

ARTICLE 6**PUBLIC SAFETY AND CRIME VICTIMS**

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144.6586, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Contents of notice.** The commissioners of health and public safety, in consultation with sexual assault victim advocates and health care professionals, shall develop the notice required by subdivision 1. The notice must inform the victim, at a minimum, of:

(1) the obligation under section 609.35 of the ~~county where the criminal sexual conduct occurred~~ state to pay for the examination performed for the purpose of gathering evidence, that payment is not contingent on the victim reporting the criminal sexual conduct to law enforcement, and that the victim may incur expenses for treatment of injuries;

(2) the victim's rights if the crime is reported to law enforcement, including the victim's right to apply for reparations under sections 611A.51 to 611A.68, information on how to apply for reparations, and information on how to obtain an order for protection or a harassment restraining order; and

(3) the opportunity under section 611A.27 to obtain status information about an unrestricted sexual assault examination kit, as defined in section 299C.106, subdivision 1, paragraph (h).

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 145.4712, is amended to read:

145.4712 EMERGENCY CARE TO SEXUAL ASSAULT VICTIMS.

Subdivision 1. **Emergency care to female sexual assault victims.** (a) It shall be the standard of care for all hospitals and other health care providers that provide emergency care to, at a minimum:

(1) provide each female sexual assault victim with medically and factually accurate and unbiased written and oral information about emergency contraception from the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists and distributed to all hospitals by the Department of Health;

(2) orally inform each female sexual assault victim of the option of being provided with emergency contraception at the hospital or other health care facility; and

(3) immediately provide emergency contraception to each sexual assault victim who requests it provided it is not medically contraindicated and is ordered by a legal prescriber. Emergency contraception shall be administered in accordance with current medical protocols regarding timing and dosage necessary to complete the treatment.

2.1 (b) A hospital or health care provider may administer a pregnancy test. If the pregnancy
 2.2 test is positive, the hospital or health care provider does not have to comply with the
 2.3 provisions in paragraph (a).

2.4 Subd. 2. **Emergency care to male and female sexual assault victims.** It shall be the
 2.5 standard of care for all hospitals and health care providers that provide emergency care to,
 2.6 at a minimum:

2.7 (1) provide each sexual assault victim with factually accurate and unbiased written and
 2.8 oral medical information about prophylactic antibiotics for treatment of sexually transmitted
 2.9 ~~diseases~~ infections;

2.10 (2) orally inform each sexual assault victim of the option of being provided prophylactic
 2.11 antibiotics for treatment of sexually transmitted ~~diseases~~ infections at the hospital or other
 2.12 health care facility; and

2.13 (3) immediately provide prophylactic antibiotics for treatment of sexually transmitted
 2.14 ~~diseases~~ infections to each sexual assault victim who requests it, provided it is not medically
 2.15 contraindicated and is ordered by a legal prescriber.

2.16 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169A.40, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

2.17 Subd. 3. **Certain DWI offenders; custodial arrest.** (a) Notwithstanding rule 6.01 of
 2.18 the Rules of Criminal Procedure, a peace officer acting without a warrant who has decided
 2.19 to proceed with the prosecution of a person for violating section 169A.20 (driving while
 2.20 impaired), shall arrest and take the person into custody, ~~and the person must be detained~~
 2.21 ~~until the person's first court appearance~~, if the officer has reason to believe that the violation
 2.22 occurred:

2.23 (1) under the circumstances described in section 169A.24 (first-degree driving while
 2.24 impaired) ~~or~~;

2.25 (2) under the circumstances described in section 169A.25 (second-degree driving while
 2.26 impaired);

2.27 ~~(2)~~ (3) under the circumstances described in section 169A.26 (third-degree driving while
 2.28 impaired) if the person is under the age of 19;

2.29 ~~(3)~~ (4) in the presence of an aggravating factor described in section 169A.03, subdivision
 2.30 3, clause (2) or (3); or

3.1 ~~(4)~~(5) while the person's driver's license or driving privileges have been canceled under
3.2 section 171.04, subdivision 1, clause (10) (persons not eligible for drivers' licenses, inimical
3.3 to public safety).

3.4 (b) A person described in paragraph (a), clause (1) or (5), must be detained until the
3.5 person's first court appearance.

3.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

3.7 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169A.41, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

3.8 Subdivision 1. **When authorized.** When a peace officer has reason to believe from the
3.9 manner in which a person is driving, operating, controlling, or acting upon departure from
3.10 a motor vehicle, or has driven, operated, or controlled a motor vehicle, that the driver may
3.11 be violating or has violated section 169A.20 (driving while impaired), 169A.31
3.12 (alcohol-related school bus or Head Start bus driving), or 169A.33 (underage drinking and
3.13 driving), or an alcohol-related violation of section 221.0314 or 221.605 committed by a
3.14 driver of a commercial vehicle, the officer may require the driver to provide a sample of
3.15 the driver's breath for a preliminary screening test using a device approved by the
3.16 commissioner for this purpose.

3.17 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169A.41, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

3.18 Subd. 2. **Use of test results.** The results of this preliminary screening test must be used
3.19 for the purpose of deciding whether an arrest should be made and whether to require the
3.20 tests authorized in section 169A.51 (chemical tests for intoxication), but must not be used
3.21 in any court action except the following:

3.22 (1) to prove that a test was properly required of a person pursuant to section 169A.51,
3.23 subdivision 1;

3.24 (2) in a civil action arising out of the operation or use of the motor vehicle;

3.25 (3) in an action for license reinstatement under section 171.19;

3.26 (4) in a prosecution for a violation of section 169A.20, subdivision 2 (driving while
3.27 impaired; test refusal);

3.28 (5) in a prosecution or juvenile court proceeding concerning a violation of section
3.29 169A.33 (underage drinking and driving), or 340A.503, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause
3.30 (2) (underage alcohol consumption);

4.1 (6) in a prosecution under section 169A.31 (alcohol-related school or Head Start bus
4.2 driving), or 171.30 (limited license); ~~or~~

4.3 (7) in a prosecution for a violation of a restriction on a driver's license under section
4.4 171.09, which provides that the license holder may not use or consume any amount of
4.5 alcohol or a controlled substance; or

4.6 (8) in a prosecution for a violation of Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, part 392, as
4.7 adopted in sections 221.0314, subdivision 6, and 221.605.

4.8 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169A.44, is amended to read:

4.9 **169A.44 CONDITIONAL RELEASE.**

4.10 Subdivision 1. **Nonfelony violations.** (a) This subdivision applies to a person charged
4.11 with a nonfelony violation of section 169A.20 (driving while impaired) under circumstances
4.12 described in section 169A.40, subdivision 3 (certain DWI offenders; custodial arrest).

4.13 (b) Except as provided in subdivision 3, unless maximum bail is imposed under section
4.14 629.471, a person described in paragraph (a) may be released from detention only if the
4.15 person agrees to:

4.16 (1) abstain from alcohol; and

4.17 (2) submit to a program of electronic alcohol monitoring, involving at least daily
4.18 measurements of the person's alcohol concentration, pending resolution of the charge.

4.19 Clause (2) applies only when electronic alcohol-monitoring equipment is available to
4.20 the court. The court shall require partial or total reimbursement from the person for the cost
4.21 of the electronic alcohol monitoring, to the extent the person is able to pay.

4.22 Subd. 2. **Felony violations.** (a) Except as provided in subdivision 3, a person charged
4.23 with violating section 169A.20 within ten years of the first of three or more qualified prior
4.24 impaired driving incidents may be released from detention only if the following conditions
4.25 are imposed:

4.26 (1) the conditions described in subdivision 1, paragraph (b), if applicable;

4.27 (2) the impoundment of the registration plates of the vehicle used to commit the violation,
4.28 unless already impounded;

4.29 (3) if the vehicle used to commit the violation was an off-road recreational vehicle or a
4.30 motorboat, the impoundment of the off-road recreational vehicle or motorboat;

4.31 (4) a requirement that the person report weekly to a probation agent;

5.1 (5) a requirement that the person abstain from consumption of alcohol and controlled
5.2 substances and submit to random alcohol tests or urine analyses at least weekly;

5.3 (6) a requirement that, if convicted, the person reimburse the court or county for the
5.4 total cost of these services; and

5.5 (7) any other conditions of release ordered by the court.

5.6 (b) In addition to setting forth conditions of release under paragraph (a), if required by
5.7 court rule, the court shall also fix the amount of money bail without other conditions upon
5.8 which the defendant may obtain release.

5.9 Subd. 3. **Exception; ignition interlock program.** (a) A court is not required, either
5.10 when initially reviewing a person's release or when modifying the terms of the person's
5.11 release, to order a person charged with violating section 169A.24 (first-degree driving while
5.12 impaired), 169A.25 (second-degree driving while impaired), or 169A.26 (third-degree
5.13 driving while impaired) to submit to a program of electronic alcohol monitoring under
5.14 subdivision 1 or 2 if the person becomes a program participant in the ignition interlock
5.15 program under section 171.306.

5.16 (b) A judicial officer, county agency, or probation office may not require or suggest that
5.17 the person use a particular ignition interlock vendor when complying with this subdivision
5.18 but may provide the person with a list of all Minnesota vendors of certified devices.

5.19 (c) Paragraph (b) does not apply in counties where a contract exists for a specific vendor
5.20 to provide interlock device service for program participants who are indigent pursuant to
5.21 section 171.306, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), clause (1).

5.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

5.23 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169A.60, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

5.24 Subd. 2. **Plate impoundment violation; impoundment order.** (a) The commissioner
5.25 shall issue a registration plate impoundment order when:

5.26 (1) a person's driver's license or driving privileges are revoked for a plate impoundment
5.27 violation;

5.28 (2) a person is arrested for or charged with a plate impoundment violation described in
5.29 subdivision 1, paragraph (d), clause (5); or

5.30 (3) a person issued new registration plates pursuant to subdivision 13, paragraph (f),
5.31 violates the terms of the ignition interlock program as described in subdivision 13, paragraph
5.32 (g).

6.1 (b) The order must require the impoundment of the registration plates of the motor
 6.2 vehicle involved in the plate impoundment violation ~~and all motor vehicles owned by,~~
 6.3 ~~registered, or leased in the name of the violator, including motor vehicles registered jointly~~
 6.4 ~~or leased in the name of the violator and another.~~ The commissioner shall not issue an
 6.5 impoundment order for the registration plates of a rental vehicle, as defined in section
 6.6 168.041, subdivision 10, or a vehicle registered in another state.

6.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023, and applies to acts
 6.8 occurring on or after that date.

6.9 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 171.306, is amended by adding a subdivision to
 6.10 read:

6.11 Subd. 9. **Choice of vendor.** (a) A judicial officer, county agency, or probation office
 6.12 may not require or suggest that a person participating in the ignition interlock program under
 6.13 this section use a particular ignition interlock vendor but may provide the person with a list
 6.14 of all Minnesota vendors of certified devices.

6.15 (b) Paragraph (a) does not apply in counties where a contract exists for a specific vendor
 6.16 to provide interlock device service for program participants who are indigent pursuant to
 6.17 subdivision 2, paragraph (b), clause (1).

6.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

6.19 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256I.04, subdivision 2g, is amended to read:

6.20 Subd. 2g. **Crisis shelters.** Secure crisis shelters for ~~battered women~~ victims of domestic
 6.21 abuse and their children designated by the Minnesota Department of ~~Corrections~~ Public
 6.22 Safety are not eligible for housing support under this chapter.

6.23 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 297I.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

6.24 Subdivision 1. **Insurance policies surcharge.** (a) Except as otherwise provided in
 6.25 subdivision 2, each licensed insurer engaged in writing policies of homeowner's insurance
 6.26 authorized in section 60A.06, subdivision 1, clause (1)(c), or commercial fire policies or
 6.27 commercial nonliability policies shall collect a surcharge as provided in this paragraph.
 6.28 ~~Through June 30, 2013,~~ The surcharge is equal to 0.65 percent of the gross premiums and
 6.29 assessments, less return premiums, on direct business received by the company, or by its
 6.30 agents for it, for homeowner's insurance policies, commercial fire policies, and commercial
 6.31 nonliability insurance policies in this state. ~~Beginning July 1, 2013, the surcharge is 0.5~~
 6.32 ~~percent.~~

7.1 (b) The surcharge amount collected under paragraph (a) or subdivision 2, paragraph (b),
 7.2 may not be considered premium for any other purpose. The surcharge amount under
 7.3 paragraph (a) must be separately stated on either a billing or policy declaration or document
 7.4 containing similar information sent to an insured.

7.5 (c) Amounts collected by the commissioner under this section must be deposited in the
 7.6 fire safety account established pursuant to subdivision 3.

7.7 **Sec. 11. [299A.012] ACCEPTANCE OF PRIVATE FUNDS; APPROPRIATION.**

7.8 (a) The commissioner may accept donations, nonfederal grants, bequests, and other gifts
 7.9 of money to carry out the purposes of chapter 299A. The commissioner may not accept any
 7.10 contributions under this section unless the contributions can be applied to divisions and
 7.11 programs that are related to statutory duties of the department. Donations, nonfederal grants,
 7.12 bequests, or other gifts of money accepted by the commissioner must be deposited in an
 7.13 account in the special revenue fund and are appropriated to the commissioner for the purpose
 7.14 for which the money was given if the department is authorized to conduct that activity under
 7.15 this chapter.

7.16 (b) By January 15 of each year, the commissioner shall report to the chairs and ranking
 7.17 minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction
 7.18 over public safety policy and finance on the money received under this section, the sources
 7.19 of the money, and the specific purposes for which it was used.

7.20 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.296, is amended to read:

7.21 **299A.296 COMMUNITY CRIME INTERVENTION AND PREVENTION**
 7.22 **PROGRAMS; GRANTS.**

7.23 Subdivision 1. **Programs.** The commissioner shall, ~~in consultation with the chemical~~
 7.24 ~~abuse and violence prevention council,~~ administer a grant program to fund community-based
 7.25 programs that ~~are designed to enhance the community's sense of personal security and to~~
 7.26 ~~assist the community in its crime control and prevention efforts~~ operate crime or violence
 7.27 prevention and intervention programs that provide direct services to community members.
 7.28 Programs must be culturally competent and identify specific outcomes that can be tracked
 7.29 and measured to demonstrate the impact the program has on community crime and violence.
 7.30 Examples of qualifying programs include, but are not limited to, the following:

8.1 (1) community-based programs designed to provide services for children ~~under 14 years~~
8.2 ~~of age and youth~~ who are juvenile offenders ~~or who are at risk of becoming juvenile~~
8.3 ~~offenders~~. The programs must give priority to:

8.4 (i) juvenile restitution;

8.5 (ii) prearrest or pretrial diversion, including through mediation;

8.6 (iii) probation innovation;

8.7 (iv) teen courts, community service; or

8.8 (v) post-incarceration alternatives to assist youth in returning to their communities;

8.9 (2) community-based programs designed to provide at-risk children and youth ~~under 14~~
8.10 ~~years of age~~ with after-school and summer enrichment activities;

8.11 (3) community-based programs designed to discourage young people from involvement
8.12 in unlawful drug or street gang activities, such as neighborhood youth centers;

8.13 (4) neighborhood block clubs and innovative community-based crime prevention
8.14 programs;

8.15 (5) community- and school-based programs designed to enrich the educational, cultural,
8.16 or recreational opportunities of at-risk children and youth, including programs designed to
8.17 keep at-risk youth from dropping out of school and encourage school dropouts to return to
8.18 school;

8.19 (6) community-based programs designed to intervene with juvenile offenders who are
8.20 identified as likely to engage in repeated criminal activity in the future unless intervention
8.21 is undertaken;

8.22 (7) community-based collaboratives that coordinate multiple programs and funding
8.23 sources to address the needs of at-risk children and youth, including, but not limited to,
8.24 collaboratives that address the continuum of services for juvenile offenders and those who
8.25 are at risk of becoming juvenile offenders;

8.26 (8) programs that are proven successful at increasing the rate of school success or the
8.27 rate of postsecondary education attendance for high-risk students;

8.28 (9) ~~community-based programs that provide services to homeless youth~~ assistance
8.29 programs;

8.30 (10) programs designed to reduce truancy;

9.1 (11) other community- and school-based crime prevention programs that are innovative
9.2 and encourage substantial involvement by members of the community served by the program;

9.3 (12) community-based programs that attempt to prevent and educate on the risks of sex
9.4 trafficking, ameliorate the effects of ~~teenage prostitution~~ sex trafficking, or both;

9.5 (13) programs for mentoring at-risk youth, including youth at risk of gang involvement;
9.6 ~~and~~

9.7 (14) programs operated by community violence prevention councils;

9.8 (15) programs that intervene in volatile situations to mediate disputes before they become
9.9 violent; and

9.10 (16) programs that provide services to individuals and families harmed by gun violence.

9.11 Subd. 2. **Grant procedure.** (a) A local unit of government or a nonprofit
9.12 community-based entity may apply for a grant by submitting an application with the
9.13 commissioner. The applicant shall specify the following in its application:

9.14 (1) a description of each program for which funding is sought;

9.15 (2) specific outcomes and performance indicators for the program;

9.16 (3) a description of the planning process that identifies local community needs, surveys
9.17 existing programs, provides for coordination with existing programs, and involves all affected
9.18 sectors of the community;

9.19 (4) the geographical area to be served by the program; and

9.20 (5) ~~statistical information as to the number of arrests in the geographical area for violent~~
9.21 ~~crimes and for crimes involving Schedule I and II controlled substances. "Violent crime"~~
9.22 ~~includes a violation of or an attempt or conspiracy to violate any of the following laws:~~
9.23 ~~sections 609.185; 609.19; 609.195; 609.20; 609.205; 609.2112; 609.2113; 609.2114; 609.221;~~
9.24 ~~609.222; 609.223; 609.228; 609.235; 609.24; 609.245; 609.25; 609.255; 609.2661; 609.2662;~~
9.25 ~~609.2663; 609.2664; 609.2665; 609.267; 609.2671; 609.268; 609.342; 609.343; 609.344;~~
9.26 ~~609.345; 609.498, subdivision 1; 609.561; 609.562; 609.582, subdivision 1; 609.687; or~~
9.27 ~~any provision of chapter 152 that is punishable by a maximum sentence greater than ten~~
9.28 ~~years; or Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 609.21; and~~ crime data or other statistical
9.29 information to demonstrate the need for the proposed services.

9.30 (6) ~~the number of economically disadvantaged youth in the geographical areas to be~~
9.31 ~~served by the program.~~

10.1 (b) The commissioner shall give priority to funding community-based collaboratives,
 10.2 programs that demonstrate ~~substantial~~ involvement by members of the community served
 10.3 by the program, programs that have local government or law enforcement support, community
 10.4 intervention and prevention programs that are reducing disparities in the communities they
 10.5 serve, and programs that ~~either serve the geographical areas that have the highest crime~~
 10.6 ~~rates, as measured by the data supplied under paragraph (a), clause (5), or serve geographical~~
 10.7 ~~areas that have the largest concentrations of economically disadvantaged youth. Up to 2.5~~
 10.8 ~~percent of the appropriation may be used by the commissioner to administer the program~~
 10.9 serve communities disproportionately impacted by violent crime.

10.10 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.38, is amended to read:

10.11 **299A.38 SOFT BODY ARMOR REIMBURSEMENT.**

10.12 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** As used in this section:

10.13 ~~(a)~~ (1) "commissioner" means the commissioner of public safety;

10.14 (2) "firefighter" means a volunteer, paid on-call, part-time, or career firefighter serving
 10.15 a general population within the boundaries of the state;

10.16 ~~(b)~~ (3) "peace officer" means a person who is licensed under section 626.84, subdivision
 10.17 1, paragraph (c);

10.18 (4) "public safety officer" means a peace officer, firefighter, or qualified emergency
 10.19 medical service provider;

10.20 (5) "qualified emergency medical service provider" means a person certified under
 10.21 section 144E.28 who is actively employed by a Minnesota licensed ambulance service; and

10.22 ~~(e)~~ (6) "vest" means bullet-resistant soft body armor that is flexible, concealable, and
 10.23 custom fitted to the ~~peace~~ public safety officer to provide ballistic and trauma protection.

10.24 Subd. 2. **State and local reimbursement.** ~~Peace~~ Public safety officers and heads of
 10.25 ~~local law enforcement~~ agencies and entities who buy vests for the use of ~~peace~~ public safety
 10.26 officer employees may apply to the commissioner for reimbursement of funds spent to buy
 10.27 vests. On approving an application for reimbursement, the commissioner shall pay the
 10.28 applicant an amount equal to the lesser of one-half of the vest's purchase price or \$600, as
 10.29 adjusted according to subdivision 2a. The ~~political subdivision~~ agency or entity that employs
 10.30 the ~~peace~~ public safety officer shall pay at least the lesser of one-half of the vest's purchase
 10.31 price or \$600, as adjusted according to subdivision 2a. The ~~political subdivision~~ employer
 10.32 may not deduct or pay its share of the vest's cost from any clothing, maintenance, or similar

11.1 allowance otherwise provided to the ~~peace~~ public safety officer by the ~~law enforcement~~
11.2 agency employer.

11.3 Subd. 2a. **Adjustment of reimbursement amount.** On October 1, 2006, the
11.4 commissioner of public safety shall adjust the \$600 reimbursement amounts specified in
11.5 subdivision 2, and in each subsequent year, on October 1, the commissioner shall adjust the
11.6 reimbursement amount applicable immediately preceding that October 1 date. The adjusted
11.7 rate must reflect the annual percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for all urban
11.8 consumers, published by the federal Bureau of Labor Statistics, occurring in the one-year
11.9 period ending on the preceding June 1.

11.10 Subd. 3. **Eligibility requirements.** (a) Only vests that either meet or exceed the
11.11 requirements of standard 0101.03 of the National Institute of Justice or that meet or exceed
11.12 the requirements of that standard, except wet armor conditioning, are eligible for
11.13 reimbursement.

11.14 (b) Eligibility for reimbursement is limited to vests bought after December 31, 1986, by
11.15 or for ~~peace~~ public safety officers (1) who did not own a vest meeting the requirements of
11.16 paragraph (a) before the purchase, or (2) who owned a vest that was at least five years old.

11.17 (c) The requirement set forth in paragraph (b), clauses (1) and (2), shall not apply to any
11.18 ~~peace~~ public safety officer who purchases a vest constructed from a zylon-based material,
11.19 provided that the ~~peace~~ public safety officer provides proof of purchase or possession of
11.20 the vest prior to July 1, 2005.

11.21 Subd. 4. **Rules.** The commissioner may adopt rules under chapter 14 to administer this
11.22 section.

11.23 Subd. 5. **Limitation of liability.** A state agency, political subdivision of the state, ~~or~~
11.24 state or local government employee, or other entity that provides reimbursement for purchase
11.25 of a vest under this section is not liable to a ~~peace~~ public safety officer or the ~~peace~~ public
11.26 safety officer's heirs for negligence in the death of or injury to the ~~peace~~ public safety officer
11.27 because the vest was defective or deficient.

11.28 Subd. 6. **Right to benefits unaffected.** A ~~peace~~ public safety officer who is reimbursed
11.29 for the purchase of a vest under this section and who suffers injury or death because the
11.30 officer failed to wear the vest, or because the officer wore a vest that was defective or
11.31 deficient, may not lose or be denied a benefit or right, including a benefit under section
11.32 299A.44, to which the officer, or the officer's heirs, is otherwise entitled.

12.1 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.41, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

12.2 Subd. 3. **Killed in the line of duty.** (a) "Killed in the line of duty" does not include
 12.3 deaths from natural causes, except as provided in this subdivision. In the case of a public
 12.4 safety officer, killed in the line of duty includes the death of a public safety officer caused
 12.5 by accidental means while the public safety officer is acting in the course and scope of
 12.6 duties as a public safety officer. Killed in the line of duty also means if a public safety officer
 12.7 dies as the direct and proximate result of a heart attack, stroke, or vascular rupture, that
 12.8 officer shall be presumed to have died as the direct and proximate result of a personal injury
 12.9 sustained in the line of duty if:

12.10 (1) that officer, while on duty:

12.11 (i) engaged in a situation, and that engagement involved nonroutine stressful or strenuous
 12.12 physical law enforcement, fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency
 12.13 medical services, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity; or

12.14 (ii) participated in a training exercise, and that participation involved nonroutine stressful
 12.15 or strenuous physical activity;

12.16 (2) that officer died as a result of a heart attack, stroke, or vascular rupture suffered:

12.17 (i) while engaging or participating under clause (1);

12.18 (ii) while still on duty after engaging or participating under clause (1); or

12.19 (iii) not later than 24 hours after engaging or participating under clause (1); and

12.20 (3) the presumption is not overcome by competent medical evidence to the contrary.

12.21 (b) "Killed in the line of duty" also means that the officer died due to suicide:

12.22 (1) secondary to a diagnosis of posttraumatic stress disorder as described in the most
 12.23 recent edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders published by
 12.24 the American Psychiatric Association; or

12.25 (2) within 45 days of the end of exposure, while on duty, to a traumatic event.

12.26 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.41, is amended by adding a subdivision
 12.27 to read:

12.28 Subd. 6. **Traumatic event.** "Traumatic event" means:

12.29 (1) a homicide, suicide, or the violent or gruesome death of another individual, including
 12.30 but not limited to a death resulting from a mass casualty event, mass fatality event, or mass
 12.31 shooting;

13.1 (2) a harrowing circumstance posing an extraordinary and significant danger or threat
 13.2 to the life of or of serious bodily harm to any individual, including but not limited to a death
 13.3 resulting from a mass casualty event, mass fatality event, or mass shooting; or

13.4 (3) an act of criminal sexual violence committed against any individual.

13.5 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.48, is amended to read:

13.6 **299A.48 CITATION.**

13.7 Sections 299A.48 to 299A.52 and 299K.095 may be cited as the "Minnesota ~~Hazardous~~
 13.8 ~~Materials~~ Emergency Incident Response Act."

13.9 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.49, is amended to read:

13.10 **299A.49 DEFINITIONS.**

13.11 Subdivision 1. **Scope.** For the purposes of sections 299A.48 to 299A.52 and 299K.095,
 13.12 the following terms have the meanings given ~~them~~.

13.13 Subd. 1a. **Bomb squad.** "Bomb squad" means a team trained, equipped, and authorized
 13.14 by the commissioner to evaluate and provide disposal operations for bombs or other similar
 13.15 hazardous explosives. Bomb squad includes a bomb disposal unit as defined in section
 13.16 299C.063.

13.17 ~~Subd. 2. **Chemical assessment team.** "Chemical assessment team" means a team (1)~~
 13.18 ~~trained, equipped, and authorized to evaluate and, when possible, provide simple mitigation~~
 13.19 ~~to a hazardous materials incident and (2) required to recommend to the local incident manager~~
 13.20 ~~the best means of controlling the hazard after consideration of life safety concerns,~~
 13.21 ~~environmental effects, exposure hazards, quantity and type of hazardous material, availability~~
 13.22 ~~of resources, or other relevant factors.~~

13.23 Subd. 3. **Commissioner.** "Commissioner" means the commissioner of public safety.

13.24 Subd. 3a. **Emergency response incident.** "Emergency response incident" means any
 13.25 incident to which the response of a state emergency response asset is required.

13.26 Subd. 4. **Hazardous materials.** "Hazardous materials" means substances or materials
 13.27 that, because of their chemical, physical, or biological nature, pose a potential risk to life,
 13.28 health, or property if they are released. "Hazardous materials" includes any substance or
 13.29 material in a particular form or quantity that may pose an unreasonable risk to health, safety,
 13.30 and property, or any substance or material in a quantity or form that may be harmful to
 13.31 humans, animals, crops, water systems, or other elements of the environment if accidentally

14.1 or intentionally released. Hazardous substances so designated may include explosives,
 14.2 radioactive materials, etiologic agents, flammable liquids or solids, combustible liquids or
 14.3 solids, poisons, oxidizing or corrosive materials, chemical and biological substances, and
 14.4 toxic or flammable gases.

14.5 Subd. 4a. **Hazardous materials emergency response team.** "Hazardous materials
 14.6 emergency response team" means a team (1) trained, equipped, and authorized to evaluate
 14.7 and, when possible, provide practical mitigation to a hazardous materials incident and (2)
 14.8 required to recommend to the local incident manager the best means of controlling the
 14.9 hazard after consideration of life safety concerns, environmental effects, exposure hazards,
 14.10 quantity and type of hazardous material, availability of resources, and other relevant factors.

14.11 **Subd. 5. Local unit of government.** "Local unit of government" means a county, home
 14.12 rule charter or statutory city, or town.

14.13 Subd. 5a. **Minnesota air rescue team.** "Minnesota air rescue team" means a team trained,
 14.14 equipped, and authorized by the commissioner to perform specialized air rescue operations.

14.15 **Subd. 6. Person.** "Person" means any individual, partnership, association, public or
 14.16 private corporation or other entity including the United States government, any interstate
 14.17 body, the state, and any agency, department, or political subdivision of the state.

14.18 ~~**Subd. 7. Regional hazardous materials response team.** "Regional hazardous materials~~
 14.19 ~~response team" means a team trained and equipped to respond to and mitigate a hazardous~~
 14.20 ~~materials release. A regional hazardous materials response team may include strategically~~
 14.21 ~~located chemical assessment teams.~~

14.22 Subd. 8. **State emergency response asset.** "State emergency response asset" means any
 14.23 team or teams defined under this section.

14.24 Subd. 9. **Urban search and rescue team (USAR).** "Urban search and rescue team" or
 14.25 "USAR" means a team trained and equipped to respond to and carry out rescue and recovery
 14.26 operations at the scene of a collapsed structure. A USAR team may include strategically
 14.27 located fire department assets combined under one joint powers agreement.

14.28 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.50, is amended to read:

14.29 **299A.50 RESPONSE PLAN.**

14.30 **Subdivision 1. Elements of plan; rules.** After consultation with the commissioners of
 14.31 natural resources, agriculture, transportation, and the Pollution Control Agency, the state
 14.32 fire marshal, the Emergency Response Commission, appropriate technical emergency

15.1 response representatives, and representatives of affected parties, the commissioner shall
 15.2 adopt rules to implement a statewide hazardous materials incident response plan. The plan
 15.3 must include:

15.4 (1) the locations of ~~up to five regional~~ hazardous materials emergency response teams,
 15.5 based on the location of hazardous materials, response time, proximity to large population
 15.6 centers, and other factors;

15.7 (2) the number and qualifications of members on each team;

15.8 (3) the responsibilities of ~~regional~~ hazardous materials emergency response teams;

15.9 (4) equipment needed for ~~regional~~ hazardous materials emergency response teams;

15.10 (5) procedures for selecting and contracting with local governments or nonpublic persons
 15.11 to establish ~~regional~~ hazardous materials emergency response teams;

15.12 (6) procedures for dispatching teams at the request of local governments;

15.13 (7) a fee schedule for reimbursing local governments or nonpublic persons responding
 15.14 to an incident; and

15.15 (8) coordination with other state departments and agencies, local units of government,
 15.16 other states, Indian tribes, the federal government, and other nonpublic persons.

15.17 Subd. 2. **Contract and agreement.** The commissioner may cooperate with and enter
 15.18 into contracts with other state departments and agencies, local units of government, other
 15.19 states, Indian tribes, the federal government, or nonpublic persons to implement the
 15.20 emergency incident response plan.

15.21 Subd. 3. **Long-term oversight; transition.** When a ~~regional~~ hazardous materials
 15.22 emergency response team has completed its response to an incident, the commissioner shall
 15.23 notify the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency, which is responsible for assessing
 15.24 environmental damage caused by the incident and providing oversight of monitoring and
 15.25 remediation of that damage from the time the response team has completed its activities.

15.26 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.51, is amended to read:

15.27 **299A.51 LIABILITY AND WORKERS' COMPENSATION.**

15.28 Subdivision 1. **Liability.** During operations authorized under section 299A.50, members
 15.29 of a ~~regional hazardous materials team~~ state emergency response asset operating outside
 15.30 their geographic jurisdiction are "employees of the state" as defined in section 3.736.

16.1 Subd. 2. **Workers' compensation.** During operations authorized under section 299A.50,
 16.2 members of a ~~regional hazardous materials team~~ state emergency response asset operating
 16.3 outside their geographic jurisdiction are considered employees of the Department of Public
 16.4 Safety for purposes of chapter 176.

16.5 Subd. 3. **Limitation.** A person who provides personnel and equipment to assist at the
 16.6 scene of a ~~hazardous materials~~ an emergency response incident outside the person's
 16.7 geographic jurisdiction or property, at the request of the state or a local unit of government,
 16.8 is not liable for any civil damages resulting from acts or omissions in providing the assistance,
 16.9 unless the person acts in a willful and wanton or reckless manner in providing the assistance.

16.10 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.52, is amended to read:

16.11 **299A.52 RESPONSIBLE ~~PERSON~~ PARTY.**

16.12 Subdivision 1. **Response liability.** A responsible ~~person~~ party, as described in section
 16.13 115B.03, is liable for the reasonable and necessary costs, including legal and administrative
 16.14 costs, of response to a ~~hazardous materials~~ an emergency response incident or explosives
 16.15 disposal under section 299C.063 incurred by a ~~regional hazardous materials response team~~
 16.16 state emergency response asset or local unit of government. For the purposes of this section,
 16.17 "hazardous substance" as used in section 115B.03 means "hazardous material" as defined
 16.18 in section 299A.49.

16.19 Subd. 2. **Expense recovery.** The commissioner shall assess the responsible ~~person~~ party
 16.20 ~~for the regional hazardous materials response team~~ an emergency response asset's costs of
 16.21 response. The commissioner may bring an action for recovery of unpaid costs, reasonable
 16.22 attorney fees, and any additional court costs. Any funds received by the commissioner under
 16.23 this subdivision are appropriated to the commissioner to pay for costs for which the funds
 16.24 were received. Any remaining funds at the end of the biennium shall be transferred to the
 16.25 Fire Safety Account.

16.26 Subd. 3. **Attempted avoidance of liability.** For purposes of sections 299A.48 to 299A.52
 16.27 and 299K.095, a responsible ~~person~~ party may not avoid liability by conveying any right,
 16.28 title, or interest in real property or by any indemnification, hold harmless agreement, or
 16.29 similar agreement.

16.30 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.642, subdivision 15, is amended to read:

16.31 Subd. 15. **Required reports.** By February 1 of each year, the commissioner of public
 16.32 safety shall submit the following reports to the chairs and ranking minority members of the

17.1 senate and house of representatives committees and divisions having jurisdiction over
17.2 criminal justice policy and funding:

17.3 (1) a report containing a summary of all audits conducted on multijurisdictional entities
17.4 under subdivision 4;

17.5 (2) a report on the results of audits conducted on data submitted to the criminal gang
17.6 investigative data system under section 299C.091; ~~and~~

17.7 (3) a report on the activities and goals of the coordinating council; and

17.8 (4) a report on how funds appropriated for violent crime reduction strategies were used.

17.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

17.10 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.73, is amended by adding a subdivision
17.11 to read:

17.12 Subd. 3a. **Report.** On or before March 31 of each year, the Minnesota Youth Intervention
17.13 Programs Association shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the
17.14 committees and divisions with jurisdiction over public safety policy and finance on the
17.15 implementation, use, and administration of the grant program created under this section.
17.16 The report shall include information sent by agencies administering youth intervention
17.17 programs to the Minnesota Youth Intervention Programs Association and the Office of
17.18 Justice Programs. At a minimum, the report must identify:

17.19 (1) the grant recipients;

17.20 (2) the geographic location of the grant recipients;

17.21 (3) the total number of individuals served by all grant recipients, disaggregated by race,
17.22 ethnicity, and gender;

17.23 (4) the total number of individuals served by all grant recipients who successfully
17.24 completed programming, disaggregated by age, race, ethnicity, and gender;

17.25 (5) the total amount of money awarded in grants and the total amount remaining to be
17.26 awarded from each appropriation;

17.27 (6) the amount of money granted to each recipient;

17.28 (7) grantee workplan objectives;

17.29 (8) how the grant was used based on grantee quarterly narrative reports and financial
17.30 reports; and

18.1 (9) summarized relevant youth intervention program outcome survey data measuring
 18.2 the developmental assets of participants, based on Search Institute's Developmental Assets
 18.3 Framework.

18.4 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.783, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

18.5 Subdivision 1. **Antitrafficking investigation coordinator.** The commissioner of public
 18.6 safety must appoint a statewide antitrafficking investigation coordinator ~~who shall work in~~
 18.7 ~~the Office of Justice Programs.~~ The coordinator must be a current or former law enforcement
 18.8 officer or prosecutor with experience investigating or prosecuting trafficking-related offenses.
 18.9 The coordinator must also have knowledge of services available to and Safe Harbor response
 18.10 for victims of sex trafficking and sexual exploitation and Minnesota's child welfare system
 18.11 response. The coordinator serves at the pleasure of the commissioner in the unclassified
 18.12 service.

18.13 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.85, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

18.14 Subd. 6. **Reports.** The office must report on measurable outcomes achieved to meet its
 18.15 statutory duties, along with specific objectives and outcome measures proposed for the
 18.16 following year. The report must include data and statistics on missing and murdered
 18.17 Indigenous women, children, and Two-Spirit relatives in Minnesota, including names, dates
 18.18 of disappearance, and dates of death, to the extent the data is publicly available. The report
 18.19 must also identify and describe the work of any reward advisory group and itemize the
 18.20 expenditures of the Gaagige-Mikwendaagoziwag reward account, if any. The office must
 18.21 submit the report by January 15 each year to the chairs and ranking minority members of
 18.22 the legislative committees with primary jurisdiction over public safety.

18.23 Sec. 25. **[299A.86] GAAGIGE-MIKWENDAAGOZIWAG REWARD ACCOUNT**
 18.24 **FOR INFORMATION ON MISSING AND MURDERED INDIGENOUS RELATIVES.**

18.25 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** As used in this section:

18.26 (1) "Gaagige-Mikwendaagoziwag" means "they will be remembered forever";

18.27 (2) "missing and murdered Indigenous relatives" means missing and murdered Indigenous
 18.28 people from or descended from a federally recognized Indian Tribe; and

18.29 (3) "Two-Spirit" means cultural, spiritual, sexual, and gender identity as reflected in
 18.30 complex Indigenous understandings of gender roles, spirituality, and the long history of
 18.31 gender diversity in Indigenous cultures.

19.1 Subd. 2. **Account created.** An account for rewards for information on missing and
19.2 murdered Indigenous women, children, and Two-Spirit relatives is created in the special
19.3 revenue fund. Money deposited into the account is appropriated to the commissioner of
19.4 public safety to pay rewards and for the purposes provided under this section.

19.5 Subd. 3. **Reward.** The director of the Office for Missing and Murdered Indigenous
19.6 Relatives, in consultation with the Gaagige-Mikwendaagoziwag reward advisory group:

19.7 (1) shall determine the eligibility criteria and procedures for granting rewards under this
19.8 section; and

19.9 (2) is authorized to pay a reward to any person who provides relevant information relating
19.10 to a missing and murdered Indigenous woman, child, and Two-Spirit relative investigation.

19.11 Subd. 4. **Reward advisory group.** (a) The director of the Office for Missing and
19.12 Murdered Indigenous Relatives, in consultation with the stakeholder groups described in
19.13 section 299A.85, subdivision 5, shall appoint an advisory group to make recommendations
19.14 on:

19.15 (1) paying rewards under this section;

19.16 (2) supporting community-based efforts through funding community-led searches and
19.17 search kits, including but not limited to global position system devices and vests;
19.18 community-led communications, including but not limited to flyers, staples, and duct tape;
19.19 and other justice-related expenses;

19.20 (3) funding for community-led communications and outreach, including but not limited
19.21 to billboards and other media-related expenses;

19.22 (4) funding activities and programs to gather information on missing and murdered
19.23 Indigenous women, children, and Two-Spirit relatives and to partner with and support
19.24 community-led efforts;

19.25 (5) developing, implementing, and coordinating prevention and awareness programming
19.26 based on best practices and data-driven research; and

19.27 (6) any other funding activities and needs.

19.28 (b) The advisory group shall consist of the following individuals:

19.29 (1) a representative from the Office for Missing and Murdered Indigenous Relatives;

19.30 (2) a representative from a Tribal, statewide, or local organization that provides legal
19.31 services to Indigenous women and girls;

20.1 (3) a representative from a Tribal, statewide, or local organization that provides advocacy
20.2 or counseling for Indigenous women and girls who have been victims of violence;

20.3 (4) a representative from a Tribal, statewide, or local organization that provides services
20.4 to Indigenous women and girls;

20.5 (5) a Tribal peace officer who works for or resides on a federally recognized American
20.6 Indian reservation in Minnesota;

20.7 (6) a representative from the Minnesota Human Trafficking Task Force; and

20.8 (7) a survivor or family member of a missing and murdered Indigenous woman, child,
20.9 or Two-Spirit relative.

20.10 (c) Members serve a term of four years. Vacancies shall be filled by the appointing
20.11 authority and members may be reappointed.

20.12 (d) The advisory group shall meet as necessary but at a minimum twice per year to carry
20.13 out its duties. The director shall provide necessary office space and administrative support
20.14 to the group. Members of the group serve without compensation but shall receive expense
20.15 reimbursement as provided in section 15.059.

20.16 (e) The representative from the Office for Missing and Murdered Indigenous Relatives
20.17 may fully participate in the advisory group's activities but may not vote on issues before
20.18 the group.

20.19 Subd. 5. **Advertising.** The director of the Office for Missing and Murdered Indigenous
20.20 Relatives, in consultation with the reward advisory group, may spend up to four percent of
20.21 available funds on an advertising or public relations campaign to increase public awareness
20.22 on the availability of rewards under this section.

20.23 Subd. 6. **Grants; donations.** The director of the Office for Missing and Murdered
20.24 Indigenous Relatives, in consultation with the reward advisory group, may apply for and
20.25 accept grants and donations from the public and from public and private entities to implement
20.26 this section. The commissioner of public safety shall deposit any grants or donations received
20.27 under this subdivision into the account established under subdivision 1.

20.28 Subd. 7. **Expiration.** Notwithstanding section 15.059, subdivision 6, the advisory group
20.29 does not expire.

21.1 Sec. 26. [299A.90] OFFICE FOR MISSING AND MURDERED BLACK WOMEN
21.2 AND GIRLS.

21.3 Subdivision 1. Establishment. The commissioner shall establish and maintain an office
21.4 dedicated to preventing and ending the targeting of Black women and girls within the
21.5 Minnesota Office of Justice Programs.

21.6 Subd. 2. Director; staff. (a) The commissioner must appoint a director who is a person
21.7 closely connected to the Black community and who is highly knowledgeable about criminal
21.8 investigations. The commissioner is encouraged to consider candidates for appointment
21.9 who are recommended by members of the Black community.

21.10 (b) The director may select, appoint, and compensate out of available funds assistants
21.11 and employees as necessary to discharge the office's responsibilities.

21.12 (c) The director and full-time staff shall be members of the Minnesota State Retirement
21.13 Association.

21.14 Subd. 3. Duties. (a) The office has the following duties:

21.15 (1) advocate in the legislature for legislation that will facilitate the accomplishment of
21.16 mandates identified in the report of the Task Force on Missing and Murdered African
21.17 American Women;

21.18 (2) advocate for state agencies to take actions to facilitate the accomplishment of mandates
21.19 identified in the report of the Task Force on Missing and Murdered African American
21.20 Women;

21.21 (3) develop recommendations for legislative and agency actions to address injustice in
21.22 the criminal justice system's response to cases of missing and murdered Black women and
21.23 girls;

21.24 (4) facilitate research to refine the mandates in the report of the Task Force on Missing
21.25 and Murdered African American Women and to assess the potential efficacy, feasibility,
21.26 and impact of the recommendations;

21.27 (5) collect data on missing person and homicide cases involving Black women and girls,
21.28 including the total number of cases, the rate at which the cases are solved, the length of time
21.29 the cases remain open, and a comparison to similar cases involving different demographic
21.30 groups;

22.1 (6) collect data on Amber Alerts, including the total number of Amber Alerts issued,
22.2 the total number of Amber Alerts that involve Black girls, and the outcome of cases involving
22.3 Amber Alerts disaggregated by the child's race and sex;

22.4 (7) collect data on reports of missing Black girls, including the number classified as
22.5 voluntary runaways, and a comparison to similar cases involving different demographic
22.6 groups;

22.7 (8) analyze and assess the intersection between cases involving missing and murdered
22.8 Black women and girls and labor trafficking and sex trafficking;

22.9 (9) develop recommendations for legislative, agency, and community actions to address
22.10 the intersection between cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls and
22.11 labor trafficking and sex trafficking;

22.12 (10) analyze and assess the intersection between cases involving murdered Black women
22.13 and girls and domestic violence, including prior instances of domestic violence within the
22.14 family or relationship, whether an offender had prior convictions for domestic assault or
22.15 related offenses, and whether the offender used a firearm in the murder or any prior instances
22.16 of domestic assault;

22.17 (11) develop recommendations for legislative, agency, and community actions to address
22.18 the intersection between cases involving murdered Black women and girls and domestic
22.19 violence;

22.20 (12) develop tools and processes to evaluate the implementation and impact of the efforts
22.21 of the office;

22.22 (13) track and collect Minnesota data on missing and murdered Black women and girls,
22.23 and provide statistics upon public or legislative inquiry;

22.24 (14) facilitate technical assistance for local and Tribal law enforcement agencies during
22.25 active cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls;

22.26 (15) conduct case reviews and report on the results of case reviews for the following
22.27 types of cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls: cold cases for
22.28 missing Black women and girls and death investigation review for cases of Black women
22.29 and girls ruled as suicide or overdose under suspicious circumstances;

22.30 (16) conduct case reviews of the prosecution and sentencing for cases where a perpetrator
22.31 committed a violent or exploitative crime against a Black woman or girl. These case reviews
22.32 must identify those cases where the perpetrator is a repeat offender;

23.1 (17) prepare draft legislation as necessary to allow the office access to the data necessary
23.2 for the office to conduct the reviews required in this section and advocate for passage of
23.3 that legislation;

23.4 (18) review sentencing guidelines for crimes related to missing and murdered Black
23.5 women and girls, recommend changes if needed, and advocate for consistent implementation
23.6 of the guidelines across Minnesota courts;

23.7 (19) develop and maintain communication with relevant divisions in the Department of
23.8 Public Safety, including but not limited to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, regarding
23.9 any cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls and on procedures for
23.10 investigating cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls;

23.11 (20) consult with the Council for Minnesotans of African Heritage established in section
23.12 15.0145; and

23.13 (21) coordinate, as relevant, with federal efforts, and efforts in neighboring states and
23.14 Canada.

23.15 (b) As used in this subdivision:

23.16 (1) "labor trafficking" has the meaning given in section 609.281, subdivision 5; and

23.17 (2) "sex trafficking" has the meaning given in section 609.321, subdivision 7a.

23.18 Subd. 4. **Coordination with other organizations.** In fulfilling its duties, the office may
23.19 coordinate, as useful, with stakeholder groups that were represented on the Task Force on
23.20 Missing and Murdered African American Women and state agencies that are responsible
23.21 for the systems that play a role in investigating, prosecuting, and adjudicating cases involving
23.22 violence committed against Black women and girls; those who have a role in supporting or
23.23 advocating for missing or murdered Black women and girls and the people who seek justice
23.24 for them; and those who represent the interests of Black people. This includes the following
23.25 entities: Minnesota Chiefs of Police Association; Minnesota Sheriffs' Association; Bureau
23.26 of Criminal Apprehension; Minnesota Police and Peace Officers Association; Tribal law
23.27 enforcement; Minnesota County Attorneys Association; United States Attorney's Office;
23.28 juvenile courts; Minnesota Coroners' and Medical Examiners' Association; United States
23.29 Coast Guard; state agencies, including the Departments of Health, Human Services,
23.30 Education, Corrections, and Public Safety; service providers who offer legal services,
23.31 advocacy, and other services to Black women and girls; Black women and girls who are
23.32 survivors; and organizations and leadership from urban and statewide Black communities.

24.1 Subd. 5. **Reports.** The office must report on measurable outcomes achieved to meet its
24.2 statutory duties, along with specific objectives and outcome measures proposed for the
24.3 following year. The report must include data and statistics on missing and murdered Black
24.4 women and girls in Minnesota, including names, dates of disappearance, and dates of death,
24.5 to the extent the data is publicly available. The office must submit the report by January 15
24.6 each year to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with
24.7 primary jurisdiction over public safety.

24.8 Subd. 6. **Acceptance of gifts and receipt of grants.** (a) A missing and murdered Black
24.9 women and girls account is established in the special revenue fund. Money in the account,
24.10 including interest earned, is appropriated to the office for the purposes of carrying out the
24.11 office's duties, including but not limited to issuing grants to community-based organizations.

24.12 (b) Notwithstanding sections 16A.013 to 16A.016, the office may accept funds
24.13 contributed by individuals and may apply for and receive grants from public and private
24.14 entities. The funds accepted or received under this subdivision must be deposited in the
24.15 missing and murdered Black women and girls account created under paragraph (a).

24.16 Subd. 7. **Grants to organizations.** (a) The office shall issue grants to community-based
24.17 organizations that provide services designed to prevent or end the targeting of Black women
24.18 or girls, or to provide assistance to victims of offenses that targeted Black women or girls.

24.19 (b) Grant recipients must use money to:

24.20 (1) provide services designed to reduce or prevent crimes or other negative behaviors
24.21 that target Black women or girls;

24.22 (2) provide training to the community about how to handle situations and crimes involving
24.23 the targeting of Black women and girls, including but not limited to training for law
24.24 enforcement officers, county attorneys, city attorneys, judges, and other criminal justice
24.25 partners; or

24.26 (3) provide services to Black women and girls who are victims of crimes or other offenses,
24.27 or to the family members of missing and murdered Black women and girls.

24.28 (c) Applicants must apply in a form and manner established by the office.

24.29 (d) Grant recipients must provide an annual report to the office that includes:

24.30 (1) the services provided by the grant recipient;

24.31 (2) the number of individuals served in the previous year; and

24.32 (3) any other information required by the office.

25.1 (e) On or before February 1 of each year, the office shall report to the legislative
25.2 committees and divisions with jurisdiction over public safety on the work of grant recipients,
25.3 including a description of the number of entities awarded grants, the amount of those grants,
25.4 and the number of individuals served by the grantees.

25.5 (f) The office may enter into agreements with the Office of Justice Programs for the
25.6 administration of grants issued under this subdivision.

25.7 Subd. 8. **Access to data.** Notwithstanding section 13.384 or 13.85, the director has access
25.8 to corrections and detention data and medical data maintained by an agency and classified
25.9 as private data on individuals or confidential data on individuals to the extent the data is
25.10 necessary for the office to perform its duties under this section.

25.11 **Sec. 27. [299A.95] OFFICE OF RESTORATIVE PRACTICES.**

25.12 Subdivision 1. **Definition.** As used in this section, "restorative practices" means a practice
25.13 within a program or policy that incorporates core restorative principles, including but not
25.14 limited to voluntariness, prioritization of agreement by the people closest to the harm on
25.15 what is needed to repair the harm, reintegration into the community, honesty, and respect.
25.16 Restorative practices include but are not limited to victim-offender conferences, family
25.17 group conferences, circles, community conferences, and other similar victim-centered
25.18 practices. Restorative practices funded under this statute may be used at any point including
25.19 before court involvement, after court involvement, to prevent court involvement, or in
25.20 conjunction with court involvement. Restorative practices are rooted in community values
25.21 and create meaningful outcomes that may include but are not limited to:

25.22 (1) establishing and meeting goals related to increasing connection to community,
25.23 restoring relationships, and increasing empathy; considering all perspectives involved; and
25.24 taking responsibility for impact of actions by all parties involved;

25.25 (2) addressing the needs of those who have been harmed;

25.26 (3) recognizing and addressing the underlying issues of behavior;

25.27 (4) engaging with those most directly affected by an incident and including community
25.28 members that reflect the diversity of the individual's environment;

25.29 (5) determining the appropriate responses to specific incidents through the use of a
25.30 collaborative process;

25.31 (6) providing solutions and approaches that affirm and are tailored to specific cultures;
25.32 and

26.1 (7) implementing policies and procedures that are informed by the science of the social,
26.2 emotional, and cognitive development of children.

26.3 Subd. 2. **Establishment.** The Office of Restorative Practices is established within the
26.4 Department of Public Safety. The Office of Restorative Practices shall have the powers and
26.5 duties described in this section.

26.6 Subd. 3. **Department of Children, Youth, and Family; automatic transfer.** In the
26.7 event that a Department of Children, Youth, and Family is created as an independent agency,
26.8 the Office of Restorative Practices shall be transferred to that department pursuant to section
26.9 15.039 effective six months following the effective date for legislation creating that
26.10 department.

26.11 Subd. 4. **Director; other staff.** (a) The commissioner of public safety shall appoint a
26.12 director of the Office of Restorative Practices. The director should have qualifications that
26.13 include or are similar to the following:

26.14 (1) experience in the many facets of restorative justice and practices such as peacemaking
26.15 circles, sentencing circles, community conferencing, community panels, and family group
26.16 decision making;

26.17 (2) experience in victim-centered and trauma-informed practices;

26.18 (3) knowledge of the range of social problems that bring children and families to points
26.19 of crisis such as poverty, racism, unemployment, and unequal opportunity;

26.20 (4) knowledge of the many ways youth become involved in other systems such as truancy,
26.21 juvenile delinquency, child protection; and

26.22 (5) understanding of educational barriers.

26.23 (b) The director shall hire additional staff to perform the duties of the Office of
26.24 Restorative Practices. The staff shall be in the classified service of the state and their
26.25 compensation shall be established pursuant to chapter 43A.

26.26 Subd. 5. **Duties.** (a) The Office of Restorative Practices shall promote the use of
26.27 restorative practices across multiple disciplines, including but not limited to:

26.28 (1) pretrial diversion programs established pursuant to section 388.24;

26.29 (2) delinquency, criminal justice, child welfare, and education systems; and

26.30 (3) community violence prevention practices.

27.1 (b) The Office of Restorative Practices shall collaborate with Tribal communities,
27.2 counties, multicounty agencies, other state agencies, nonprofit agencies, and other
27.3 jurisdictions, and with existing restorative practices initiatives in those jurisdictions to
27.4 establish new restorative practices initiatives, support existing restorative practices initiatives,
27.5 and identify effective restorative practices initiatives.

27.6 (c) The Office of Restorative Practices shall encourage collaboration between jurisdictions
27.7 by creating a statewide network, led by restorative practitioners, to share effective methods
27.8 and practices.

27.9 (d) The Office of Restorative Practices shall create a statewide directory of restorative
27.10 practices initiatives. The office shall make this directory available to all restorative practices
27.11 initiatives, counties, multicounty agencies, nonprofit agencies, and Tribes in order to facilitate
27.12 referrals to restorative practices initiatives and programs.

27.13 (e) The Office of Restorative Practices shall work throughout the state to build capacity
27.14 for the use of restorative practices in all jurisdictions and shall encourage every county to
27.15 have at least one available restorative practices initiative.

27.16 (f) The Office of Restorative Practices shall engage restorative practitioners in discerning
27.17 ways to measure the effectiveness of restorative efforts throughout the state.

27.18 (g) The Office of Restorative Practices shall oversee the coordination and establishment
27.19 of local restorative practices advisory committees. The office shall oversee compliance with
27.20 the conditions of this funding program. If a complaint or concern about a local advisory
27.21 committee or a grant recipient is received, the Office of Restorative Practices shall exercise
27.22 oversight as provided in this section.

27.23 (h) The Office of Restorative Practices shall provide information to local restorative
27.24 practices advisory committees, or restorative practices initiatives in Tribal communities and
27.25 governments, counties, multicounty agencies, other state agencies, and other jurisdictions
27.26 about best practices that are developmentally tailored to youth, trauma-informed, and
27.27 healing-centered, and provide technical support. Providing information includes but is not
27.28 limited to sharing data on successful practices in other jurisdictions, sending notification
27.29 about available training opportunities, and sharing known resources for financial support.
27.30 The Office of Restorative Practices shall also provide training and technical support to local
27.31 restorative practices advisory committees. Training includes but is not limited to the use
27.32 and scope of restorative practices, victim-centered restorative practices, and trauma-informed
27.33 care.

28.1 (i) The Office of Restorative Practices shall annually establish minimum requirements
28.2 for the grant application process.

28.3 (j) The Office of Restorative Practices shall work with Tribes, counties, multicounty
28.4 agencies, and nonprofit agencies throughout the state to educate those entities about the
28.5 application process for grants and encourage applications.

28.6 Subd. 6. **Grants.** (a) Within available appropriations, the director shall award grants to
28.7 establish and support restorative practices initiatives. An approved applicant must receive
28.8 a grant of up to \$500,000 each year.

28.9 (b) On an annual basis, the Office of Restorative Practices shall establish a minimum
28.10 number of applications that must be received during the application process. If the minimum
28.11 number of applications is not received, the office must reopen the application process.

28.12 (c) Grants may be awarded to private and public nonprofit agencies; local units of
28.13 government, including cities, counties, and townships; local educational agencies; and Tribal
28.14 governments. A restorative practices advisory committee may support multiple entities
28.15 applying for grants based on community needs, the number of youth and families in the
28.16 jurisdiction, and the number of restorative practices available to the community. Budgets
28.17 supported by grant funds can include contracts with partner agencies.

28.18 (d) Applications must include the following:

28.19 (1) a list of willing restorative practices advisory committee members;

28.20 (2) letters of support from potential restorative practices advisory committee members;

28.21 (3) a description of the planning process that includes:

28.22 (i) a description of the origins of the initiative, including how the community provided
28.23 input; and

28.24 (ii) an estimated number of participants to be served; and

28.25 (4) a formal document containing a project description that outlines the proposed goals,
28.26 activities, and outcomes of the initiative including, at a minimum:

28.27 (i) a description of how the initiative meets the minimum eligibility requirements of the
28.28 grant;

28.29 (ii) the roles and responsibilities of key staff assigned to the initiative;

28.30 (iii) identification of any key partners, including a summary of the roles and
28.31 responsibilities of those partners;

29.1 (iv) a description of how volunteers and other community members are engaged in the
29.2 initiative; and

29.3 (v) a plan for evaluation and data collection.

29.4 (e) In determining the appropriate amount of each grant, the Office of Restorative
29.5 Practices shall consider the number of individuals likely to be served by the local restorative
29.6 practices initiative.

29.7 Subd. 7. Restorative practices advisory committees; membership and duties. (a)

29.8 Restorative practices advisory committees must include:

29.9 (1) a judge of the judicial district that will be served by the restorative practices initiative;

29.10 (2) the county attorney of a county that will be served by the restorative practices initiative
29.11 or a designee;

29.12 (3) the chief district public defender in the district that will be served by the local
29.13 restorative justice program or a designee;

29.14 (4) a representative from the children's unit of a county social services agency assigned
29.15 to the area that will be served by the restorative practices initiative;

29.16 (5) a representative from the local probation department or community corrections
29.17 agency that works with youth in the area that will be served by the restorative practices
29.18 initiative;

29.19 (6) a representative from a local law enforcement agency that operates in the area that
29.20 will be served by the restorative practices initiative;

29.21 (7) a school administrator or designee from a school or schools that operate in the area
29.22 that will be served by the restorative practices initiative;

29.23 (8) multiple community members that reflect the racial, socioeconomic, and other
29.24 diversity of the population of a county that will be served by the local restorative justice
29.25 program and the individuals most frequently involved in the truancy, juvenile offender, and
29.26 juvenile safety and placement systems;

29.27 (9) restorative practitioners, including restorative practitioners from within the community
29.28 if available and, if not, from nearby communities;

29.29 (10) parents, youth, and justice-impacted participants; and

29.30 (11) at least one representative from a victims advocacy group.

30.1 (b) Community members described in paragraph (a), clause (8), must make up at least
30.2 one-third of the restorative practices advisory committee.

30.3 (c) Community members, parents, youth, and justice-impacted participants participating
30.4 in the advisory committee may receive a per diem from grant funds in the amount determined
30.5 by the General Services Administration.

30.6 (d) The restorative practices advisory committees must utilize restorative practices in
30.7 their decision-making process and come to consensus when developing, expanding, and
30.8 maintaining restorative practices criteria and referral processes for their communities.

30.9 (e) Restorative practices advisory committees shall be responsible for establishing
30.10 eligibility requirements for referrals to the local restorative practices initiative. Once
30.11 restorative practices criteria and referral processes are developed, children, families, and
30.12 cases, depending upon the point of prevention or intervention, must be referred to the local
30.13 restorative practices initiatives or programs that serve the county, local community, or Tribal
30.14 community where the child and family reside.

30.15 (f) Referrals may be made under circumstances, including but not limited to:

30.16 (1) as an alternative to arrest as outlined in section 260B.1755;

30.17 (2) for a juvenile petty offense;

30.18 (3) for a juvenile traffic offense;

30.19 (4) for a juvenile delinquency offense, including before and after a delinquency petition
30.20 has been filed;

30.21 (5) for a child protection case, including before and after adjudication;

30.22 (6) for a children's mental health case;

30.23 (7) for a juvenile status offense, including but not limited to truancy or running away;

30.24 (8) for substance use issues;

30.25 (9) for situations involving transition to or from the community; and

30.26 (10) through self-referral.

30.27 **Subd. 8. Oversight of restorative practices advisory committees.** (a) Complaints by
30.28 restorative practices advisory committee members, community members, restorative practices
30.29 initiatives, or restorative practices practitioners regarding concerns about grant recipients
30.30 may be made to the Office of Restorative Practices.

31.1 (b) The Office of Restorative Practices may prescribe the methods by which complaints
31.2 to the office are to be made, reviewed, and acted upon.

31.3 (c) The Office of Restorative Practices shall establish and use a restorative process to
31.4 respond to complaints so that grant recipients are being held to their agreed upon
31.5 responsibilities and continue to meet the minimum eligibility requirements for grants to
31.6 local restorative practices initiatives for the duration of the grant.

31.7 Subd. 9. **Report.** By February 15 of each year, the director shall report to the chairs and
31.8 ranking minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over
31.9 public safety, human services, and education, on the work of the Office of Restorative
31.10 Practices, any grants issued pursuant to this section, and the status of local restorative
31.11 practices initiatives in the state that were reviewed in the previous year.

31.12 **Sec. 28. [299C.055] LEGISLATIVE REPORT ON FUSION CENTER ACTIVITIES.**

31.13 (a) The superintendent must prepare an annual report for the public and the legislature
31.14 on the Minnesota Fusion Center (MNFC) that includes general information about the MNFC;
31.15 the types of activities it monitors; the scale of information it collects; the local, state, and
31.16 federal agencies with which it shares information; and the quantifiable benefits it produces.
31.17 None of the reporting requirements in this section supersede chapter 13 or any other state
31.18 or federal law. The superintendent must report on activities for the preceding calendar year
31.19 unless another time period is specified. The report must include the following information,
31.20 to the extent allowed by other law:

31.21 (1) the MNFC's operating budget for the current biennium, number of staff, and staff
31.22 duties;

31.23 (2) the number of publications generated and an overview of the type of information
31.24 provided in the publications, including products such as law enforcement briefs, partner
31.25 briefs, risk assessments, threat assessments, and operational reports;

31.26 (3) a summary of audit findings for the MNFC and what corrective actions were taken
31.27 pursuant to audits;

31.28 (4) the number of data requests received by the MNFC and a general description of those
31.29 requests;

31.30 (5) the types of surveillance and data analysis technologies utilized by the MNFC, such
31.31 as artificial intelligence or social media analysis tools;

32.1 (6) a description of the commercial and governmental databases utilized by the MNFC
 32.2 to the extent permitted by law;

32.3 (7) the number of suspicious activity reports (SARs) received and processed by the
 32.4 MNFC;

32.5 (8) the number of SARs received and processed by the MNFC that were converted into
 32.6 Bureau of Criminal Apprehension case files, that were referred to the Federal Bureau of
 32.7 Investigation, or that were referred to local law enforcement agencies;

32.8 (9) the number of SARs received and processed by the MNFC that involve an individual
 32.9 on the Terrorist Screening Center watchlist;

32.10 (10) the number of requests for information (RFIs) that the MNFC received from law
 32.11 enforcement agencies and the number of responses to federal requests for RFIs;

32.12 (11) the names of the federal agencies the MNFC received data from or shared data
 32.13 with;

32.14 (12) the names of the agencies that submitted SARs;

32.15 (13) a summary description of the MNFC's activities with the Joint Terrorism Task
 32.16 Force; and

32.17 (14) the number of investigations aided by the MNFC's use of SARs and RFIs.

32.18 (b) The report shall be provided to the chairs and ranking minority members of the
 32.19 committees of the house of representatives and senate with jurisdiction over data practices
 32.20 and public safety issues, and shall be posted on the MNFC website by February 15 each
 32.21 year beginning on February 15, 2024.

32.22 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299C.063, is amended to read:

32.23 **299C.063 BOMB DISPOSAL EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT.**

32.24 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** The terms used in this section have the meanings given them
 32.25 in this subdivision:

32.26 (a) "Bomb disposal unit" means a commissioner-approved unit consisting of persons
 32.27 who are trained and equipped to dispose of or neutralize bombs or other similar hazardous
 32.28 explosives and who are employed by a municipality.

32.29 (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of public safety.

32.30 ~~(c) "Municipality" has the meaning given it in section 466.01.~~

33.1 (c) "Explosives sweep" means a detailed scanning service used in corporate office
33.2 buildings, shipping hangars, event stadiums, transportation hubs, large outdoor events, and
33.3 other critical facilities using ground-penetrating radar, magnetometers, metal detectors, and
33.4 specially trained K-9 units to detect improvised explosive devices and explosive remnants
33.5 of war, such as unexploded ordnance and abandoned ordnance.

33.6 (d) "Hazardous explosives" means explosives as defined in section 299F.72, subdivision
33.7 2, explosive devices and incendiary devices as defined in section 609.668, subdivision 1,
33.8 and all materials subject to regulation under United States Code, title 18, chapter 40.

33.9 (e) "Municipality" has the meaning given in section 466.01.

33.10 Subd. 2. **Expense reimbursement.** (a) The commissioner may reimburse bomb disposal
33.11 units for reasonable expenses incurred:

33.12 (1) to dispose of or neutralize bombs or other similar hazardous explosives for their
33.13 employer-municipality or for another municipality outside the jurisdiction of the
33.14 employer-municipality but within the state. Reimbursement is limited to the extent of
33.15 appropriated funds;

33.16 (2) to use the services of police explosive detection K-9 assets;

33.17 (3) for dignitary explosive sweeps;

33.18 (4) for explosive sweeps at large state events;

33.19 (5) to provide for explosive security at large state events; and

33.20 (6) for large-scale scheduled public events.

33.21 (b) Reimbursement for expenses under this subdivision is limited to the extent of
33.22 appropriated funds.

33.23 Subd. 3. **Agreements.** The commissioner may enter into contracts or agreements with
33.24 bomb disposal units to implement and administer this section.

33.25 Subd. 4. **Public event agreements.** The commissioner may enter into contracts with
33.26 public event organizers, as defined in section 299A.52, for costs associated with explosive
33.27 sweeps conducted by state bomb disposal units.

33.28 Sec. 30. [299C.092] QUESTIONED IDENTITY PROCESS.

33.29 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the terms in this
33.30 subdivision have the meanings given.

33.31 (b) "Bureau" means the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension.

34.1 (c) "Questioned identity" means an individual's identity that is associated with another
34.2 person's records when the individual's identity is used by an offender in interactions with
34.3 law enforcement or the offender has the same name which can lead to difficulties
34.4 differentiating the individual from the offender.

34.5 Subd. 2. **Process.** (a) When an individual is the subject of questioned identity, the
34.6 individual may request a review by the bureau through its questioned identity process.
34.7 Individuals must contact the bureau and provide the following:

34.8 (1) documentation of the individual's identity through or via a government-issued photo
34.9 identification;

34.10 (2) documents or information that lead the individual to believe that the individual is
34.11 the subject of questioned identity; and

34.12 (3) fingerprints for identification verification purposes.

34.13 (b) If the bureau is able to confirm that the individual is the subject of questioned identity,
34.14 the bureau shall provide documentation to the individual indicating that the individual has
34.15 been through the bureau's questioned identity process.

34.16 (c) The bureau shall denote any aliases determined to be questioned identities in the
34.17 criminal history system under section 299C.09 and shall work with other state and local
34.18 agencies to denote aliases in arrest warrants.

34.19 (d) The bureau shall attach a photo of the offender to arrest warrants in the bureau's
34.20 warrant file if a photo is available.

34.21 (e) Notwithstanding section 13.87, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), the bureau, in
34.22 consultation with reporting criminal justice agencies, may remove an alias from a criminal
34.23 history record when it determines doing so will not negatively impact a criminal justice
34.24 agency's ability to identify the offender in the future. Some considerations in making the
34.25 determination include but are not limited to time elapsed since the alias name was last used,
34.26 frequency with which the alias was used, current incarceration status of the offender, whether
34.27 it is or was the offender's name, and whether the offender is living or deceased.

34.28 (f) Law enforcement must take into account the presence of documentation from the
34.29 bureau or another law enforcement agency confirming a questioned identity when considering
34.30 whether an individual has a warrant under section 299C.115 and may contact the bureau or
34.31 the issuing law enforcement agency to confirm authenticity of the documentation provided
34.32 by an individual.

35.1 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299C.106, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

35.2 Subd. 3. **Submission and storage of sexual assault examination kits.** (a) Within 60
35.3 days of receiving an unrestricted sexual assault examination kit, a law enforcement agency
35.4 shall submit the kit for testing to a forensic laboratory. The testing laboratory shall return
35.5 unrestricted sexual assault examination kits to the submitting agency for storage after testing
35.6 is complete. The submitting agency must store unrestricted sexual assault examination kits
35.7 indefinitely.

35.8 (b) Within 60 days of a hospital preparing a restricted sexual assault examination kit or
35.9 a law enforcement agency receiving a restricted sexual assault examination kit from a
35.10 hospital, the hospital or the agency shall submit the kit to the Bureau of Criminal
35.11 Apprehension. The bureau shall store all restricted sexual assault examination kits collected
35.12 by hospitals or law enforcement agencies in the state. The bureau shall retain a restricted
35.13 sexual assault examination kit for at least 30 months from the date the bureau receives the
35.14 kit.

35.15 (c) Beginning July 1, 2024, the receiving forensic laboratory must strive to test the sexual
35.16 assault examination kit within 90 days of receipt from a hospital or law enforcement agency.
35.17 Sexual assault examination kits shall be prioritized for testing along with other violent
35.18 crimes. Upon completion of testing, the forensic laboratory must update the kit-tracking
35.19 database to indicate that testing is complete. The forensic laboratory must notify the
35.20 submitting agency when any kit is not tested within 90 days and provide an estimated time
35.21 frame for testing completion.

35.22 (d) Paragraph (c) sunsets June 30, 2029.

35.23 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299C.46, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

35.24 Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** The commissioner of public safety shall establish a
35.25 criminal justice data communications network that will provide secure access to systems
35.26 and services available from or through the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension. The Bureau
35.27 of Criminal Apprehension may approve additional criminal justice uses by authorized
35.28 agencies to access necessary systems or services not from or through the bureau. The
35.29 commissioner of public safety is authorized to lease or purchase facilities and equipment
35.30 as may be necessary to establish and maintain the data communications network.

36.1 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299C.53, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

36.2 Subd. 3. **Missing and endangered persons.** The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension
36.3 must operate a missing person alert program. If the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension
36.4 receives a report from a law enforcement agency indicating that a person is missing and
36.5 endangered, the superintendent must originate an alert. The superintendent may assist the
36.6 law enforcement agency in conducting the preliminary investigation, offer resources, and
36.7 assist the agency in helping implement the investigation policy with particular attention to
36.8 the need for immediate action. The law enforcement agency shall promptly notify all
36.9 appropriate law enforcement agencies in the state and is required to issue a missing person
36.10 alert utilizing the Crime Alert Network as prescribed in section 299A.61 and, if deemed
36.11 appropriate, law enforcement agencies in adjacent states or jurisdictions of any information
36.12 that may aid in the prompt location and safe return of a missing and endangered person.
36.13 The superintendent shall provide guidance on issuing alerts using this system and provide
36.14 the system for law enforcement agencies to issue these alerts. The Bureau of Criminal
36.15 Apprehension may provide assistance to agencies in issuing missing person alerts as required
36.16 by this section.

36.17 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299C.65, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

36.18 Subd. 1a. **Membership; duties.** (a) The Criminal and Juvenile Justice Information and
36.19 Bureau of Criminal Apprehension Advisory Group consists of the following members:

36.20 (1) the commissioner of corrections or designee;

36.21 (2) the commissioner of public safety or designee;

36.22 (3) the state chief information officer or designee;

36.23 (4) three members of the judicial branch appointed by the chief justice of the supreme
36.24 court;

36.25 (5) the commissioner of administration or designee;

36.26 (6) the state court administrator or designee;

36.27 (7) two members appointed by the Minnesota Sheriffs Association, at least one of whom
36.28 must be a sheriff;

36.29 (8) two members appointed by the Minnesota Chiefs of Police Association, at least one
36.30 of whom must be a chief of police;

36.31 (9) two members appointed by the Minnesota County Attorneys Association, at least
36.32 one of whom must be a county attorney;

37.1 (10) two members appointed by the League of Minnesota Cities representing the interests
37.2 of city attorneys, at least one of whom must be a city attorney;

37.3 (11) two members appointed by the Board of Public Defense, at least one of whom must
37.4 be a public defender;

37.5 (12) two corrections administrators appointed by the Association of Minnesota Counties
37.6 representing the interests of local corrections, at least one of whom represents a Community
37.7 Corrections Act county;

37.8 (13) two probation officers appointed by the commissioner of corrections in consultation
37.9 with the president of the Minnesota Association of Community Corrections Act Counties
37.10 and the president of the Minnesota Association of County Probation Officers;

37.11 (14) four public members appointed by the governor representing both metropolitan and
37.12 greater Minnesota for a term of four years using the process described in section 15.059,
37.13 one of whom represents the interests of victims, and one of whom represents the private
37.14 business community who has expertise in integrated information systems and who, for the
37.15 purposes of meetings of the advisory group, may be compensated pursuant to section 15.059;

37.16 (15) two members appointed by the Minnesota Association for Court Management, at
37.17 least one of whom must be a court administrator;

37.18 (16) one member of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house,
37.19 or an alternate who is also a member of the house of representatives, appointed by the
37.20 speaker of the house;

37.21 (17) one member of the senate appointed by the majority leader, or an alternate who is
37.22 also a member of the senate, appointed by the majority leader of the senate;

37.23 (18) one member appointed by the attorney general;

37.24 (19) two members appointed by the League of Minnesota Cities, one of whom works
37.25 or resides in greater Minnesota and one of whom works or resides in the seven-county
37.26 metropolitan area, and at least one of whom is an elected official;

37.27 (20) two members appointed by the Association of Minnesota Counties, one of whom
37.28 works or resides in greater Minnesota and one of whom works or resides in the seven-county
37.29 metropolitan area, and at least one of whom is an elected official; and

37.30 (21) the director of the Sentencing Guidelines Commission or a designee.

37.31 (b) The chair, first vice-chair, and second vice-chair shall be elected by the advisory
37.32 group.

38.1 (c) The advisory group shall serve as the state advisory group on statewide criminal
38.2 justice information policy and funding issues. The advisory group shall study and make
38.3 recommendations to the governor, the supreme court, and the legislature on criminal justice
38.4 information funding and policy issues such as related data practices, individual privacy
38.5 rights, and data on race and ethnicity; information-sharing at the local, state, and federal
38.6 levels; technology education and innovation; the impact of proposed legislation on the
38.7 criminal justice system related to information systems and business processes; and data and
38.8 identification standards.

38.9 (d) The advisory group shall have the additional duties of reviewing and advising the
38.10 bureau superintendent on:

38.11 (1) audits, accreditation reports, and internal reviews of bureau operations;

38.12 (2) emerging technologies in the law enforcement and forensic science fields;

38.13 (3) policies and practices that impact individual privacy interests; and

38.14 (4) other programmatic and operational initiatives of the bureau at the request of the
38.15 superintendent.

38.16 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299C.65, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

38.17 Subd. 3a. **Report.** The advisory group shall file a biennial report with the governor,
38.18 supreme court, and chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of
38.19 representatives committees and divisions with jurisdiction over criminal justice funding
38.20 and policy by January 15 in each odd-numbered year. The report must provide the following:

38.21 (1) status and review of current statewide criminal justice information systems;

38.22 (2) recommendations concerning any legislative changes or appropriations that are
38.23 needed to ensure that the criminal justice information systems operate accurately and
38.24 efficiently; ~~and~~

38.25 (3) summary of the activities of the advisory group, including any funding and grant
38.26 requests; and

38.27 (4) summary of any reviews conducted by the advisory group of bureau audits, reports,
38.28 policies, programs, and procedures along with any recommendations provided to the bureau
38.29 related to the reviews.

39.1 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299F.362, is amended to read:

39.2 **299F.362 SMOKE ~~DETECTOR~~ ALARM; INSTALLATION; RULES; PENALTY.**

39.3 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For the purposes of this section, the following definitions
39.4 shall apply:

39.5 (a) "Apartment house" is any building, or portion thereof, which is designed, built,
39.6 rented, leased, let, or hired out to be occupied, or which is occupied as the home or residence
39.7 of three or more families living independently of each other and doing their own cooking
39.8 in the building, and shall include buildings containing three or more flats or apartments.

39.9 (b) "Dwelling" is any building, or any portion thereof, which is not an apartment house,
39.10 lodging house, or a hotel and which contains one or two "dwelling units" which are, or are
39.11 intended or designed to be, occupied for living purposes.

39.12 (c) "Dwelling unit" is a single unit providing complete, independent living facilities for
39.13 one or more persons including permanent provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking,
39.14 and sanitation, or a single unit used by one or more persons for sleeping and sanitation
39.15 pursuant to a work practice or labor agreement.

39.16 (d) "Hotel" is any building, or portion thereof, containing six or more guest rooms
39.17 intended or designed to be used, or which are used, rented, or hired out to be occupied, or
39.18 which are occupied for sleeping purposes by guests.

39.19 (e) "Lodging house" is any building, or portion thereof, containing not more than five
39.20 guest rooms which are used or are intended to be used for sleeping purposes by guests and
39.21 where rent is paid in money, goods, labor, or otherwise.

39.22 Subd. 2. **Rules; ~~smoke detector~~ alarm location.** The commissioner of public safety
39.23 shall promulgate rules concerning the placement of smoke ~~detectors~~ alarms in dwellings,
39.24 apartment houses, hotels, and lodging houses. The rules shall take into account designs of
39.25 the guest rooms or dwelling units.

39.26 Subd. 3. **Smoke ~~detector~~ alarm for any dwelling.** Every dwelling unit within a dwelling
39.27 must be provided with a smoke ~~detector~~ alarm meeting the requirements of the State Fire
39.28 Code. The ~~detector~~ smoke alarm must be mounted in accordance with the rules regarding
39.29 smoke ~~detector~~ alarm location adopted under subdivision 2. When actuated, the ~~detector~~
39.30 smoke alarm must provide an alarm in the dwelling unit.

39.31 Subd. 3a. **Smoke ~~detector~~ alarm for new dwelling.** In construction of a new dwelling,
39.32 each smoke ~~detector~~ alarm must be attached to a centralized power source.

40.1 Subd. 4. **Smoke ~~detector~~ alarm for apartment, lodging house, or hotel.** Every dwelling
40.2 unit within an apartment house and every guest room in a lodging house or hotel used for
40.3 sleeping purposes must be provided with a smoke ~~detector~~ alarm conforming to the
40.4 requirements of the State Fire Code. In dwelling units, ~~detectors~~ smoke alarms must be
40.5 mounted in accordance with the rules regarding smoke ~~detector~~ alarm location adopted
40.6 under subdivision 2. When actuated, the ~~detector~~ smoke alarm must provide an alarm in
40.7 the dwelling unit or guest room.

40.8 Subd. 5. **Maintenance responsibilities.** For all occupancies covered by this section
40.9 where the occupant is not the owner of the dwelling unit or the guest room, the owner is
40.10 responsible for maintenance of the smoke ~~detectors~~ alarms. An owner may file inspection
40.11 and maintenance reports with the local fire marshal for establishing evidence of inspection
40.12 and maintenance of smoke ~~detectors~~ alarms.

40.13 Subd. 5a. **Inform owner; no added liability.** The occupant of a dwelling unit must
40.14 inform the owner of the dwelling unit of a nonfunctioning smoke ~~detector~~ alarm within 24
40.15 hours of discovering that the smoke ~~detector~~ alarm in the dwelling unit is not functioning.
40.16 If the occupant fails to inform the owner under this subdivision, the occupant's liability for
40.17 damages is not greater than it otherwise would be.

40.18 Subd. 6. **Penalties.** (a) Any person who violates any provision of this section ~~shall be~~
40.19 is subject to the same penalty and ~~the~~ enforcement mechanism that is provided for violation
40.20 of the State Fire Code, as specified in section 299F.011, subdivision 6.

40.21 (b) An occupant who willfully disables a smoke ~~detector~~ alarm or causes it to be
40.22 nonfunctioning, resulting in damage or injury to persons or property, is guilty of a
40.23 misdemeanor.

40.24 Subd. 7. **Local government preempted.** This section prohibits a local unit of government
40.25 from adopting standards different from those provided in this section.

40.26 Subd. 9. **Local government ordinance; installation in single-family**
40.27 **residence.** Notwithstanding subdivision 7, or other law to the contrary, a local governing
40.28 body may adopt, by ordinance, rules for the installation of a smoke ~~detector~~ alarm in
40.29 single-family homes in the city that are more restrictive than the standards provided by this
40.30 section. Rules adopted pursuant to this subdivision may be enforced through a
40.31 truth-in-housing inspection.

40.32 Subd. 10. **Public fire safety educator.** The position of Minnesota public fire safety
40.33 educator is established in the Department of Public Safety.

41.1 Subd. 11. **Insurance claim.** No insurer shall deny a claim for loss or damage by fire for
41.2 failure of a person to comply with this section.

41.3 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299F.46, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

41.4 Subdivision 1. **Hotel inspection.** (a) It shall be the duty of the commissioner of public
41.5 safety to inspect, or cause to be inspected, at least once every three years, every hotel in
41.6 this state; and, for that purpose, the commissioner, or the commissioner's deputies or
41.7 designated alternates or agents, shall have the right to enter or have access thereto at any
41.8 reasonable hour; and, when, upon such inspection, it shall be found that the hotel so inspected
41.9 does not conform to or is not being operated in accordance with the provisions of sections
41.10 157.011 and 157.15 to 157.22, in so far as the same relate to fire prevention or fire protection
41.11 of hotels, or the rules promulgated thereunder, or is being maintained or operated in such
41.12 manner as to violate the Minnesota State Fire Code promulgated pursuant to section 326B.02,
41.13 subdivision 6, 299F.51, or any other law of this state relating to fire prevention and fire
41.14 protection of hotels, the commissioner and the deputies or designated alternates or agents
41.15 shall report such a situation to the hotel inspector who shall proceed as provided for in
41.16 chapter 157.

41.17 (b) The word "hotel", as used in this subdivision, has the meaning given in section
41.18 299F.391.

41.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2024.

41.20 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299F.50, is amended by adding a subdivision
41.21 to read:

41.22 Subd. 11. **Hotel.** "Hotel" means any building, or portion thereof, containing six or more
41.23 guest rooms intended or designed to be used, or which are used, rented, or hired out to be
41.24 occupied, or which are occupied for sleeping purposes by guests.

41.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2024.

41.26 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299F.50, is amended by adding a subdivision
41.27 to read:

41.28 Subd. 12. **Lodging house.** "Lodging house" means any building, or portion thereof,
41.29 containing not more than five guest rooms which are used or are intended to be used for
41.30 sleeping purposes by guests and where rent is paid in money, goods, labor, or otherwise.

41.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2024.

42.1 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299F.51, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

42.2 Subdivision 1. **Generally.** (a) Every ~~single-family~~ single-family dwelling and every
42.3 dwelling unit in a multifamily dwelling must have an approved and operational carbon
42.4 monoxide alarm installed within ten feet of each room lawfully used for sleeping purposes.

42.5 (b) Every guest room in a hotel or lodging house must have an approved and operational
42.6 carbon monoxide alarm installed in each room lawfully used for sleeping purposes.

42.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2024.

42.8 Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299F.51, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

42.9 Subd. 2. **Owner's duties.** (a) The owner of a multifamily dwelling unit which is required
42.10 to be equipped with one or more approved carbon monoxide alarms must:

42.11 (1) provide and install one approved and operational carbon monoxide alarm within ten
42.12 feet of each room lawfully used for sleeping; and

42.13 (2) replace any required carbon monoxide alarm that has been stolen, removed, found
42.14 missing, or rendered inoperable during a prior occupancy of the dwelling unit and which
42.15 has not been replaced by the prior occupant prior to the commencement of a new occupancy
42.16 of a dwelling unit.

42.17 (b) The owner of a hotel or lodging house that is required to be equipped with one or
42.18 more approved carbon monoxide alarms must:

42.19 (1) provide and install one approved and operational carbon monoxide alarm in each
42.20 room lawfully used for sleeping; and

42.21 (2) replace any required carbon monoxide alarm that has been stolen, removed, found
42.22 missing, or rendered inoperable during a prior occupancy and that has not been replaced by
42.23 the prior occupant prior to the commencement of a new occupancy of a hotel guest room
42.24 or lodging house.

42.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2024.

42.26 Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299F.51, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

42.27 Subd. 5. **Exceptions; certain multifamily dwellings and state-operated facilities.** (a)
42.28 In lieu of requirements of subdivision 1, multifamily dwellings may have approved and
42.29 operational carbon monoxide ~~alarms~~ detectors installed between 15 and 25 feet of carbon
42.30 monoxide-producing central fixtures and equipment, provided there is a centralized alarm
42.31 system or other mechanism for responsible parties to hear the alarm at all times.

43.1 (b) An owner of a multifamily dwelling that contains minimal or no sources of carbon
 43.2 monoxide may be exempted from the requirements of subdivision 1, provided that such
 43.3 owner certifies to the commissioner of public safety that such multifamily dwelling poses
 43.4 no foreseeable carbon monoxide risk to the health and safety of the dwelling units.

43.5 (c) The requirements of this section do not apply to facilities owned or operated by the
 43.6 state of Minnesota.

43.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2024.

43.8 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299F.51, is amended by adding a subdivision
 43.9 to read:

43.10 **Subd. 6. Safety warning.** A first violation of this section shall not result in a penalty,
 43.11 but is punishable by a safety warning. A second or subsequent violation is a petty
 43.12 misdemeanor.

43.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2024.

43.14 Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 326.32, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

43.15 **Subd. 10. License holder.** "License holder" means any individual, partnership as defined
 43.16 in section 323A.0101, clause (8), or corporation licensed to perform the duties of a private
 43.17 detective or a protective agent.

43.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

43.19 Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 326.3381, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

43.20 **Subd. 3. Disqualification.** (a) No person is qualified to hold a license who has:

43.21 (1) been convicted of (i) a felony by the courts of this or any other state or of the United
 43.22 States; (ii) acts which, if done in Minnesota, would be criminal sexual conduct; assault;
 43.23 theft; larceny; burglary; robbery; unlawful entry; extortion; defamation; buying or receiving
 43.24 stolen property; using, possessing, manufacturing, or carrying weapons unlawfully; using,
 43.25 possessing, or carrying burglary tools unlawfully; escape; possession, production, sale, or
 43.26 distribution of narcotics unlawfully; or (iii) in any other country of acts which, if done in
 43.27 Minnesota, would be a felony or would be any of the other offenses provided in this clause
 43.28 and for which a full pardon or similar relief has not been granted;

43.29 (2) made any false statement in an application for a license or any document required
 43.30 to be submitted to the board; or

44.1 (3) failed to demonstrate to the board good character, honesty, and integrity.

44.2 (b) Upon application for a license, the applicant shall submit, as part of the application,
 44.3 a full set of fingerprints and the applicant's written consent that their fingerprints shall be
 44.4 submitted to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension (BCA) and the Federal Bureau of
 44.5 Investigation (FBI) to determine whether that person has a criminal record. The BCA shall
 44.6 promptly forward the fingerprints to the FBI and request that the FBI conduct a criminal
 44.7 history check of each prospective licensee. The Minnesota Board of Private Detective and
 44.8 Protective Agents Services shall determine if the FBI report indicates that the prospective
 44.9 licensee or licensee was convicted of a disqualifying offense. The submission to the FBI
 44.10 shall be coordinated through the BCA. The results of the criminal record check shall be
 44.11 provided to the board who will determine if the applicant is disqualified from holding a
 44.12 license under this subdivision.

44.13 Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.35, is amended to read:

44.14 **609.35 COSTS OF MEDICAL EXAMINATION.**

44.15 (a) Costs incurred by a ~~county, city, or private~~ hospital or other emergency medical
 44.16 facility or by a ~~private~~ physician, sexual assault nurse examiner, forensic nurse, or other
 44.17 licensed health care provider for the examination of a victim of criminal sexual conduct
 44.18 ~~when the examination is performed for the purpose of gathering evidence~~ that occurred in
 44.19 the state shall be paid by the ~~county in which the criminal sexual conduct occurred~~ state.
 44.20 These costs include, but are not limited to, the full cost of the rape kit medical forensic
 44.21 examination, associated tests and treatments relating to ~~the complainant's~~ sexually transmitted
 44.22 ~~disease status~~ infection, and pregnancy status, including emergency contraception. A hospital,
 44.23 emergency medical facility, or health care provider shall submit the costs for examination
 44.24 and any associated tests and treatment to the Office of Justice Programs for payment. Upon
 44.25 receipt of the costs, the commissioner shall provide payment to the facility or health care
 44.26 provider. Reimbursement for an examination and any associated test and treatments shall
 44.27 not exceed \$1,400. Beginning on January 1, 2024, the maximum amount of an award shall
 44.28 be adjusted annually by the inflation rate.

44.29 (b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the duties, responsibilities, or
 44.30 liabilities of any insurer, whether public or private. ~~However, a county~~ The hospital or other
 44.31 licensed health care provider performing the examination may seek insurance reimbursement
 44.32 from the victim's insurer only if authorized by the victim. This authorization may only be
 44.33 sought after the examination is performed. When seeking this authorization, the ~~county~~
 44.34 hospital or other licensed health care provider shall inform the victim that if the victim does

45.1 not authorize this, the ~~county~~ state is required by law to pay for the examination and that
45.2 the victim is in no way liable for these costs or obligated to authorize the reimbursement.

45.3 (c) The applicability of this section does not depend upon whether the victim reports
45.4 the offense to law enforcement or the existence or status of any investigation or prosecution.

45.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2023, and applies to any
45.6 examination that occurs on or after that date.

45.7 Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.87, is amended by adding a subdivision to
45.8 read:

45.9 **Subd. 17. Electronic data.** "Electronic data" means records or information in digital
45.10 form on a computer, computer network, computer system, or in computer software that can
45.11 be stored, transmitted, or processed.

45.12 Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.89, is amended to read:

45.13 **609.89 COMPUTER OR ELECTRONIC DATA THEFT.**

45.14 Subdivision 1. **Acts.** Whoever does any of the following is guilty of computer or
45.15 electronic data theft and may be sentenced as provided in subdivision 2:

45.16 ~~(a)~~ (1) intentionally and without authorization or claim of right accesses or causes to be
45.17 accessed any computer, computer system, computer network or any part thereof for the
45.18 purpose of obtaining services or property; ~~or~~

45.19 ~~(b)~~ (2) intentionally and without claim of right, and with intent to deprive the owner of
45.20 use or possession, takes, transfers, conceals or retains possession of any computer, computer
45.21 system, or any computer software or data contained in a computer, computer system, or
45.22 computer network;

45.23 (3) intentionally and without authorization or claim of right accesses or copies any
45.24 computer software or electronic data and uses, alters, transfers, retains, or publishes the
45.25 computer software or electronic data; or

45.26 (4) intentionally retains copies of any computer software or electronic data beyond the
45.27 individual's authority.

45.28 Subd. 2. **Penalty.** Anyone who commits computer or electronic data theft may be
45.29 sentenced as follows:

46.1 ~~(a)~~ (1) to imprisonment for not more than ten years or to payment of a fine of not more
46.2 than \$50,000, or both, if the loss to the owner, or the owner's agent, or lessee is in excess
46.3 of \$2,500; ~~or~~

46.4 ~~(b)~~ (2) to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not more
46.5 than \$10,000, or both, if the loss to the owner, or the owner's agent, or lessee is more than
46.6 \$500 but not more than \$2,500; or

46.7 ~~(c)~~ (3) in all other cases to imprisonment for not more than 90 days or to payment of a
46.8 fine of not more than \$1,000, or both.

46.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023, and applies to crimes
46.10 committed on or after that date.

46.11 Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.033, is amended to read:

46.12 **611A.033 SPEEDY TRIAL; NOTICE OF HEARINGS AND SCHEDULE**
46.13 **CHANGE.**

46.14 (a) A victim has the right to request that the prosecutor make a demand under rule 11.09
46.15 of the Rules of Criminal Procedure that the trial be commenced within 60 days of the demand.
46.16 The prosecutor shall make reasonable efforts to comply with the victim's request.

46.17 (b) A prosecutor shall make reasonable efforts to provide to a victim the date and time
46.18 of the sentencing hearing and the hearing during which the plea is to be presented to the
46.19 court.

46.20 ~~(b)~~ (c) A prosecutor shall make reasonable efforts to provide advance notice of any
46.21 change in the schedule of the court proceedings to a victim who has been subpoenaed or
46.22 requested to testify.

46.23 ~~(c)~~ (d) In a criminal proceeding in which a vulnerable adult, as defined in section 609.232,
46.24 subdivision 11, is a victim, the state may move the court for a speedy trial. The court, after
46.25 consideration of the age and health of the victim, may grant a speedy trial. The motion may
46.26 be filed and served with the complaint or any time after the complaint is filed and served.

46.27 Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.039, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

46.28 Subdivision 1. **Notice required.** (a) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision 2,
46.29 within 15 working days after a conviction, acquittal, or dismissal in a criminal case in which
46.30 there is an identifiable crime victim, the prosecutor shall make reasonable good faith efforts
46.31 to provide to each affected crime victim oral or written notice of the final disposition of the

47.1 case and of the victim rights under section 611A.06. When the court is considering modifying
 47.2 the sentence for a felony or a crime of violence or an attempted crime of violence, the ~~court~~
 47.3 ~~or its designee~~ prosecutor shall make a reasonable and good faith effort to notify the victim
 47.4 of the crime. If the victim is incapacitated or deceased, notice must be given to the victim's
 47.5 family. If the victim is a minor, notice must be given to the victim's parent or guardian. The
 47.6 notice must include:

47.7 (1) the date and approximate time of the review;

47.8 (2) the location where the review will occur;

47.9 (3) the name and telephone number of a person to contact for additional information;

47.10 and

47.11 (4) a statement that the victim and victim's family may provide input to the court
 47.12 concerning the sentence modification.

47.13 (b) The Office of Justice Programs in the Department of Public Safety shall develop and
 47.14 update a model notice of postconviction rights under this subdivision and section 611A.06.

47.15 (c) As used in this section, "crime of violence" has the meaning given in section 624.712,
 47.16 subdivision 5, and also includes violations of section 609.3458, gross misdemeanor violations
 47.17 of section 609.224, and nonfelony violations of sections 518B.01, 609.2231, 609.3451,
 47.18 609.748, and 609.749.

47.19 Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.211, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

47.20 Subdivision 1. **Grants.** The commissioner of public safety shall award grants to programs
 47.21 which provide support services or emergency shelter and housing supports as defined by
 47.22 section 611A.31 to victims of sexual assault. The commissioner shall also award grants for
 47.23 training, technical assistance, and the development and implementation of education programs
 47.24 to increase public awareness of the causes of sexual assault, the solutions to preventing and
 47.25 ending sexual assault, and the problems faced by sexual assault victims.

47.26 Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.31, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

47.27 Subd. 2. ~~**Battered woman Domestic abuse victim.**~~ ~~"Battered woman"~~ "Domestic abuse
 47.28 victim" means a ~~woman~~ person who is being or has been victimized by domestic abuse as
 47.29 defined in section 518B.01, subdivision 2.

48.1 Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.31, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

48.2 Subd. 3. **Emergency shelter services.** "Emergency shelter services" include, but are
 48.3 not limited to, secure crisis shelters for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse victims and housing
 48.4 networks for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse victims.

48.5 Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.31, is amended by adding a subdivision
 48.6 to read:

48.7 Subd. 3a. **Housing supports.** "Housing supports" means services and supports used to
 48.8 enable victims to secure and maintain transitional and permanent housing placement. Housing
 48.9 supports include but are not limited to rental assistance and financial assistance to maintain
 48.10 housing stability. Transitional housing placements may take place in communal living,
 48.11 clustered site or scattered site programs, or other transitional housing models.

48.12 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.32, is amended to read:

48.13 **611A.32 ~~BATTERED WOMEN~~ DOMESTIC ABUSE PROGRAMS.**

48.14 Subdivision 1. **Grants awarded.** The commissioner shall award grants to programs
 48.15 which provide emergency shelter services to ~~battered women~~, housing supports, and support
 48.16 services to ~~battered women~~ and domestic abuse victims and their children. The commissioner
 48.17 shall also award grants for training, technical assistance, and for the development and
 48.18 implementation of education programs to increase public awareness of the causes of ~~battering~~
 48.19 domestic abuse, the solutions to preventing and ending domestic violence, and the problems
 48.20 faced by ~~battered women~~ and domestic abuse victims. Grants shall be awarded in a manner
 48.21 that ensures that they are equitably distributed to programs serving metropolitan and
 48.22 nonmetropolitan populations. ~~By July 1, 1995, community-based domestic abuse advocacy~~
 48.23 ~~and support services programs must be established in every judicial assignment district.~~

48.24 Subd. 1a. **Program for American Indian ~~women~~ domestic abuse victims.** The
 48.25 commissioner shall establish at least one program under this section to provide emergency
 48.26 shelter services and support services to ~~battered~~ American Indian ~~women~~ domestic abuse
 48.27 victims and their children. The commissioner shall grant continuing operating expenses to
 48.28 the program established under this subdivision in the same manner as operating expenses
 48.29 are granted to programs established under subdivision 1.

48.30 Subd. 2. **Applications.** Any public or private nonprofit agency may apply to the
 48.31 commissioner for a grant to provide emergency shelter services to ~~battered women~~, housing
 48.32 supports, support services, and one or more of these services and supports to domestic abuse

49.1 victims, ~~or both, to battered women~~ and their children. The application shall be submitted
49.2 in a form approved by the commissioner by rule adopted under chapter 14 and shall include:

49.3 (1) a proposal for the provision of emergency shelter services ~~for battered women,~~
49.4 housing supports, support services, and one or more of these services and supports for
49.5 domestic abuse victims, ~~or both, for battered women~~ and their children;

49.6 (2) a proposed budget;

49.7 (3) the agency's overall operating budget, including documentation on the retention of
49.8 financial reserves and availability of additional funding sources;

49.9 (4) evidence of an ability to integrate into the proposed program the uniform method of
49.10 data collection and program evaluation established under section 611A.33;

49.11 (5) evidence of an ability to represent the interests of ~~battered women and~~ domestic
49.12 abuse victims and their children to local law enforcement agencies and courts, county welfare
49.13 agencies, and local boards or departments of health;

49.14 (6) evidence of an ability to do outreach to unserved and underserved populations and
49.15 to provide culturally and linguistically appropriate services; and

49.16 (7) any other content the commissioner may require by rule adopted under chapter 14;
49.17 ~~after considering the recommendations of the advisory council.~~

49.18 Programs which have been approved for grants in prior years may submit materials
49.19 which indicate changes in items listed in clauses (1) to (7), in order to qualify for renewal
49.20 funding. Nothing in this subdivision may be construed to require programs to submit
49.21 complete applications for each year of renewal funding.

49.22 Subd. 3. **Duties of grantees.** Every public or private nonprofit agency which receives
49.23 a grant to provide emergency shelter services ~~to battered women and,~~ housing supports, or
49.24 support services to ~~battered women and~~ domestic abuse victims shall comply with all rules
49.25 of the commissioner related to the administration of the ~~pilot~~ programs.

49.26 Subd. 5. **Classification of data collected by grantees.** Personal history information and
49.27 other information collected, used or maintained by a grantee from which the identity or
49.28 location of any victim of domestic abuse may be determined is private data on individuals,
49.29 as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12, and the grantee shall maintain the data in
49.30 accordance with the provisions of chapter 13.

50.1 Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.51, is amended to read:

50.2 **611A.51 TITLE.**

50.3 Sections 611A.51 to 611A.68 shall be known as the "Minnesota Crime Victims
50.4 ~~Reparations~~ Reimbursement Act."

50.5 Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.52, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

50.6 Subd. 3. **Board.** "Board" means the Crime Victims ~~reparations~~ Reimbursement Board
50.7 established by section 611A.55.

50.8 Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.52, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

50.9 Subd. 4. **Claimant.** "Claimant" means a person entitled to apply for ~~reparations~~
50.10 reimbursement pursuant to sections 611A.51 to 611A.68.

50.11 Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.52, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

50.12 Subd. 5. **Collateral source.** "Collateral source" means a source of benefits or advantages
50.13 for economic loss otherwise ~~reparable~~ reimbursable under sections 611A.51 to 611A.68
50.14 which the victim or claimant has received, or which is readily available to the victim, from:

50.15 (1) the offender;

50.16 (2) the government of the United States or any agency thereof, a state or any of its
50.17 political subdivisions, or an instrumentality of two or more states, unless the law providing
50.18 for the benefits or advantages makes them excess or secondary to benefits under sections
50.19 611A.51 to 611A.68;

50.20 (3) Social Security, Medicare, and Medicaid;

50.21 (4) state required temporary nonoccupational disability insurance;

50.22 (5) workers' compensation;

50.23 (6) wage continuation programs of any employer;

50.24 (7) proceeds of a contract of insurance payable to the victim for economic loss sustained
50.25 because of the crime;

50.26 (8) a contract providing prepaid hospital and other health care services, or benefits for
50.27 disability;

50.28 (9) any private source as a voluntary donation or gift; or

50.29 (10) proceeds of a lawsuit brought as a result of the crime.

51.1 The term does not include a life insurance contract.

51.2 Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.53, is amended to read:

51.3 **611A.53 REPARATIONS REIMBURSEMENT AWARDS PROHIBITED.**

51.4 Subdivision 1. **Generally.** Except as provided in subdivisions 1a and 2, the following
51.5 persons shall be entitled to ~~reparations~~ reimbursement upon a showing by a preponderance
51.6 of the evidence that the requirements for ~~reparations~~ reimbursement have been met:

51.7 (1) a victim who has incurred economic loss;

51.8 (2) a dependent who has incurred economic loss;

51.9 (3) the estate of a deceased victim if the estate has incurred economic loss;

51.10 (4) any other person who has incurred economic loss by purchasing any of the products,
51.11 services, and accommodations described in section 611A.52, subdivision 8, for a victim;

51.12 (5) the guardian, guardian ad litem, conservator or authorized agent of any of these
51.13 persons.

51.14 Subd. 1a. **Providers; limitations.** No hospital, medical organization, health care provider,
51.15 or other entity that is not an individual may qualify for reparations under subdivision 1,
51.16 clause (4). If a hospital, medical organization, health care provider, or other entity that is
51.17 not an individual qualifies for ~~reparations~~ reimbursement under subdivision 1, clause (5),
51.18 because it is a guardian, guardian ad litem, conservator, or authorized agent, any ~~reparations~~
51.19 reimbursement to which it is entitled must be made payable solely or jointly to the victim,
51.20 if alive, or to the victim's estate or successors, if the victim is deceased.

51.21 Subd. 1b. **Minnesota residents injured elsewhere.** (a) A Minnesota resident who is
51.22 the victim of a crime committed outside the geographical boundaries of this state but who
51.23 otherwise meets the requirements of this section shall have the same rights under this chapter
51.24 as if the crime had occurred within this state upon a showing that the state, territory, United
51.25 States possession, country, or political subdivision of a country in which the crime occurred
51.26 does not have a crime ~~victim reparations~~ victims reimbursement law covering the resident's
51.27 injury or death.

51.28 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a Minnesota resident who is the victim of a crime
51.29 involving international terrorism who otherwise meets the requirements of this section has
51.30 the same rights under this chapter as if the crime had occurred within this state regardless
51.31 of where the crime occurred or whether the jurisdiction has a crime victims ~~reparations~~
51.32 reimbursement law.

52.1 Subd. 2. **Limitations on awards.** No ~~reparations~~ reimbursement shall be awarded to a
52.2 claimant otherwise eligible if:

52.3 (1) the crime was not reported to the police within 30 days of its occurrence or, if it
52.4 could not reasonably have been reported within that period, within 30 days of the time when
52.5 a report could reasonably have been made. A victim of criminal sexual conduct in the first,
52.6 second, third, or fourth degree who does not report the crime within 30 days of its occurrence
52.7 is deemed to have been unable to have reported it within that period;

52.8 (2) the victim or claimant failed or refused to cooperate fully with the police and other
52.9 law enforcement officials. Cooperation is determined through law enforcement reports,
52.10 prosecutor records, or corroboration memorialized in a signed document submitted by a
52.11 victim service, counseling, or medical professional involved in the case;

52.12 (3) the victim or claimant was the offender or an accomplice of the offender or an award
52.13 to the claimant would unjustly benefit the offender or an accomplice;

52.14 (4) the victim or claimant was in the act of committing a crime at the time the injury
52.15 occurred;

52.16 (5) no claim was filed with the board within three years of victim's injury or death; except
52.17 that (i) if the claimant was unable to file a claim within that period, then the claim can be
52.18 made within three years of the time when a claim could have been filed; and (ii) if the
52.19 victim's injury or death was not reasonably discoverable within three years of the injury or
52.20 death, then the claim can be made within three years of the time when the injury or death
52.21 is reasonably discoverable. The following circumstances do not render a claimant unable
52.22 to file a claim for the purposes of this clause: (A) lack of knowledge of the existence of the
52.23 Minnesota Crime Victims ~~Reparations~~ Reimbursement Act, (B) the failure of a law
52.24 enforcement agency to provide information or assistance to a potential claimant under
52.25 section 611A.66, (C) the incompetency of the claimant if the claimant's affairs were being
52.26 managed during that period by a guardian, guardian ad litem, conservator, authorized agent,
52.27 or parent, or (D) the fact that the claimant is not of the age of majority; or

52.28 (6) the claim is less than \$50.

52.29 The limitations contained in clauses (1) and (6) do not apply to victims of child abuse.
52.30 In those cases the three-year limitation period commences running with the report of the
52.31 crime to the police.

53.1 Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.54, is amended to read:

53.2 **611A.54 AMOUNT OF ~~REPARATIONS~~ REIMBURSEMENT.**

53.3 ~~Reparations~~ Reimbursement shall equal economic loss except that:

53.4 (1) ~~reparations~~ reimbursement shall be reduced to the extent that economic loss is
53.5 recouped from a collateral source or collateral sources. Where compensation is readily
53.6 available to a claimant from a collateral source, the claimant must take reasonable steps to
53.7 recoup from the collateral source before claiming ~~reparations~~ reimbursement;

53.8 (2) ~~reparations~~ reimbursement shall be denied or reduced to the extent, if any, that the
53.9 board deems reasonable because of the contributory misconduct of the claimant or of a
53.10 victim through whom the claimant claims. Contributory misconduct does not include current
53.11 or past affiliation with any particular group; and

53.12 (3) ~~reparations~~ reimbursement paid to all claimants suffering economic loss as the result
53.13 of the injury or death of any one victim shall not exceed \$50,000.

53.14 No employer may deny an employee an award of benefits based on the employee's
53.15 eligibility or potential eligibility for ~~reparations~~ reimbursement.

53.16 Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.55, is amended to read:

53.17 **611A.55 CRIME VICTIMS ~~REPARATIONS~~ REIMBURSEMENT BOARD.**

53.18 Subdivision 1. **Creation of board.** There is created in the Department of Public Safety,
53.19 for budgetary and administrative purposes, the Crime Victims ~~Reparations~~ Reimbursement
53.20 Board, which shall consist of five members appointed by the commissioner of public safety.
53.21 One of the members shall be designated as chair by the commissioner of public safety and
53.22 serve as such at the commissioner's pleasure. At least one member shall be a medical or
53.23 osteopathic physician licensed to practice in this state, and at least one member shall be a
53.24 victim, as defined in section 611A.01.

53.25 Subd. 2. **Membership, terms and compensation.** The membership terms, compensation,
53.26 removal of members, and filling of vacancies on the board shall be as provided in section
53.27 15.0575.

53.28 Subd. 3. **Part-time service.** Members of the board shall serve part time.

54.1 Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.56, is amended to read:

54.2 **611A.56 POWERS AND DUTIES OF BOARD.**

54.3 Subdivision 1. **Duties.** In addition to carrying out any duties specified elsewhere in
54.4 sections 611A.51 to 611A.68 or in other law, the board shall:

54.5 (1) provide all claimants with an opportunity for hearing pursuant to chapter 14;

54.6 (2) adopt rules to implement and administer sections 611A.51 to 611A.68, including
54.7 rules governing the method of practice and procedure before the board, prescribing the
54.8 manner in which applications for ~~reparations~~ reimbursement shall be made, and providing
54.9 for discovery proceedings;

54.10 (3) publicize widely the availability of ~~reparations~~ reimbursement and the method of
54.11 making claims; and

54.12 (4) prepare and transmit annually to the governor and the commissioner of public safety
54.13 a report of its activities including the number of claims awarded, a brief description of the
54.14 facts in each case, the amount of ~~reparation~~ reimbursement awarded, and a statistical
54.15 summary of claims and awards made and denied.

54.16 Subd. 2. **Powers.** In addition to exercising any powers specified elsewhere in sections
54.17 611A.51 to 611A.68 or other law, the board upon its own motion or the motion of a claimant
54.18 or the attorney general may:

54.19 (1) issue subpoenas for the appearance of witnesses and the production of books, records,
54.20 and other documents;

54.21 (2) administer oaths and affirmations and cause to be taken affidavits and depositions
54.22 within and without this state;

54.23 (3) take notice of judicially cognizable facts and general, technical, and scientific facts
54.24 within their specialized knowledge;

54.25 (4) order a mental or physical examination of a victim or an autopsy of a deceased victim
54.26 provided that notice is given to the person to be examined and that the claimant and the
54.27 attorney general receive copies of any resulting report;

54.28 (5) suspend or postpone the proceedings on a claim if a criminal prosecution arising out
54.29 of the incident which is the basis of the claim has been commenced or is imminent;

54.30 (6) request from prosecuting attorneys and law enforcement officers investigations and
54.31 data to enable the board to perform its duties under sections 611A.51 to 611A.68;

55.1 (7) grant emergency ~~reparations~~ reimbursement pending the final determination of a
 55.2 claim if it is one with respect to which an award will probably be made and undue hardship
 55.3 will result to the claimant if immediate payment is not made; and

55.4 (8) reconsider any decision granting or denying ~~reparations~~ reimbursement or determining
 55.5 their amount.

55.6 Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.57, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

55.7 Subd. 5. **Reconsideration.** The claimant may, within 30 days after receiving the decision
 55.8 of the board, apply for reconsideration before the entire board. Upon request for
 55.9 reconsideration, the board shall reexamine all information filed by the claimant, including
 55.10 any new information the claimant provides, and all information obtained by investigation.
 55.11 The board may also conduct additional examination into the validity of the claim. Upon
 55.12 reconsideration, the board may affirm, modify, or reverse the prior ruling. A claimant denied
 55.13 ~~reparations~~ reimbursement upon reconsideration is entitled to a contested case hearing within
 55.14 the meaning of chapter 14.

55.15 Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.57, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

55.16 Subd. 6. **Data.** Claims for ~~reparations~~ reimbursement and supporting documents and
 55.17 reports are investigative data and subject to the provisions of section 13.39 until the claim
 55.18 is paid, denied, withdrawn, or abandoned. Following the payment, denial, withdrawal, or
 55.19 abandonment of a claim, the claim and supporting documents and reports are private data
 55.20 on individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12; provided that the board may
 55.21 forward any ~~reparations~~ reimbursement claim forms, supporting documents, and reports to
 55.22 local law enforcement authorities for purposes of implementing section 611A.67.

55.23 Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.60, is amended to read:

55.24 **611A.60 REPARATIONS REIMBURSEMENT; HOW PAID.**

55.25 ~~Reparations~~ Reimbursement may be awarded in a lump sum or in installments in the
 55.26 discretion of the board. The amount of any emergency award shall be deducted from the
 55.27 final award, if a lump sum, or prorated over a period of time if the final award is made in
 55.28 installments. ~~Reparations are~~ Reimbursement is exempt from execution or attachment except
 55.29 by persons who have supplied services, products or accommodations to the victim as a result
 55.30 of the injury or death which is the basis of the claim. The board, in its discretion may order
 55.31 that all or part of the ~~reparations~~ reimbursement awarded be paid directly to these suppliers.

56.1 Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.61, is amended to read:

56.2 **611A.61 SUBROGATION.**

56.3 Subdivision 1. **Subrogation rights of state.** The state shall be subrogated, to the extent
 56.4 of ~~repairs~~ reimbursement awarded, to all the claimant's rights to recover benefits or
 56.5 advantages for economic loss from a source which is or, if readily available to the victim
 56.6 or claimant would be, a collateral source. Nothing in this section shall limit the claimant's
 56.7 right to bring a cause of action to recover for other damages.

56.8 Subd. 2. **Duty of claimant to assist.** A claimant who receives ~~repairs~~ reimbursement
 56.9 must agree to assist the state in pursuing any subrogation rights arising out of the claim.
 56.10 The board may require a claimant to agree to represent the state's subrogation interests if
 56.11 the claimant brings a cause of action for damages arising out of the crime or occurrence for
 56.12 which the board has awarded ~~repairs~~ reimbursement. An attorney who represents the
 56.13 state's subrogation interests pursuant to the client's agreement with the board is entitled to
 56.14 reasonable attorney's fees not to exceed one-third of the amount recovered on behalf of the
 56.15 state.

56.16 Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.612, is amended to read:

56.17 **611A.612 CRIME VICTIMS ACCOUNT.**

56.18 A crime victim account is established as a special account in the state treasury. Amounts
 56.19 collected by the state under section 611A.61, paid to the Crime Victims ~~Reparations~~
 56.20 Reimbursement Board under section 611A.04, subdivision 1a, or amounts deposited by the
 56.21 court under section 611A.04, subdivision 5, shall be credited to this account. Money credited
 56.22 to this account is annually appropriated to the Department of Public Safety for use for crime
 56.23 victim ~~repairs~~ reimbursement under sections 611A.51 to 611A.67.

56.24 Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.66, is amended to read:

56.25 **611A.66 LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES; DUTY TO INFORM VICTIMS**
 56.26 **OF RIGHT TO FILE CLAIM.**

56.27 All law enforcement agencies investigating crimes shall provide victims with notice of
 56.28 their right to apply for ~~repairs~~ reimbursement with the telephone number ~~to call to~~
 56.29 ~~request~~ and website information to obtain an application form.

56.30 Law enforcement agencies shall assist the board in performing its duties under sections
 56.31 611A.51 to 611A.68. Law enforcement agencies within ten days after receiving a request
 56.32 from the board shall supply the board with requested reports, notwithstanding any provisions

57.1 to the contrary in chapter 13, and including reports otherwise maintained as confidential or
57.2 not open to inspection under section 260B.171 or 260C.171. All data released to the board
57.3 retains the data classification that it had in the possession of the law enforcement agency.

57.4 Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.68, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

57.5 Subd. 2a. **Notice and payment of proceeds to board required.** A person that enters
57.6 into a contract with an offender convicted in this state, and a person that enters into a contract
57.7 in this state with an offender convicted in this state or elsewhere within the United States,
57.8 must comply with this section if the person enters into the contract during the ten years after
57.9 the offender is convicted of a crime or found not guilty by reason of insanity. If an offender
57.10 is imprisoned or committed to an institution following the conviction or finding of not guilty
57.11 by reason of insanity, the ten-year period begins on the date of the offender's release. A
57.12 person subject to this section must notify the Crime Victims ~~Reparations~~ Reimbursement
57.13 Board of the existence of the contract immediately upon its formation, and pay over to the
57.14 board money owed to the offender or the offender's representatives by virtue of the contract
57.15 according to the following proportions:

57.16 (1) if the crime occurred in this state, the person shall pay to the board 100 percent of
57.17 the money owed under the contract;

57.18 (2) if the crime occurred in another jurisdiction having a law applicable to the contract
57.19 which is substantially similar to this section, this section does not apply, and the person
57.20 must not pay to the board any of the money owed under the contract; and

57.21 (3) in all other cases, the person shall pay to the board that percentage of money owed
57.22 under the contract which can fairly be attributed to commerce in this state with respect to
57.23 the subject matter of the contract.

57.24 Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.68, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

57.25 Subd. 4. **Deductions.** When the board has made ~~reparations~~ reimbursement payments
57.26 to or on behalf of a victim of the offender's crime pursuant to sections 611A.51 to 611A.68,
57.27 it shall deduct the amount of the ~~reparations~~ reimbursement award from any payment
57.28 received under this section by virtue of the offender's contract unless the board has already
57.29 been reimbursed for the ~~reparations~~ award from another collateral source.

57.30 Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.68, subdivision 4b, is amended to read:

57.31 Subd. 4b. **Claims by victims of offender's crime.** A victim of a crime committed by
57.32 the offender and the estate of a deceased victim of a crime committed by the offender may

58.1 submit the following claims for ~~reparations~~ reimbursement and damages to the board to be
58.2 paid from money received by virtue of the offender's contract:

58.3 (1) claims for ~~reparations~~ reimbursement to which the victim is entitled under sections
58.4 611A.51 to 611A.68 and for which the victim has not yet received an award from the board;

58.5 (2) claims for ~~reparations~~ reimbursement to which the victim would have been entitled
58.6 under sections 611A.51 to 611A.68, but for the \$50,000 maximum limit contained in section
58.7 611A.54, clause (3); and

58.8 (3) claims for other uncompensated damages suffered by the victim as a result of the
58.9 offender's crime including, but not limited to, damages for pain and suffering.

58.10 The victim must file the claim within five years of the date on which the board received
58.11 payment under this section. The board shall determine the victim's claim in accordance with
58.12 the procedures contained in sections 611A.57 to 611A.63. An award made by the board
58.13 under this subdivision must be paid from the money received by virtue of the offender's
58.14 contract that remains after a deduction or allocation, if any, has been made under subdivision
58.15 4 or 4a.

58.16 Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.68, subdivision 4c, is amended to read:

58.17 Subd. 4c. **Claims by other crime victims.** The board may use money received by virtue
58.18 of an offender's contract for the purpose of paying ~~reparations~~ reimbursement awarded to
58.19 victims of other crimes pursuant to sections 611A.51 to 611A.68 under the following
58.20 circumstances:

58.21 (1) money remain after deductions and allocations have been made under subdivisions
58.22 4 and 4a, and claims have been paid under subdivision 4b; or

58.23 (2) no claim is filed under subdivision 4b within five years of the date on which the
58.24 board received payment under this section.

58.25 None of this money may be used for purposes other than ~~the payment of reparations~~
58.26 reimbursement.

58.27 Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 629.341, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

58.28 Subd. 3. **Notice of rights.** The peace officer shall tell the victim whether a shelter or
58.29 other services are available in the community and give the victim immediate notice of the
58.30 legal rights and remedies available. The notice must include furnishing the victim a copy
58.31 of the following statement:

59.1 "IF YOU ARE THE VICTIM OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, you can ask the city or
 59.2 county attorney to file a criminal complaint. You also have the right to go to court and file
 59.3 a petition requesting an order for protection from domestic abuse. The order could include
 59.4 the following:

59.5 (1) an order restraining the abuser from further acts of abuse;

59.6 (2) an order directing the abuser to leave your household;

59.7 (3) an order preventing the abuser from entering your residence, school, business, or
 59.8 place of employment;

59.9 (4) an order awarding you or the other parent custody of or parenting time with your
 59.10 minor child or children; or

59.11 (5) an order directing the abuser to pay support to you and the minor children if the
 59.12 abuser has a legal obligation to do so."

59.13 The notice must include the resource listing, including telephone number, for the area
 59.14 ~~battered women's~~ program that provides services to victims of domestic abuse as shelter,
 59.15 ~~to be~~ designated by the Office of Justice Programs in the Department of Corrections Public
 59.16 Safety.

59.17 Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 629.341, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

59.18 Subd. 4. **Report required.** Whenever a peace officer investigates an allegation that an
 59.19 incident described in subdivision 1 has occurred, whether or not an arrest is made, the officer
 59.20 shall make a written police report of the alleged incident. The report must contain at least
 59.21 the following information: the name, address and telephone number of the victim, if provided
 59.22 by the victim, a statement as to whether an arrest occurred, the name of the arrested person,
 59.23 and a brief summary of the incident. Data that identify a victim who has made a request
 59.24 under section 13.82, subdivision 17, paragraph (d), and that are private data under that
 59.25 subdivision, shall be private in the report required by this section. A copy of this report must
 59.26 be provided upon request, at no cost, to the victim of domestic abuse, the victim's attorney,
 59.27 or organizations designated by the Office of Justice Programs in the Department of Public
 59.28 Safety ~~or the commissioner of corrections~~ that are providing services to victims of domestic
 59.29 abuse. The officer shall submit the report to the officer's supervisor or other person to whom
 59.30 the employer's rules or policies require reports of similar allegations of criminal activity to
 59.31 be made.

60.1 Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 629.72, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

60.2 Subd. 6. **Notice; release of arrested person.** (a) Immediately after issuance of a citation
60.3 in lieu of continued detention under subdivision 1, or the entry of an order for release under
60.4 subdivision 2, but before the arrested person is released, the agency having custody of the
60.5 arrested person or its designee must make a reasonable and good faith effort to inform orally
60.6 the alleged victim, local law enforcement agencies known to be involved in the case, if
60.7 different from the agency having custody, and, at the victim's request any local battered
60.8 women's and domestic abuse programs established under section 611A.32 or sexual assault
60.9 programs of:

60.10 (1) the conditions of release, if any;

60.11 (2) the time of release;

60.12 (3) the time, date, and place of the next scheduled court appearance of the arrested person
60.13 and the victim's right to be present at the court appearance; and

60.14 (4) if the arrested person is charged with domestic abuse, the location and telephone
60.15 number of the area ~~battered women's shelter~~ program that provides services to victims of
60.16 domestic abuse as designated by the Office of Justice Programs in the Department of Public
60.17 Safety.

60.18 (b) As soon as practicable after an order for conditional release is entered, the agency
60.19 having custody of the arrested person or its designee must personally deliver or mail to the
60.20 alleged victim a copy of the written order and written notice of the information in paragraph
60.21 (a), clauses (2) and (3).

60.22 (c) Data on the victim and the notice provided by the custodial authority are private data
60.23 on individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12, and are accessible only to the
60.24 victim.

60.25 Sec. 77. **RULES; SOFT BODY ARMOR REIMBURSEMENT.**

60.26 The commissioner of public safety shall amend rules adopted under Minnesota Statutes,
60.27 section 299A.38, subdivision 4, to reflect the soft body armor reimbursement for public
60.28 safety officers under that section.

61.1 Sec. 78. **INITIAL APPOINTMENT AND FIRST MEETING FOR THE**
61.2 **GAAGIGE-MIKWENDAAGOZIWAG REWARD ADVISORY GROUP.**

61.3 The director of the Office for Missing and Murdered Indigenous Relatives must appoint
61.4 the first members to the Gaagige-Mikwendaagoziwag reward advisory group under Minnesota
61.5 Statutes, section 299A.86, subdivision 4, by August 15, 2023, and must convene the first
61.6 meeting of the group by October 1, 2023. The group must elect a chair at its first meeting.

61.7 Sec. 79. **REVISOR INSTRUCTION.**

61.8 (a) In Minnesota Statutes, the revisor of statutes shall change "reparations," "reparable,"
61.9 or the same or similar terms to "reimbursement," "reimbursable," or the same or similar
61.10 terms consistent with this act. The revisor shall also make other technical changes resulting
61.11 from the change of term to the statutory language, sentence structure, or both, if necessary
61.12 to preserve the meaning of the text.

61.13 (b) The revisor of statutes shall make necessary changes to statutory cross-references
61.14 to reflect the changes made to Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.38, in this act.

61.15 (c) The revisor of statutes shall make necessary changes to language, grammar, and
61.16 sentence structure in Minnesota Statutes sections 629.06, 629.13, and 629.14 to give effect
61.17 to Laws 2023, chapters 29, sections 8, 9, and 10; and 31, sections 12, 13, and 14.

61.18 Sec. 80. **REPEALER.**

61.19 Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 299C.80, subdivision 7; and 518B.02, subdivision 3,
61.20 are repealed.