3) a licensed pharmacist who is providing pharmaceutical care for which access to the
20.5 data may be necessary to the extent that the information relates specifically to a current
20.6 patient for whom the pharmacist is providing pharmaceutical care: (i) if the patient has
20.7 consented to access to the submitted data; or (ii) if the pharmacist is consulted by a prescriber
20.8 who is requesting data in accordance with clause (1);

20.9 (4) an individual who is the recipient of a controlled substance prescription for which
20.10 data was submitted under subdivision 4, or a guardian of the individual, parent or guardian
20.11 of a minor, or health care agent of the individual acting under a health care directive under
20.12 chapter 145C. For purposes of this clause, access by individuals includes persons in the
20.13 definition of an individual under section 13.02;

20.14 (5) personnel or designees of a health-related licensing board listed in section 214.01,
20.15 subdivision 2, or of the Emergency Medical Services Regulatory Board, assigned to conduct
20.16 a bona fide investigation of a complaint received by that board that alleges that a specific
20.17 licensee is impaired by use of a drug for which data is collected under subdivision 4, has
20.18 engaged in activity that would constitute a crime as defined in section 152.025, or has
20.19 engaged in the behavior specified in subdivision 5, paragraph (a);

20.20 (6) personnel of the board engaged in the collection, review, and analysis of controlled
20.21 substance prescription information as part of the assigned duties and responsibilities under
20.22 this section;

20.23 (7) authorized personnel of a vendor under contract with the state of Minnesota who are
20.24 engaged in the design, implementation, operation, and maintenance of the prescription
20.25 monitoring program as part of the assigned duties and responsibilities of their employment,
20.26 provided that access to data is limited to the minimum amount necessary to carry out such
20.27 duties and responsibilities, and subject to the requirement of de-identification and time limit
20.28 on retention of data specified in subdivision 5, paragraphs (d) and (e);

20.29 (8) federal, state, and local law enforcement authorities acting pursuant to a valid search
20.30 warrant;

20.31 (9) personnel of the Minnesota health care programs assigned to use the data collected
20.32 under this section to identify and manage recipients whose usage of controlled substances
20.33 may warrant restriction to a single primary care provider, a single outpatient pharmacy, and
20.34 a single hospital;

- 21.1 (10) personnel of the Department of Human Services assigned to access the data pursuant
21.2 to paragraph (i);
- 21.3 (11) personnel of the health professionals services program established under section
21.4 214.31, to the extent that the information relates specifically to an individual who is currently
21.5 enrolled in and being monitored by the program, and the individual consents to access to
21.6 that information. The health professionals services program personnel shall not provide this
21.7 data to a health-related licensing board or the Emergency Medical Services Regulatory
21.8 Board, except as permitted under section 214.33, subdivision 3; and
- 21.9 ~~For purposes of clause (4), access by an individual includes persons in the definition of~~
21.10 ~~an individual under section 13.02; and~~
- 21.11 (12) personnel or designees of a health-related licensing board listed in section 214.01,
21.12 subdivision 2, assigned to conduct a bona fide investigation of a complaint received by that
21.13 board that alleges that a specific licensee is inappropriately prescribing controlled substances
21.14 as defined in this section.
- 21.15 (c) By July 1, 2017, every prescriber licensed by a health-related licensing board listed
21.16 in section 214.01, subdivision 2, practicing within this state who is authorized to prescribe
21.17 controlled substances for humans and who holds a current registration issued by the federal
21.18 Drug Enforcement Administration, and every pharmacist licensed by the board and practicing
21.19 within the state, shall register and maintain a user account with the prescription monitoring
21.20 program. Data submitted by a prescriber, pharmacist, or their delegate during the registration
21.21 application process, other than their name, license number, and license type, is classified
21.22 as private pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 12.
- 21.23 (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), beginning January 1, 2021, a prescriber or an agent
21.24 or employee of the prescriber to whom the prescriber has delegated the task of accessing
21.25 the data, must access the data submitted under subdivision 4 to the extent the information
21.26 relates specifically to the patient:
- 21.27 (1) before the prescriber issues an initial prescription order for a Schedules II through
21.28 IV opiate controlled substance to the patient; and
- 21.29 (2) at least once every three months for patients receiving an opiate for treatment of
21.30 chronic pain or participating in medically assisted treatment for an opioid addiction.
- 21.31 (e) Paragraph (d) does not apply if:
- 21.32 (1) the patient is receiving palliative care, or hospice or other end-of-life care;
- 21.33 (2) the patient is being treated for pain due to cancer or the treatment of cancer;
- 22.1 (3) the prescription order is for a number of doses that is intended to last the patient five
22.2 days or less and is not subject to a refill;

- 22.3 (4) the prescriber and patient have a current or ongoing provider/patient relationship of
22.4 a duration longer than one year;
- 22.5 (5) the prescription order is issued within 14 days following surgery or three days
22.6 following oral surgery or follows the prescribing protocols established under the opioid
22.7 prescribing improvement program under section 256B.0638;
- 22.8 (6) the controlled substance is prescribed or administered to a patient who is admitted
22.9 to an inpatient hospital;
- 22.10 (7) the controlled substance is lawfully administered by injection, ingestion, or any other
22.11 means to the patient by the prescriber, a pharmacist, or by the patient at the direction of a
22.12 prescriber and in the presence of the prescriber or pharmacist;
- 22.13 (8) due to a medical emergency, it is not possible for the prescriber to review the data
22.14 before the prescriber issues the prescription order for the patient; or
- 22.15 (9) the prescriber is unable to access the data due to operational or other technological
22.16 failure of the program so long as the prescriber reports the failure to the board.
- 22.17 (f) Only permissible users identified in paragraph (b), clauses (1), (2), (3), (6), (7), (9),
22.18 and (10), may directly access the data electronically. No other permissible users may directly
22.19 access the data electronically. If the data is directly accessed electronically, the permissible
22.20 user shall implement and maintain a comprehensive information security program that
22.21 contains administrative, technical, and physical safeguards that are appropriate to the user's
22.22 size and complexity, and the sensitivity of the personal information obtained. The permissible
22.23 user shall identify reasonably foreseeable internal and external risks to the security,
22.24 confidentiality, and integrity of personal information that could result in the unauthorized
22.25 disclosure, misuse, or other compromise of the information and assess the sufficiency of
22.26 any safeguards in place to control the risks.
- 22.27 ~~(e)~~ (g) The board shall not release data submitted under subdivision 4 unless it is provided
22.28 with evidence, satisfactory to the board, that the person requesting the information is entitled
22.29 to receive the data.
- 22.30 ~~(f)~~ (h) The board shall maintain a log of all persons who access the data for a period of
22.31 at least three years and shall ensure that any permissible user complies with paragraph (c)
22.32 prior to attaining direct access to the data.
- 23.1 ~~(g)~~ (i) Section 13.05, subdivision 6, shall apply to any contract the board enters into
23.2 pursuant to subdivision 2. A vendor shall not use data collected under this section for any
23.3 purpose not specified in this section.
- 23.4 ~~(h)~~ (j) The board may participate in an interstate prescription monitoring program data
23.5 exchange system provided that permissible users in other states have access to the data only
23.6 as allowed under this section, and that section 13.05, subdivision 6, applies to any contract
23.7 or memorandum of understanding that the board enters into under this paragraph.

23.8 (⊕)(k) With available appropriations, the commissioner of human services shall establish
23.9 and implement a system through which the Department of Human Services shall routinely
23.10 access the data for the purpose of determining whether any client enrolled in an opioid
23.11 treatment program licensed according to chapter 245A has been prescribed or dispensed a
23.12 controlled substance in addition to that administered or dispensed by the opioid treatment
23.13 program. When the commissioner determines there have been multiple prescribers or multiple
23.14 prescriptions of controlled substances, the commissioner shall:

23.15 (1) inform the medical director of the opioid treatment program only that the
23.16 commissioner determined the existence of multiple prescribers or multiple prescriptions of
23.17 controlled substances; and

23.18 (2) direct the medical director of the opioid treatment program to access the data directly,
23.19 review the effect of the multiple prescribers or multiple prescriptions, and document the
23.20 review.

23.21 If determined necessary, the commissioner of human services shall seek a federal waiver
23.22 of, or exception to, any applicable provision of Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section
23.23 2.34, paragraph (c), prior to implementing this paragraph.

23.24 (⊕)(l) The board shall review the data submitted under subdivision 4 on at least a quarterly
23.25 basis and shall establish criteria, in consultation with the advisory task force, for referring
23.26 information about a patient to prescribers and dispensers who prescribed or dispensed the
23.27 prescriptions in question if the criteria are met.

23.28 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.126, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

23.29 Subd. 10. **Funding.** (a) The board may seek grants and private funds from nonprofit
23.30 charitable foundations, the federal government, and other sources to fund the enhancement
23.31 and ongoing operations of the prescription monitoring program established under this section.
23.32 Any funds received shall be appropriated to the board for this purpose. The board may not
24.1 expend funds to enhance the program in a way that conflicts with this section without seeking
24.2 approval from the legislature.

24.3 (b) Notwithstanding any other section, the administrative services unit for the
24.4 health-related licensing boards shall apportion between the Board of Medical Practice, the
24.5 Board of Nursing, the Board of Dentistry, the Board of Podiatric Medicine, the Board of
24.6 Optometry, the Board of Veterinary Medicine, and the Board of Pharmacy an amount to be
24.7 paid through fees by each respective board. The amount apportioned to each board shall
24.8 equal each board's share of the annual appropriation to the Board of Pharmacy from the
24.9 state government special revenue fund for operating the prescription monitoring program
24.10 under this section. Each board's apportioned share shall be based on the number of prescribers
24.11 or dispensers that each board identified in this paragraph licenses as a percentage of the
24.12 total number of prescribers and dispensers licensed collectively by these boards. Each
24.13 respective board may adjust the fees that the boards are required to collect to compensate
24.14 for the amount apportioned to each board by the administrative services unit.

24.15 (c) The board has the authority to modify its contract with its vendor as provided in
 24.16 subdivision 2, to authorize that vendor to provide a service to prescribers and pharmacies
 24.17 that allows them to access prescription monitoring program data from within the electronic
 24.18 health record system or pharmacy software used by those prescribers and pharmacists.
 24.19 Beginning July 1, 2019, the board has the authority to collect an annual fee from each
 24.20 prescriber or pharmacist who accesses prescription monitoring program data through the
 24.21 service offered by the vendor. The annual fee collected must not exceed \$50 per user. The
 24.22 fees collected by the board under this paragraph shall be deposited in the state government
 24.23 special revenue fund and are appropriated to the board for the purposes of this paragraph.

FOR SECTION 9, SEE PAGE R29

25.7 Sec. 10. **PAIN MANAGEMENT.**

25.8 (a) The Health Services Policy Committee established under Minnesota Statutes, section
 25.9 256B.0625, subdivision 3c, shall evaluate and make recommendations on the integration
 25.10 of nonpharmacologic pain management that are clinically viable and sustainable; reduce or
 25.11 eliminate chronic pain conditions; improve functional status; and prevent addiction and
 25.12 reduce dependence on opiates or other pain medications. The recommendations must be
 25.13 based on best practices for the effective treatment of musculoskeletal pain provided by
 25.14 health practitioners identified in paragraph (b), and covered under medical assistance. Each
 25.15 health practitioner represented under paragraph (b) shall present the minimum best integrated
 25.16 practice recommendations, policies, and scientific evidence for nonpharmacologic treatment
 25.17 options for eliminating pain and improving functional status within their full professional
 25.18 scope. Recommendations for integration of services may include guidance regarding
 25.19 screening for co-occurring behavioral health diagnoses; protocols for communication between
 25.20 all providers treating a unique individual, including protocols for follow-up; and universal
 25.21 mechanisms to assess improvements in functional status.

25.22 (b) In evaluating and making recommendations, the Health Services Policy Committee
 25.23 shall consult and collaborate with the following health practitioners: acupuncture practitioners
 25.24 licensed under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 147B; chiropractors licensed under Minnesota
 25.25 Statutes, sections 148.01 to 148.10; physical therapists licensed under Minnesota Statutes,
 25.26 sections 148.68 to 148.78; medical and osteopathic physicians licensed under Minnesota
 25.27 Statutes, chapter 147, and advanced practice registered nurses licensed under Minnesota
 25.28 Statutes, sections 148.171 to 148.285, with experience in providing primary care
 25.29 collaboratively within a multidisciplinary team of health care practitioners who employ
 25.30 nonpharmacologic pain therapies; and psychologists licensed under Minnesota Statutes,
 25.31 section 148.907.

25.32 (c) The commissioner shall submit a progress report to the chairs and ranking minority
 25.33 members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and human services
 25.34 policy and finance by January 15, 2021, and shall report final recommendations by August
 26.1 1, 2021. The final report may also contain recommendations for developing and implementing
 26.2 a pilot program to assess the clinical viability, sustainability, and effectiveness of integrated

26.3 nonpharmacologic, multidisciplinary treatments for managing musculoskeletal pain and
26.4 improving functional status.

FOR SECTION 11, SEE PAGE R31

28.1 Sec. 12. **TRANSFER.**

28.2 By June 30, 2021, the commissioner of management and budget shall transfer \$2,803,000
28.3 from the opiate epidemic response account to the general fund.

11.11

ARTICLE 3

11.12

PREVENTION AND EDUCATION

11.13 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 145C.05, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

11.14 Subd. 2. **Provisions that may be included.** (a) A health care directive may include
11.15 provisions consistent with this chapter, including, but not limited to:

11.16 (1) the designation of one or more alternate health care agents to act if the named health
11.17 care agent is not reasonably available to serve;

11.18 (2) directions to joint health care agents regarding the process or standards by which the
11.19 health care agents are to reach a health care decision for the principal, and a statement
11.20 whether joint health care agents may act independently of one another;

11.21 (3) limitations, if any, on the right of the health care agent or any alternate health care
11.22 agents to receive, review, obtain copies of, and consent to the disclosure of the principal's
11.23 medical records or to visit the principal when the principal is a patient in a health care
11.24 facility;

11.25 (4) limitations, if any, on the nomination of the health care agent as guardian for purposes
11.26 of sections 524.5-202, 524.5-211, 524.5-302, and 524.5-303;

11.27 (5) a document of gift for the purpose of making an anatomical gift, as set forth in chapter
11.28 525A, or an amendment to, revocation of, or refusal to make an anatomical gift;

11.29 (6) a declaration regarding intrusive mental health treatment under section 253B.03,
11.30 subdivision 6d, or a statement that the health care agent is authorized to give consent for
11.31 the principal under section 253B.04, subdivision 1a;

12.1 (7) a funeral directive as provided in section 149A.80, subdivision 2;

12.2 (8) limitations, if any, to the effect of dissolution or annulment of marriage or termination
12.3 of domestic partnership on the appointment of a health care agent under section 145C.09,
12.4 subdivision 2;

12.5 (9) specific reasons why a principal wants a health care provider or an employee of a
12.6 health care provider attending the principal to be eligible to act as the principal's health care
12.7 agent;

12.8 (10) health care instructions by a woman of child bearing age regarding how she would
12.9 like her pregnancy, if any, to affect health care decisions made on her behalf; ~~and~~

12.10 (11) health care instructions regarding artificially administered nutrition or hydration;
12.11 and

12.12 (12) health care instructions to prohibit administering, dispensing, or prescribing an
12.13 opioid, except that these instructions must not be construed to limit the administering,
12.14 dispensing, or prescribing an opioid to treat substance abuse, opioid dependence, or an
12.15 overdose, unless otherwise prohibited in the health care directive.

12.16 (b) A health care directive may include a statement of the circumstances under which
12.17 the directive becomes effective other than upon the judgment of the principal's attending
12.18 physician in the following situations:

12.19 (1) a principal who in good faith generally selects and depends upon spiritual means or
12.20 prayer for the treatment or care of disease or remedial care and does not have an attending
12.21 physician, may include a statement appointing an individual who may determine the
12.22 principal's decision-making capacity; and

12.23 (2) a principal who in good faith does not generally select a physician or a health care
12.24 facility for the principal's health care needs may include a statement appointing an individual
12.25 who may determine the principal's decision-making capacity, provided that if the need to
12.26 determine the principal's capacity arises when the principal is receiving care under the
12.27 direction of an attending physician in a health care facility, the determination must be made
12.28 by an attending physician after consultation with the appointed individual.

12.29 If a person appointed under clause (1) or (2) is not reasonably available and the principal
12.30 is receiving care under the direction of an attending physician in a health care facility, an
12.31 attending physician shall determine the principal's decision-making capacity.

12.32 (c) A health care directive may authorize a health care agent to make health care decisions
12.33 for a principal even though the principal retains decision-making capacity.

13.1 Sec. 2. [145C.17] OPIOID INSTRUCTIONS ENTERED INTO HEALTH RECORD.

13.2 At the request of the patient or health care agent, a health care provider shall enter into
13.3 the patient's health care record any instructions relating to administering, dispensing, or
13.4 prescribing an opioid.

13.5 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.105, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

13.6 Subd. 2. **Sheriff to maintain collection receptacle.** The sheriff of each county shall
13.7 maintain or contract for the maintenance of at least one collection receptacle for the disposal
13.8 of noncontrolled substances, pharmaceutical controlled substances, and other legend drugs,
13.9 as permitted by federal law. For purposes of this section, "legend drug" has the meaning
13.10 given in section 151.01, subdivision 17. The collection receptacle must comply with federal
13.11 law. In maintaining and operating the collection receptacle, the sheriff shall follow all

13.12 applicable provisions of Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, parts 1300, 1301, 1304, 1305,
 13.13 1307, and 1317, as amended through May 1, 2017. The sheriff of each county may meet
 13.14 the requirements of this subdivision through the use of an alternative method for the disposal
 13.15 of noncontrolled substances, pharmaceutical controlled substances, and other legend drugs
 13.16 that has been approved by the Board of Pharmacy. This may include making available to
 13.17 the public, without charge, at-home prescription drug deactivation and disposal products
 13.18 that render drugs and medications inert and irretrievable.

17.5 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

17.6 Subdivision 1. **General prescription requirements for controlled substances.** (a) A
 17.7 written prescription or an oral prescription reduced to writing, when issued for a controlled
 17.8 substance in Schedule II, III, IV, or V, is void unless (1) it is written in ink and contains the
 17.9 name and address of the person for whose use it is intended; (2) it states the amount of the
 17.10 controlled substance to be compounded or dispensed, with directions for its use; (3) if a
 17.11 written prescription, it contains the handwritten signature, address, and federal registry
 17.12 number of the prescriber and a designation of the branch of the healing art pursued by the
 17.13 prescriber; and if an oral prescription, the name and address of the prescriber and a
 17.14 designation of the prescriber's branch of the healing art; and (4) it shows the date when
 17.15 signed by the prescriber, or the date of acceptance in the pharmacy if an oral prescription.

17.16 (b) An electronic prescription for a controlled substance in Schedule II, III, IV, or V is
 17.17 void unless it complies with the standards established pursuant to section 62J.497 and with
 17.18 those portions of Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, parts 1300, 1304, 1306, and 1311,
 17.19 that pertain to electronic prescriptions.

17.20 (c) A prescription for a controlled substance in Schedule II, III, IV, or V that is transmitted
 17.21 by facsimile, either computer to facsimile machine or facsimile machine to facsimile machine,
 17.22 is void unless it complies with the applicable requirements of Code of Federal Regulations,
 17.23 title 21, part 1306.

17.24 (d) Every licensed pharmacy that dispenses a controlled substance prescription shall
 17.25 retain the original prescription in a file for a period of not less than two years, open to
 17.26 inspection by any officer of the state, county, or municipal government whose duty it is to
 17.27 aid and assist with the enforcement of this chapter. An original electronic or facsimile
 17.28 prescription may be stored in an electronic database, provided that the database provides a
 17.29 means by which original prescriptions can be retrieved, as transmitted to the pharmacy, for
 17.30 a period of not less than two years.

17.31 (e) Every licensed pharmacy shall distinctly label the container in which a controlled
 17.32 substance is dispensed with the directions contained in the prescription for the use of that
 17.33 controlled substance.

18.1 (f) No prescription for an opiate or narcotic pain reliever listed in Schedules II through
 18.2 IV of section 152.02 may be initially dispensed more than 30 days after the date on which

13.19 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.11, subdivision 2d, is amended to read:

13.20 Subd. 2d. **Identification requirement for ~~Schedule H or III~~ controlled substance**
 13.21 **prescriptions.** ~~(a)~~ No person may dispense a controlled substance included in ~~Schedule H~~
 13.22 ~~or III~~ Schedules II through V without requiring the person purchasing the controlled
 13.23 substance, who need not be the person patient for whom the controlled substance prescription
 13.24 is written, to present valid photographic identification, unless the person purchasing the
 13.25 controlled substance, ~~or if applicable the person for whom the controlled substance~~
 13.26 ~~prescription is written~~, is known to the dispenser. A doctor of veterinary medicine who
 13.27 dispenses a controlled substance must comply with this subdivision.

13.28 (b) ~~This subdivision applies only to purchases of controlled substances that are not~~
 13.29 ~~covered, in whole or in part, by a health plan company or other third-party payor.~~

18.3 the prescription was issued. No subsequent refills indicated on a prescription for a Schedule
 18.4 III or IV opiate or narcotic pain reliever may be dispensed more than 30 days after the
 18.5 previous date on which the prescription was initially filled or refilled. After the authorized
 18.6 refills for Schedule III or IV opiate or narcotic pain relievers have been used up or are
 18.7 expired, no additional authorizations may be accepted for that prescription. If continued
 18.8 therapy is necessary, a new prescription must be issued by the prescriber.

18.9 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.11, subdivision 2d, is amended to read:

18.10 Subd. 2d. **Identification requirement for ~~Schedule H or III~~ controlled substance**
 18.11 **prescriptions.** ~~(a)~~ No person may dispense a controlled substance included in ~~Schedule H~~
 18.12 ~~or III~~ Schedules II through V without requiring the person purchasing the controlled
 18.13 substance, who need not be the person patient for whom the controlled substance prescription
 18.14 is written, to present valid photographic identification, unless the person purchasing the
 18.15 controlled substance, ~~or if applicable the person for whom the controlled substance~~
 18.16 ~~prescription is written~~, is known to the dispenser. A doctor of veterinary medicine who
 18.17 dispenses a controlled substance must comply with this subdivision.

18.18 (b) ~~This subdivision applies only to purchases of controlled substances that are not~~
 18.19 ~~covered, in whole or in part, by a health plan company or other third-party payor.~~

18.20 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.11, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

18.21 Subd. 4. **Limit on quantity of opiates prescribed for acute dental and ophthalmic**
 18.22 **pain.** (a) When used for the treatment of acute pain, prescriptions for opiates or narcotic
 18.23 pain relievers listed in Schedules II through IV in section 152.02 shall not exceed a seven-day
 18.24 supply for an adult and shall not exceed a five-day supply for a minor under 18 years of
 18.25 age.

18.26 ~~(a)~~ (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), when used for the treatment of acute dental pain,
 18.27 including acute pain associated with wisdom teeth extraction surgery or acute pain associated
 18.28 with refractive surgery, prescriptions for opiate or narcotic pain relievers listed in Schedules
 18.29 II through IV of section 152.02 shall not exceed a four-day supply. The quantity prescribed
 18.30 shall be consistent with the dosage listed in the professional labeling for the drug that has
 18.31 been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.

18.32 ~~(b)~~ (c) For the purposes of this subdivision, "acute pain" means pain resulting from
 18.33 disease, accidental or intentional trauma, surgery, or another cause, that the practitioner
 19.1 reasonably expects to last only a short period of time. Acute pain does not include chronic
 19.2 pain or pain being treated as part of cancer care, palliative care, or hospice or other end-of-life
 19.3 care.

19.4 ~~(c)~~ (e) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), if in the professional clinical judgment of a practitioner
 19.5 more than a four-day supply of a prescription listed in Schedules II through IV of section
 19.6 152.02 is required to treat a patient's acute pain, the practitioner may issue a prescription
 19.7 for the quantity needed to treat such acute pain.

14.1 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.11, is amended by adding a subdivision to
 14.2 read:

14.3 Subd. 5. **Limitations on dispensing of opioid prescription drug orders.** (a) No
 14.4 prescription drug order for an opioid drug listed in Schedule II may be dispensed by a
 14.5 pharmacist or other dispenser more than 30 days after the date on which the prescription
 14.6 drug order was issued.

14.7 (b) No prescription drug order for an opioid drug listed in Schedules III through V may
 14.8 be initially dispensed by a pharmacist or other dispenser more than 30 days after the date
 14.9 on which the prescription drug order was issued. No prescription drug order for an opioid
 14.10 drug listed in Schedules III through V may be refilled by a pharmacist or other dispenser
 14.11 more than 30 days after the previous date on which it was dispensed.

14.12 (c) For purposes of this section, "dispenser" has the meaning given in section 152.126,
 14.13 subdivision 1.

14.14 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.11, is amended by adding a subdivision to
 14.15 read:

14.16 Subd. 6. **Limit on quantity of opiates prescribed for acute pain associated with a**
 14.17 **major trauma or surgical procedure.** (a) When used for the treatment of acute pain
 14.18 associated with a major trauma or surgical procedure, initial prescriptions for opiate or
 14.19 narcotic pain relievers listed in Schedules II through IV of section 152.02 shall not exceed
 14.20 a seven-day supply. The quantity prescribed shall be consistent with the dosage listed in
 14.21 the professional labeling for the drug that has been approved by the United States Food and
 14.22 Drug Administration.

14.23 (b) For the purposes of this subdivision, "acute pain" means pain resulting from disease,
 14.24 accidental or intentional trauma, surgery, or another cause that the practitioner reasonably
 14.25 expects to last only a short period of time. Acute pain does not include chronic pain or pain
 14.26 being treated as part of cancer care, palliative care, or hospice or other end-of-life care.

14.27 (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), if in the professional clinical judgment of a practitioner
 14.28 more than a seven-day supply of a prescription listed in Schedules II through IV of section
 14.29 152.02 is required to treat a patient's acute pain, the practitioner may issue a prescription
 14.30 for the quantity needed to treat such acute pain.

14.31 (d) This subdivision does not apply to the treatment of acute dental pain or acute pain
 14.32 associated with refractive surgery, and the quantity of opiates that may be prescribed for
 14.33 those conditions is governed by subdivision 4.

19.8 (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) or (b), if, in the professional clinical judgment of a
 19.9 practitioner, more than the limit specified in paragraph (a) or (b) is required to treat a patient's
 19.10 acute pain, the practitioner may issue a prescription for the quantity needed to treat the
 19.11 patient's acute pain.

15.1 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 214.12, is amended by adding a subdivision to
 15.2 read:

15.3 Subd. 6. **Opioid and controlled substances prescribing.** (a) The Board of Medical
 15.4 Practice, the Board of Nursing, the Board of Dentistry, the Board of Optometry, and the
 15.5 Board of Podiatric Medicine shall require that licensees with the authority to prescribe
 15.6 controlled substances obtain at least two hours of continuing education credit on best practices
 15.7 in prescribing opioids and controlled substances, including nonpharmacological alternatives
 15.8 for treatment of pain and ongoing pain management, as part of the continuing education
 15.9 requirements for licensure renewal. Licensees shall not be required to complete more than
 15.10 two credit hours of continuing education on best practices in prescribing opioids and
 15.11 controlled substances before this subdivision expires. Continuing education credit on best
 15.12 practices in prescribing opioids and controlled substances must meet board requirements.

15.13 (b) This subdivision expires January 1, 2023.

15.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2020.

15.15 **ARTICLE 4**

15.16 **INTERVENTION, TREATMENT, AND RECOVERY**

15.17 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 145.9269, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

15.18 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For purposes of this section and section 145.9272, "federally
 15.19 qualified health center" means an entity that is receiving a grant under United States Code,
 15.20 title 42, section 254b, or, based on the recommendation of the Health Resources and Services
 15.21 Administration within the Public Health Service, is determined by the secretary to meet the
 15.22 requirements for receiving such a grant.

15.23 Sec. 2. [145.9272] GRANTS FOR OPIOID ADDICTION AND SUBSTANCE USE
 15.24 DISORDER TREATMENT, RECOVERY, AND PREVENTION PROGRAMS.

15.25 Subdivision 1. **Grant program established.** (a) The commissioner of health shall
 15.26 distribute grants to qualified entities operating in Minnesota as of January 1, 2019, for
 15.27 integrated, community-based programs in primary care settings to treat, prevent, and raise
 15.28 awareness of opioid addiction and substance use disorders. The commissioner shall determine
 15.29 the maximum award for grants.

15.30 (b) For purposes of this section, a "qualified entity" means a federally qualified health
 15.31 center, substance use disorder treatment program, or other provider of opioid prevention,
 15.32 treatment, and recovery services as designated by the commissioner.

24.24 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 214.12, is amended by adding a subdivision to
 24.25 read:

24.26 Subd. 6. **Opioid and controlled substances prescribing.** (a) The Board of Medical
 24.27 Practice, the Board of Nursing, the Board of Dentistry, the Board of Optometry, and the
 24.28 Board of Podiatric Medicine shall require that licensees with the authority to prescribe
 24.29 controlled substances obtain at least two hours of continuing education credit on best practices
 24.30 in prescribing opioids and controlled substances, as part of the continuing education
 24.31 requirements for licensure renewal. Licensees shall not be required to complete more than
 24.32 two credit hours of continuing education on best practices in prescribing opioids and
 24.33 controlled substances before this subdivision expires. Continuing education credit on best
 24.34 practices in prescribing opioids and controlled substances must meet board requirements.

25.1 (b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to any licensee who is participating in the opioid
 25.2 prescribing improvement program under section 256B.0638, unless the licensee has been
 25.3 terminated as a medical assistance provider under section 256B.0638, subdivision 5,
 25.4 paragraph (d).

25.5 (c) This subdivision expires January 1, 2024.

25.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2020.

16.1 Subd. 2. **Grant allocation; allowable uses.** (a) The commissioner shall allocate grants
 16.2 to qualified entities operating in Minnesota as of January 1, 2019, through a competitive
 16.3 process. The commissioner shall award grants to qualified entities to establish new opioid
 16.4 addiction and substance use disorder programs and to expand existing programs.

16.5 (b) In awarding grants, the commissioner shall give preference to proposals that expand
 16.6 access to culturally appropriate services for low-income persons, populations at greatest
 16.7 risk of opioid addiction, or populations or areas of the state that are underserved.

16.8 Subd. 3. **Report.** Each grant recipient shall report to the commissioner, at a time and in
 16.9 a manner specified by the commissioner, information on the use of grant funding and
 16.10 outcomes achieved. The commissioner shall compile this information into a report and shall
 16.11 provide the report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees
 16.12 with jurisdiction over health and human services policy and finance by December 15, 2020.

16.13 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.37, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

16.14 Subd. 12. **Administration of opiate antagonists for drug overdose.** (a) A licensed
 16.15 physician, a licensed advanced practice registered nurse authorized to prescribe drugs
 16.16 pursuant to section 148.235, or a licensed physician assistant authorized to prescribe drugs
 16.17 pursuant to section 147A.18 may authorize the following individuals to administer opiate
 16.18 antagonists, as defined in section 604A.04, subdivision 1:

16.19 (1) an emergency medical responder registered pursuant to section 144E.27;
 16.20 (2) a peace officer as defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraphs (c) and (d);
 16.21 ~~and~~

16.22 (3) staff of community-based health disease prevention or social service programs;

16.23 (4) a probation or supervised release officer;

16.24 (5) a volunteer firefighter; and

16.25 (6) a licensed school nurse or certified public health nurse employed by, or under contract
 16.26 with, a school board under section 121A.21.

16.27 (b) For the purposes of this subdivision, opiate antagonists may be administered by one
 16.28 of these individuals only if:

16.29 (1) the licensed physician, licensed physician assistant, or licensed advanced practice
 16.30 registered nurse has issued a standing order to, or entered into a protocol with, the individual;
 16.31 and

17.1 (2) the individual has training in the recognition of signs of opiate overdose and the use
 17.2 of opiate antagonists as part of the emergency response to opiate overdose.

15.29 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.37, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

15.30 Subd. 12. **Administration of opiate antagonists for drug overdose.** (a) A licensed
 15.31 physician, a licensed advanced practice registered nurse authorized to prescribe drugs
 15.32 pursuant to section 148.235, or a licensed physician assistant authorized to prescribe drugs
 16.1 pursuant to section 147A.18 may authorize the following individuals to administer opiate
 16.2 antagonists, as defined in section 604A.04, subdivision 1:

16.3 (1) an emergency medical responder registered pursuant to section 144E.27;

16.4 (2) a peace officer as defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraphs (c) and (d);

16.5 ~~and~~

16.6 (3) ~~correctional employees of a state and local political subdivision; and~~

16.7 (4) staff of community-based health disease prevention or social service programs.

16.8 (b) For the purposes of this subdivision, opiate antagonists may be administered by one
 16.9 of these individuals only if:

16.10 (1) the licensed physician, licensed physician assistant, or licensed advanced practice
 16.11 registered nurse has issued a standing order to, or entered into a protocol with, the individual;
 16.12 and

16.13 (2) the individual has training in the recognition of signs of opiate overdose and the use
 16.14 of opiate antagonists as part of the emergency response to opiate overdose.

17.3 (c) Nothing in this section prohibits the possession and administration of naloxone
17.4 pursuant to section 604A.04.

17.5 **ARTICLE 5**

17.6 **APPROPRIATIONS**

17.7 Section 1. **BUREAU OF CRIMINAL APPREHENSION.**

17.8 \$288,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$288,000 in fiscal year 2021 are appropriated from the
17.9 opioid stewardship fund to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension for two additional special
17.10 agent positions within the bureau focused on drug interdiction and drug trafficking. The
17.11 special agents whose positions are authorized under this section shall, whenever possible,
17.12 coordinate with the federal Drug Enforcement Administration in efforts to address drug
17.13 trafficking in Minnesota. The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall report by November
17.14 I, 2021, to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with
17.15 jurisdiction over health and human services policy and finance and public safety, on the
17.16 initiatives funded under this section. This is an ongoing appropriation from the opioid
17.17 stewardship fund.

17.18 Sec. 2. **COMMISSIONER OF HUMAN SERVICES.**

17.19 (a) \$8,283,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated from the opioid stewardship fund to
17.20 the commissioner of human services. The commissioner, in consultation with the Opioid
17.21 Addiction Advisory Council, shall distribute the appropriation according to this section.
17.22 All appropriations in this section are onetime, unless otherwise specified.

17.23 (b) At least 30 percent of the available funds shall be used for county social services
17.24 agencies and tribal social service agency initiative projects authorized by the commissioner
17.25 under section 256.01, subdivision 14b, to provide services to children in placement. The
17.26 commissioner shall distribute the money allocated under this subdivision proportionally to
17.27 counties and tribes based on the number of open child protection case management cases
17.28 using data from the previous calendar year.

17.29 (c) At least ten percent of the available funds shall be used to provide grants to county
17.30 boards to fund programs and services to prevent and treat opioid addiction.

16.15 (c) Nothing in this section prohibits the possession and administration of naloxone
16.16 pursuant to section 604A.04.

16.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

26.5 Sec. 11. **APPROPRIATION.**

26.6 (a) \$2,000,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$2,000,000 in fiscal year 2021 are appropriated
26.7 from the general fund to the commissioner of public safety for violent crime enforcement
26.8 team grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.642, subdivision 9. In awarding these
26.9 grants, the commissioner must place a priority on funding nonmetro teams. The commissioner
26.10 of public safety shall provide outreach, technical assistance, and program development
26.11 support to increase the capacity of small communities to access grants under Minnesota
26.12 Statutes, section 299A.642, subdivision 9, particularly in areas where violent crime
26.13 enforcement teams have not been established, especially in greater Minnesota. By February
26.14 1 of each year, the commissioner shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members
26.15 of the senate and house of representatives committees and divisions having jurisdiction over
26.16 criminal justice policy and funding on the distribution of grants, outreach, assistance, and
26.17 support under this paragraph. The report must include information on the total number of
26.18 requests for grants, outreach, assistance, and support, where these requests originated, and
26.19 the amount of money for each successful request.

27.5 (h) \$384,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner
27.6 of public safety for Bureau of Criminal Apprehension drug scientists and lab supplies.

18.1 (d) The commissioner may use up to five percent of the available funds for administration
 18.2 of this section and to provide staff and administrative services for the Opioid Addiction
 18.3 Advisory Council.

18.4 (e) The remaining appropriation must be used for providing grants to nonprofit
 18.5 organizations for the purpose of expanding prescriber education and public awareness and
 18.6 the purchase of opiate antagonists for distribution to the health care and public safety
 18.7 communities.

18.8 (f) Each recipient of grants or funding for fiscal year 2020 shall report to the
 18.9 commissioner and the Opioid Addiction Advisory Council on how the funds were spent
 18.10 and the outcomes achieved, in the form and manner specified by the commissioner.

18.11 **Sec. 3. COMMISSIONER OF HEALTH.**

18.12 Subdivision 1. **Grants to qualified entities.** \$2,000,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated
 18.13 from the opioid stewardship fund to the commissioner of health for grants to qualified
 18.14 entities for opioid addiction and substance use disorder programs under Minnesota Statutes,
 18.15 section 145.9272. This is a onetime appropriation.

18.16 Subd. 2. **Opioid prevention pilot project.** \$2,400,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated
 18.17 from the opioid stewardship fund to the commissioner of health to continue and expand
 18.18 opioid abuse prevention pilot projects under Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 6,
 18.19 article 10, section 144. This is a onetime appropriation.

18.20 Subd. 3. **Non-narcotic pain management and wellness.** \$1,250,000 is appropriated in
 18.21 fiscal year 2020 from the opioid stewardship fund to the commissioner of health, to provide
 18.22 funding for:

18.23 (1) statewide mapping and assessment of community-based non-narcotic pain
 18.24 management and wellness resources, including access to implantable and nonimplantable
 18.25 medical devices; and

26.31 (f) \$249,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner
 26.32 of human services for the provision of administrative services to the Opiate Epidemic
 27.1 Response Advisory Council and for the administration of the grants awarded under paragraph
 27.2 (h).

27.7 (i) \$800,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner
 27.8 of human services for grants of \$400,000 to CHI St. Gabriel's Health Family Medical Center
 27.9 for the opioid-focused Project ECHO program and \$400,000 to Hennepin Health Care for
 27.10 the opioid-focused Project ECHO program.

27.11 (j) \$200,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner
 27.12 of human services for a grant to a nonprofit organization that has provided overdose
 27.13 prevention programs to the public in at least 60 counties within the state, for at least three
 27.14 years, has received federal funding before January 1, 2019, and is dedicated to addressing
 27.15 the opioid epidemic. The grant must be used for opioid overdose prevention, community
 27.16 asset mapping, education, and overdose antagonist distribution.

18.26 (2) up to five demonstration projects in different geographic areas of the state to provide
18.27 community-based non-narcotic pain management and wellness resources, including
18.28 implantable and nonimplantable medical devices, to patients and consumers.

18.29 The demonstration projects must include an evaluation component and scalability analysis.
18.30 The commissioner shall award the grant for the statewide mapping and assessment, and the
18.31 demonstration project grants, through a competitive request for proposal process. Grants
18.32 for statewide mapping and assessment and demonstration projects may be awarded
18.33 simultaneously. In awarding demonstration project grants, the commissioner shall give
19.1 preference to proposals that incorporate innovative community partnerships, are informed
19.2 and led by people in the community where the project is taking place, and are culturally
19.3 relevant and delivered by culturally competent providers. This is a onetime appropriation.

19.4 Subd. 4. **Culturally specific opioid addiction prevention and treatment programs.** (a)
19.5 \$4,520,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$4,520,000 in fiscal year 2021 are appropriated from
19.6 the opioid stewardship fund to the commissioner of health, to award, beginning July 1,
19.7 2019, five-year grants to: (1) tribal governments; and (2) American Indian organizations
19.8 providing services to American Indians residing in urban areas of the state. Grant dollars
19.9 may be used to design, implement, and evaluate culturally specific opioid addiction
19.10 prevention and treatment programs, or to expand or modify existing programs. Program
19.11 design, implementation, expansion, modification, and evaluation shall be conducted by
19.12 tribal health and elected leaders, and the leaders of American Indian organizations awarded
19.13 grants. These leaders shall also determine which strategies and activities are culturally
19.14 appropriate. The commissioner shall provide the tribes and organizations awarded grants
19.15 with technical assistance. Grant awards may be used to support competitive compensation
19.16 for staff members and to pay for fringe, indirect, training and continued education, travel,
19.17 supply, and evaluation costs. Base funding for these grants is \$4,520,000 for fiscal year
19.18 2022 and \$4,520,000 for fiscal year 2023.

19.19 (b) Of the appropriation in paragraph (a), \$3,300,000 each fiscal year is for the
19.20 commissioner to provide grants of equal value to each tribe and to apportion an additional
19.21 amount among the tribes based on the number of tribal members.

19.22 (c) Of the appropriation in paragraph (a), \$1,250,000 each fiscal year is for the
19.23 commissioner to award grants to American Indian organizations providing services in urban
19.24 areas, using a competitive request for proposal process. A grant to an organization shall not
19.25 exceed \$250,000 per fiscal year.

19.26 Subd. 5. **Administration.** \$890,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$702,000 in fiscal year 2021
19.27 are appropriated from the opioid stewardship fund to the commissioner of health to administer
19.28 the programs in this section. The base for administration is \$485,000 in fiscal year 2022
19.29 and \$485,000 in fiscal year 2023.

19.30 Sec. 4. **HEALTH RELATED BOARDS.**

19.31 Subdivision 1. **Board of Dentistry; continuing education.** \$11,000 in fiscal year 2020
 19.32 is appropriated from the opioid stewardship fund to the Board of Dentistry for costs associated
 19.33 with continuing education on prescribing opioids and controlled substances and
 19.34 nonpharmacologic alternatives for pain management. This is a onetime appropriation.

20.1 Subd. 2. **Board of Nursing; continuing education.** \$17,000 in fiscal year 2020 is
 20.2 appropriated from the opioid stewardship fund to the Board of Nursing for costs associated
 20.3 with continuing education on prescribing opioids and controlled substances and
 20.4 nonpharmacologic alternatives for pain management. This is a onetime appropriation.

20.5 Subd. 3. **Board of Optometry; continuing education.** \$5,000 in fiscal year 2020 is
 20.6 appropriated from the opioid stewardship fund to the Board of Optometry for costs associated
 20.7 with continuing education on prescribing opioids and controlled substances. This is a onetime
 20.8 appropriation.

20.9 Subd. 4. **Board of Podiatric Medicine; continuing education.** \$5,000 in fiscal year
 20.10 2020 is appropriated from the opioid stewardship fund to the Board of Podiatric Medicine
 20.11 for costs associated with continuing education on prescribing opioids and controlled
 20.12 substances. This is a onetime appropriation.

20.13 Subd. 5. **Board of Medical Practice; continuing education.** \$17,000 in fiscal year
 20.14 2020 is appropriated from the opioid stewardship fund to the Board of Medical Practice for
 20.15 costs associated with continuing education on prescribing opioids and controlled substances
 20.16 and nonpharmacologic alternatives for pain management. This is a onetime appropriation.

20.17 Subd. 6. **Board of Pharmacy.** \$284,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$126,000 in fiscal year
 20.18 2021 are appropriated from the opioid stewardship fund to the Board of Pharmacy for
 20.19 collection of the registration fee under Minnesota Statutes, section 151.77. This is an ongoing
 20.20 appropriation from the opioid stewardship fund.

27.17 (k) \$11,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated from the state government special revenue
 27.18 fund to the Board of Dentistry to implement the continuing education requirements under
 27.19 Minnesota Statutes, section 214.12.

27.23 (m) \$17,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated from the state government special revenue
 27.24 fund to the Board of Nursing to implement the continuing education requirements under
 27.25 Minnesota Statutes, section 214.12.

27.26 (n) \$5,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated from the state government special revenue
 27.27 fund to the Board of Optometry to implement the continuing education requirements under
 27.28 Minnesota Statutes, section 214.12.

27.29 (o) \$5,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated from the state government special revenue
 27.30 fund to the Board of Podiatric Medicine to implement the continuing education requirements
 27.31 under Minnesota Statutes, section 214.12.

27.20 (l) \$17,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated from the state government special revenue
 27.21 fund to the Board of Medical Practice to implement the continuing education requirements
 27.22 under Minnesota Statutes, section 214.12.

27.3 (g) \$126,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated from the general fund to the Board of
 27.4 Pharmacy for the collection of the registration fees under section 151.066.

26.20 (b) \$244,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated from the general fund to the Board of
 26.21 Pharmacy for onetime information technology and operating costs for administration of
 26.22 licensing activities under Minnesota Statutes, section 151.066. This is a onetime
 26.23 appropriation.

26.24 (c) \$500,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated from the general fund for Board of
 26.25 Pharmacy operations under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 151.

26.26 (d) \$500,000 in fiscal year 2021 is appropriated from the opiate epidemic response
 26.27 account in the special revenue fund for Board of Pharmacy operations under Minnesota
 26.28 Statutes, chapter 151.

26.29 (e) \$300,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner
 26.30 of management and budget for evaluation activities under section 256.042.