HOUSE RESEARCH

Bill Summary =

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Version: As introduced

Authors: Atkins and others

Subject: Regulating spam e-mail messages

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Overview

This bill provides criminal and civil remedies against senders of spam e-mail messages. For reference: felonies are crimes that can result in a prison sentence of more than a year; gross misdemeanors are crimes that can result in a jail sentence of more than 90 days but less than a year, and fines of up to \$3,000; and misdemeanors are crimes that can result in jail sentences of up to 90 days and a fine of up to \$1,000.

Section

- **Definitions.** Defines 19 terms used in this bill.
- False, misleading, or deceptive commercial electronic mail messages prohibited.

 Prohibits the following actions involving an e-mail message sent from or to a computer in this state: (1) relaying or retransmitting multiple commercial e-mails, with the intent to hide

the origin of the messages; (2) falsifying header information in a commercial e-mail and then sending it; (3) registering five or more e-mail accounts or online user accounts, or two or more domain names, in a way that falsifies the identity of the registrant, and then sending commercial e-mails from them; (4) falsely representing the right to use five or more Internet

protocol addresses and sending commercial e-mails from those addresses.

Illegal transmission of multiple messages; criminal penalties. (a) Provides that violating

the preceding section is "illegally transmitting multiple commercial electronic mail messages." Makes doing that a misdemeanor, unless otherwise provided in paragraph (b) or in subdivision 3 of the next section.

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(b) Makes illegally transmitting multiple commercial electronic mail messages a gross misdemeanor if the perpetrator: (1) uses 20 or more e-mail or online accounts or ten or more domain names; (2) sends more than 250 such messages within 24 hours, 2,500 within 30 days, or 25,000 within a year; (3) causes aggregate loss of \$500 or more to victims, or obtains that value of property, within a one-year period; or (4) commits the violation with three or more other persons, with the perpetrator as the leader; (5) provides or selects e-mail addresses obtained illegally by automated means; or (6) provides or selects e-mail addresses through an automated means that generates permutations of names, letters, or numbers.

- 4 Unauthorized access to a computer; criminal penalties.
 - **Subd. 1. Prohibition.** Prohibits accessing a computer without authorization and using it to send illegal e-mail messages,
 - **Subd. 2. Gross misdemeanor.** Makes a violation of subdivision 1 a gross misdemeanor, unless subdivision 3 makes it a felony.
 - **Subd. 3. Felony.** Makes a violation of subdivision 1 a felony if it is a second offense or done in the furtherance of a felony.
 - **Civil action.** (a) Grants the attorney general or an e-mail service provider the right to sue a person who violates this act. Provides that the suit must be started within one year after the offense.
 - (b) Permits a suit brought by the attorney general to seek injunctive relief and a civil money penalty described in the bill.
 - (c) Permits a suit brought by an e-mail service provider to seek injunctive relief and damages described in the bill.
 - (d) Permits the court, in determining damages, to consider how blameworthy the defendant was.
 - (e) Provides for the right of the government to seize equipment used to commit this crime.
 - (f) Permits the attorney general to bring a civil action to enforce the federal CAN-SPAM act.
 - (g) Provides that this bill does not prohibit or require certain actions by e-mail service providers.
- **Effective date.** Makes this act effective August 1, 2005, and makes sections 3 and 4 apply to crimes committed on or after that date.