

TABLE A
STATUTORY SECTIONS UTILIZING THE TERM “CRIME OF VIOLENCE”
OR OTHER SIMILAR TERM

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<u>Section and Term</u>	<u>Definition or Cross-reference</u>	<u>Comment</u>
624.712, subd. 5 “crime of violence”	See Table B	Primary definition; firearms laws. This is the most commonly referenced definition of “crime of violence” or other similar term in the statutes. This definition is in the section of laws primarily relating to firearm purchase and possession.
171.3215, subd. 4 “violent crime”	Cross-reference to 609.1095	Bus driver background checks. This section of law relates to background checks for school bus drivers. A school bus driver’s license is canceled if the license holder is convicted of a felony. However, DPS may waive the cancellation if the felony was not a “violent crime.”
241.23 “heinous crimes”	Undefined, but presumably the same as 609.106	Corrections conservation work program. This section of law establishes preferences for a conservation work program in the department of corrections. It provides a lower preference for inmates guilty of “heinous crimes.”
242.31, subd. 2a “crime of violence”	Cross-reference to 624.712	Juvenile offenders; firearm possession. This section of law provides that a juvenile offender who commits a “crime of violence” and is certified (and convicted) as an adult may not possess firearms for ten years after discharge from sentence.
260B.245, subd. 1 “crime of violence”	Cross-reference to 624.712	Juvenile offenders; firearms possession. This section of law provides that a juvenile delinquent, or an extended jurisdiction juvenile, who commits a “crime of violence” may not possess firearms for ten years after discharge from disposition or sentence.
299A.296, subd. 2 “violent crime”	See Table B	Community crime prevention grants. This section of law provides that a grant applicant for a community crime prevention grant must provide statistical information on the number of arrests for “violent crimes” in the jurisdiction.
299A.63, subd. 1 “violent crime”	Undefined; no cross-reference provided	Weed and seed grants. This section of law establishes protocols for the Weed and Seed grant program. It makes only a general reference to a goal of eradicating “violent crime.”
299C.065, subd. 1a “violent crime”	Undefined; no cross-reference provided	Victim and witness protection fund. This section of law relates to the victim and witness protection fund. Grants may be used to help protect witnesses that may be the target of a “violent crime.”

299C.37, subd. 1 “crime of violence”	Cross-reference to 624.712	Amateur radio licenses. This section of law relates to the possession of police communication equipment. It provides that an amateur radio license holder is not entitled to equip a motor vehicle with police communication equipment if that person was convicted of a “crime of violence.”
299F.72, subd. 1b and 299F.77 “crime of violence”	Cross-reference to 624.712 <i>plus</i> domestic assault convictions w/in 3 years and active OFPs	Explosives licenses. This section of law provides that a person convicted of a “crime of violence” is ineligible for an explosives license.
588.20, subd. 1	Cross-reference to 609.11, subd. 9	Disobeying subpoena; obstruction of justice crime. This section of law establishes a felony offense to willfully disobey a subpoena issued in relation to a “crime of violence” with the intent to obstruct justice.
595.02, subd. 4 “crime of violence”	Cross-reference to 624.712 <i>plus</i> 609.26 (depriving another of custodial or parental rights)	Child testimony. This section of law permits a court to order that the testimony of child witness be taken outside of the courtroom and viewed via closed-circuit TV. One scenario in which it is permitted is if the child is under 12 and testifying about an act that constitutes a “crime of violence.”
609.106 “heinous crime”	See Table B	Mandatory sentences. This section of law requires a mandatory sentence of life without the possibility of release for certain offenders. The section applies, in part, to people who commit first degree murder who were previously convicted of a “heinous crime.”
609.107 “heinous crime”	Cross-reference to 609.106	Mandatory sentences. This section of law requires a statutory maximum sentence to be imposed on an offender who commits second or third degree murder within 15 years of discharge from sentence for a “heinous crime.”
609.1095, subd. 1, para. (d) “violent crime”	See Table B	Increased sentences. This section of law provides for increased sentences for certain dangerous and repeat felony offenders. The term “violent crime” is independently defined and used throughout the section.
609.11, subd. 9 “applicable offenses”	See Table B	Mandatory sentences. This section of law provides minimum prison sentences for certain offenses. The section does not use the term “crime of violence” or the term “violent crime.” Instead, it simply lists the offenses that apply.
609.165 “crime of violence”	Cross-reference to 624.712	Firearm possession prohibition. This section of law relates to the possession of firearms by certain offenders. Offenders convicted of a “crime of violence” may not possess firearms until ten years after discharge from sentence.
609.495 “criminal act” “crime of violence”	Cross-reference to 609.11, subd. 9	Aiding an offender. This section of law relates to the crime of aiding an offender. It provides penalties for aiding a person known to have committed a “criminal act.” The maximum penalty is one-half of that for the underlying

		“crime of violence.”
609.66, subd. 1c and subd. 1f “felony crime of violence”	Undefined; no cross-reference provided	Furnishing firearm use in a crime. This section of law establishes crimes for furnishing or transferring a dangerous weapon or certain firearms to a person if the weapon or firearm is used in furtherance of a felony crime of violence.
609.668, subd. 1 “crime of violence”	Cross-reference to 624.712	Explosive devices. This section of law relates to explosive and incendiary devices. It prohibits people convicted of “crimes of violence” from possessing such devices until 10 years have elapsed after discharge from sentence.
609.713, subd. 1 “crime of violence” “violent crime”	Cross-reference to 609.1095	Terroristic threats. This section of law relates to terroristic threats. It establishes a crime to threaten to commit a “crime of violence.”
609A.03, subd. 5 “crime of violence”	Cross-reference to 624.712	Expungement; firearms possession. This section of law relates to the expungement of criminal records. It provides that an offender who committed a “crime of violence” may not possess firearms for 10 years after discharge from sentence, even if the conviction is expunged.
611A.02, subd. 2 “violent crime”	Undefined; no cross-reference provided	Crime victim notice. This section of law relates to a notice of rights for crime victims. In part, the notice must state that a victim has the right to apply for reparations to cover losses resulting from a violent crime.
611A.039, subd. 1 “crime of violence”	Cross-reference to 624.712 <i>plus</i> certain other lower-level assault-type crimes	Crime victim notice. This section of law relates to notifying a crime victim when the court is considering modifying the sentence for a “crime of violence.” The definition cross-references 609.712 but also incorporates several other nonfelony violations.
611A.08 “violent crime”	Independently defined	Victim immunity from liability. This section of law deals with barring offenders from recovering for injuries sustained in the commission of “violent crimes.”
611A.19 “violent crime”	Cross-reference to 609.1095	Sex offender HIV testing. This section of law requires sex offender HIV testing in certain circumstances, including upon the request of a victim of a “violent crime.”
624.713, subd. 1 “crime of violence”	Utilizes the definition in 624.712	Firearms possession restrictions. This section of law outlines the persons who are barred from possessing pistols, semi-automatic military-style assault weapons, and other firearms. Among other restrictions, persons convicted of a “crime of violence” may not possess a firearm until 10 years after being discharged from sentence.
624.7141, subd. 2 “felony crime of violence”	Utilizes the definition in 624.712 <i>but</i> restricts it to felony-level violations only	Firearms transfer restrictions. This section of law establishes a crime for intentionally transferring a pistol or semi-automatic military-style assault weapon to an ineligible person. It provides for an enhanced penalty if the weapon is used to commit a “felony crime of violence” within one year.

626.8451, subd. 1a “crimes of violence”	Undefined; no cross-reference provided; however, it states specifically that it includes stalking & harassment	Police officer training. This section of law relates to police officer training to assist them in responding to “crimes of violence” and to enhance sensitivity when dealing with victims.
629.715, subd. 1 “crime of violence”	Cross-reference to 629.725	Conditions of release. This section of law relates to certain procedures used in determining the conditions of release for some offenders. If a defendant is accused of a “crime of violence,” the prosecutor must present the victim’s account of the crime to the judge.
629.725 “crime of violence”	Cross-reference to 624.712 <i>plus</i> certain assault and harassment-type crimes	Victim notification; bail hearing. This section of law provides that victims must be notified prior to a bail hearing for a defendant arrested for a “crime of violence.”
629.73, subd. 1 “crime of violence”	Undefined; no cross-reference provided	Victim notification; release from pretrial detention. This section of law provides that victims of “crimes of violence” must be notified before the defendant is released from pretrial detention. Also, the victim must be notified of the conditions of release and the next court date.
629.735 “crime of violence”	Undefined; no cross-reference provided	Law enforcement notification; release from pretrial detention. This section of law provides that the agency having custody of a defendant accused of a “crime of violence” must notify the law enforcement agency involved prior to releasing the defendant from pretrial detention.
629.74 “crime of violence”	Cross-reference to 624.712 <i>plus</i> certain assault and harassment-type crimes	Bail evaluations. This section of law requires local corrections agencies to conduct pretrial bail evaluations for all defendants accused of a “crime of violence.”
631.046, subd. 1 “crime of violence”	Cross-reference to 624.712	Child witness; support person. This section of law provides that a child witness may have a support person present while testifying in a case involving a “crime of violence” (in addition to certain other cases).
638.02, subd. 2 “crime of violence”	Cross-reference to 624.712	Pardons; firearms possession. This section of law relates to pardons. It provides that a person convicted of a “crime of violence” may not petition for a pardon and, if a pardon is granted, may not possess a firearm until 10 years have elapsed since discharge from sentence.